

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 26TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED WILL BE HELD AT SHORTER NOTICE ON FRIDAY 22nd SEPTEMBER 2023 AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT 11.00 A.M AT B-2 302, MARATHON INNOVA, GANPATRAO KADAM MARG PENINSULA CORPORATE PARK LOWER PAREL WEST MUMBAI 400013 TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESSES:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. <u>To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company</u> <u>for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 together with the reports of the</u> <u>Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon:</u>

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution.

"**RESOLVED THAT** the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, and the report of the Directors' and Auditors' thereon, as laid before the Members, be and are hereby considered and adopted."

2. <u>To declare dividend on 7.5% Convertible Redeemable Cumulative Preference</u> <u>Shares and 8% Convertible Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares :</u>

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution.

"**RESOLVED THAT** in terms of the recommendation of the Board of Directors of the Company, the approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby granted for payment of dividend of Rs. 1,87,5000 /- on 7.5% 25,00,000 Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each AND dividend of Rs. 1,60,00,000 on 8% 200,00,000 Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each. (with applicable taxes) for the year ended March 31st, 2023.

Registered Office : B-2, 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Opp. Peninsula Corporate Park, Lower Parel (W), Mumbai - 400013 Tel. : 6273 8000 / 6273 8001 Fax : 6273 8010 Correspondence Address : 101 to 701, B Wing, Khandelwal House, Poddar Road, Malad (E), Mumbai - 400 097. Tel.: 6273 9000 / 6273 9099 Fax : 6273 9102 CIN NO.: U999999MH1997PTC110659 Member : BSE, NSE, MSEI, SEBI Registration No. INZ000202536 Exchange Registered Broker in BSE Currency Segment ,

Exchange Registered Broker in BSE & NSE Commodity Segment

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"**RESOLVED THAT** in terms of the recommendation of the Board of Directors of the Company, the approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby granted for payment of dividend of Rs. 1,87,5000 /- on 7.5% 25,00,000 Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each AND dividend of Rs. 1,60,00,000 on 8% 200,00,000 Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each. (with applicable taxes) for the year ended March 31st, 2023.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

1. <u>To amend the Article of Association in compliance with SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities (Amendment) Regulation 2023.</u>

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification the following resolution as Special resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT consent of the members be and is hereby accorded to amend Articles of Association of the Company in compliance with SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) (Amendment) Regulations 2023 issued on February 02, 2023 by the SEBI with respect to appointment of Nominee Director being nominated by the Debenture Trustee in terms of clause (e) of sub regulation (1) of regulation 15 of the SEBI (Debenture Trustee) Regulations,1993;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the appointment of Nominee Director being nominated by the Debenture Trustee if any in terms of Clause (e) of sub regulation (1) of regulation 15 of the SEBI (Debenture Trustee) Regulations,1993.

Registered Office : B-2, 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Opp. Peninsula Corporate Park, Lower Parel (W), Mumbai - 400013 Tel.: 6273 8000 / 6273 8001 Fax : 6273 8010 CIN NO.: U999999MH1997PTC110659 Member : BSE, NSE, MSEI, MCX, NCDEX, ICEX SEBI Registration No. INZ000202536 Exchange Registered Broker in BSE Currency Segment , Exchange Registered Broker in BSE & NSE Commodity Segment



- 1) Manner of appointment and removal: The Shareholder and Board shall procure that each appointment, removal or replacement of the Nominee Director shall be subject to the receipt of requisite consents, approvals of the Shareholders of the Company or Board as may be applicable as per applicable laws for the time being in force and the Articles of Association. Upon such appointment or removal of the relevant Nominee Director, the Company shall ensure compliance with the provision of the applicable Law, including filing necessary Forms with the Registrar of Companies.
- 2) Tenure of Nominee Director: Once the appointment is triggered the nominee director may remain on board till the debentures in question have been redeemed /matured. However, once the debentures in question have been redeemed, the nominee director will cease to hold office.
- **3)** Role and responsibilities: The role of the nominee director will not be limited to the protection of interest of the debenture holders .The nominee director being part of the board ,will have the same responsibilities as that of any other director on the board or as specified by the statutory authorities .
- **4)** Whether office liable to retire by rotation: ln terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act 2013, the nominee director is not liable to retire by rotation.
- **5) Power to appoint alternate directors:** Yes. All the rights as available to any other director, will be available to the Nominee director as well.
- 6) Remuneration : Subject to the relevant provisions of the Act ,the Company shall pay the Nominee Director all out of pocket expenses (including travel and accommodation cost) incurred to attend shareholders ,board ,committee and other meetings of the Company or otherwise perform his/her duties and functions as a Director/observer or member of any committee of the Company. It is hereby clarified that the Nominee Director, shall be entitled to sitting fees.

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RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 14 and other applicable provisions ,if any of the Companies Act 2013 (Act) including statutory modifications reenactment (s) thereof for the time being in force and rules made thereunder and subject to requisite approvals ,permissions ,sanctions if any in this regards from appropriate authorities and Terms conditions amendment modifications as may be required or suggested by any such appropriate authorities and all other applicable laws and regulations if any and in order to align the Articles of Association with the above said requirement ,the consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to adopt new set of Articles of Association of the Company in exclusion ,substitution and superseding of the existing Articles of Association of the Company;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (the Board) which term shall be deemed to include any committee constituted by the board to exercise its powers including the powers conferred hereunder or any person authorized by the Board or its committee for such purpose) be and is hereby authorized to take all requisite ,incidental ,consequential steps to implement the above resolution and to perform all such acts deeds matters and things as may in its absolute discretion deem necessary any question query or doubt that may arise in this regard and to execute /publish all notices , deeds ,agreements papers and writing as may be necessary and required for giving effect to this resolution".

For Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited

Kishare M Bang

Kishore Mishrilal Bang Director DIN: 00797781 Address: Flat No. 3403, 34th Floor, Vivarea Tower, B1(A Wing), Sane Guruji Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai - 400011.

Dated: 05/09/2023

Place: Mumbai Reg Off: B-2 302, Marathon Innova,Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Peninsula Corporate Park Lower Parel West Mumbai -400013 <u>Tel: 022-62738000</u> Fax: 62738010 Email: cs.roc@nirmalbang.com

Registered Office : B-2, 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Opp. Peninsula Corporate Park, Lower Parel (W), Mumbai - 400013 Tel.:6273 8000 / 6273 8001 Fax : 6273 8010 CIN NO : U999990MH1997PTC110659 CB.FOC@nirmalbang.com

CIN NO.: U999999MH1997PTC110659 Member : BSE, NSE, MSEI, MCX, NCDEX, ICEX SEBI Registration No. INZ000202536 Exchange Registered Broker in BSE Currency Segment , Exchange Registered Broker in BSE & NSE Commodity Segment



EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT. 2013

<u>ITEM 1:</u>

The members are requested to note that pursuant to SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) (Amendment) Regulations 2023 issued on February 02, 2023 by the SEBI according to which the company needs to amend Articles of Association of the Company in order to meet obligation with the amendment which is as follows:

Consequently the Board of Directors has proposed to restate and adopt the Articles of Association as required as per above requirement.

Pursuant to section 5 read with section 14 of the Companies Act 2013 restatement /alteration/amendment of Articles of Association of the Company requires prior approval of members by way of Special resolution.

Accordingly, the Board recommends the proposed resolution set out in the Notice for the approval of members by way of Special resolution.

For Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited

Kishore M Bang

Kishore Mishrilal Bang Director DIN: 00797781 Address: Flat No. 3403, 34th Floor, Vivarea Tower, B1(A Wing), Sane Guruji Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai - 400011.

Dated: 05.09.2023 Place: Mumbai Reg Off: B-2 302, Marathon Innova,Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Peninsula Corporate Park Lower Parel West Mumbai -400013 <u>Tel: 022-62738000</u> Fax: 62738010 Email: cs.roc@nirmalbang.com

Registered Office : B-2, 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Opp. Peninsula Corporate Park, Lower Parel (W), Mumbai - 400013 Tel.:6273 8000 / 6273 8001 Fax: 6273 8010 CIN NO.: U999999MH1997PTC110659 Member : BSE, NSE, MSEI, MCX, NCDEX, ICEX SEBI Registration No. INZ000202536

Exchange Registered Broker in BSE Currency Segment ,

Exchange Registered Broker in BSE & NSE Commodity Segment

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Notes:

1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY/ PROXIES TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF/HERSELF. SUCH A PROXY/ PROXIES NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY.

A PERSON CAN ACT AS PROXY ON BEHALF OF MEMBERS NOT EXCEEDING FIFTY (50) AND HOLDING IN THE AGGREGATE NOT MORE THAN TEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY. THE INSTRUMENT OF PROXY IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE, SHOULD BE DEPOSITED AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, DULY COMPLETED AND SIGNED, NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING. A PROXY FORM IS SENT HEREWITH. PROXIES SUBMITTED ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANIES, SOCIETIES ETC., MUST BE SUPPORTED BY AN APPROPRIATE RESOLUTION/AUTHORITY, AS APPLICABLE.

- 2. ROUTE MAP GIVING DIRECTIONS TO THE VENUE OF THE MEETING AND ATTENDANCE SLIP ARE ANNEXED TO THE NOTICE.
- 3. CORPORATE MEMBERS INTENDING TO SEND THEIR AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES TO ATTEND THE MEETING ARE REQUESTED TO SEND TO THE COMPANY A CERTIFIED COPY OF THE BOARD RESOLUTION / POWER OF ATTORNEY AUTHORIZING THEIR REPRESENTATIVE TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON THEIR BEHALF AT THE MEETING.

ROUTR MAP:



To, The Board of Directors, **Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited** B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013

I, **Kishore Bang**, Authorised Representative on behalf of Bang Securities Private Limited (the Company) having its registered office at B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg,Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013 holding 925605 equity shares of Rs.10 each hereby give consent, pursuant to relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013, to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company on Friday September 22 2023 at 11.00 A.M. at shorter notice.

Signature:

Kishore M Bang

Kishore Bang Address: 3403, Vivarea Tower, A-Wing , Sane Guruji Marg Mahalaxmi Mumbai MH 400011

To, The Board of Directors, **Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited** B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013

I, **Kishore Bang**, Authorised Representative on behalf of Mindset Securities Private Limited (the Company) having its registered office at B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg,Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400013 holding 838200 equity shares of Rs.10 each hereby give consent, pursuant to relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013, to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company on Friday September 22 2023 at 11.00 A.M. at shorter notice.

Signature:

Kishone M Bang

Kishore Bang Address: 3403, Vivarea Tower, A-Wing , Sane Guruji Marg Mahalaxmi Mumbai MH 400011

To, The Board of Directors, Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai - 400 013

I, Kishore Bang, first name holder residing at 3403, Vivarea Tower, A-Wing, Sane Guruji Marg Mahalaxmi Mumbai MH-400011 holding 898390 equity shares of Rs. 10/each Jointly with Suman Bang in NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED (the Company) hereby give consent, pursuant to relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013, to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company on Friday September 22 2023 at 11.00 A.M.. at shorter notice.

Signature:

Kishore M Bang

Kishore Bang Address: 3403, Vivarea Tower, A-Wing, Sane Guruji Marg Mahalaxmi Mumbai MH 400011

To, The Board of Directors, **Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited** B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013

I, **Kishore Bang**, Authorised Representative on behalf of Bang Equity Broking Private Limited (the Company) having its registered office at B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg,Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013 holding 736700 equity shares of Rs.10 each hereby give consent, pursuant to relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013, to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company on Friday September 22 2023 at 11.00 A.M. at shorter notice.

Signature:

Kishore M Barg.

Kishore Bang Address: 3403, Vivarea Tower, A-Wing , Sane Guruji Marg Mahalaxmi Mumbai MH 400011

To, The Board of Directors, **Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited** B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013

I, **Dilip Bang**, first name holder residing at, 2903 Vivarea Tower,D Wing,Sane Guruji Marg Mahalaxmi,Jacob Circle, Mumbai 400011 holding **898955** equity shares of Rs. 10/- each jointly with **Anju Bang** in Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited hereby give consent, pursuant to relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013, to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday September 22nd 2023 at 11.00 A.M. at shorter notice.

Signature:

Dilip Bang Address: 2903 Vivarea Tower,D Wing, Sane Guruji Marg Mahalaxmi, Jacob Circle, Mumbai 400011 Place : Mumbai

To, The Board of Directors, Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai - 400 013

I, Dilip Bang, authorized representative on behalf of Rockhard Tech Solutions Private Limited having its registered office at B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai - 400 013 holding 79300 equity shares of Rs. 10/each in Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited hereby give consent, pursuant to relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013, to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday September 22nd 2023 at 11.00 A.M. at shorter notice.

Signature:

Dilip Bang Address: 2903 Vivarea Tower, D Wing, Sane Guruji Marg Mahalaxmi, Jacob Circle, Mumbai 400011 Place : Mumbai

To,

The Board of Directors, Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013

I, **Deepak Patel**, authorized representative on behalf of Shresth Tech Solutions Limited having its registered office at B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013 holding **271800** equity shares of Rs. 10/- each in Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited hereby give consent, pursuant to relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013, to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday September 22 2023 at 11.00 A.M. at shorter notice.

Signature:

Deepak Patel Address: 22,Nivetia Nagar, Nivetia Road,Malad(East), Mumbai, 400097 Place : Mumbai

To, The Board of Directors, **Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited** B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013

I, Deepak Patel, Authorised Representative on behalf of Nirmal Bang Commodities Private Limited (the Company) having its registered office at B/2, 302, Marathon Innova, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West) Mumbai – 400 013 holding 175550 equity shares of Rs.10 each in Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited hereby give consent, pursuant to relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013, to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday September 22, 2023 at 11.00 A.M. at shorter notice.

Signature

Deepak Patel Address: 22,Nivetia Nagar, Nivetia Road,Malad(East), Mumbai, 400097 Place : Mumbai

Form No. MGT-11 Proxy form.

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN

: U999999MH1997PTC110659

Name of the Company : Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited

Registered office : B-2 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Peninsula Corporate Park Lower Parel West Mumbai - 400013

Name of the member (s):
Registered address:
E-mail Id:
Folio No/ Client Id:
DP ID:
I/We, being the member (s) of shares of the above-named company, hereby appoint:
Name:
Address:
E-mail Id:
Signature:
as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Annual general meeting of the company, to be held at shorter notice on FRIDAY 22 nd SEPTEMBER 2023. at 11.00 A.M AT THE Registered Office of the Company situated at B-2 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Peninsula Corporate Park, Lower Parel West, Mumbai - 400013 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Resolution No.	Description	For #	Against #
Item No. 1	To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon; and pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution		
Item No. 2	To declare dividend on 7.5%RedeemableCumulativePreferenceSharesANDRedeemableCumulativePreferenceSharesandfollowingresolutionasOrdinaryResolution		
ltem No. 3	To amend the Article of Association in compliance with SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non- Convertible Securities (Amendment) Regulation 2023 and pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution.		
igned this day	v of September 2023	I	Affix Revenue Stamp

Signature of Proxy holder(s)

Note: This form of proxy to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

ATTENDANCE SLIP

Annual General Meeting, _____

Regd. Folio No.____/DP ID____Client ID/Ben. A/C_____No. of shares held____I certify that I am a registered shareholder/proxy for the registered Shareholder of the Company and hereby record my presence at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on ______ at the Registered Office of the Company situated at B-2 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Peninsula Corporate Park Lower Parel West Mumbai – 400013

Member's/Proxy's name in Block Letters

Member's/Proxy's Signature

Note: Please fill this attendance slip and hand it over at the entrance of the hall.



DIRECTORS REPORT

<u>OF</u>

NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2022-2023

NAMES OF PAST AND PRESENT DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY WITH DIRECTOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS (DIN)¹

Mr. Kishore Mishrilal Bang	(DIN 00797781)
Mr. Dilip Mishrilal Bang	(DIN 00797818)
Mr. Rakesh Premchand Bhandari	(DIN 01167387)
Mr. Sunil Hanumanmal Jain	(DIN 02203030)
Mr. Samir Pranlal Kamdar	(DIN 01242937)

¹The above disclosure has been given in accordance with Section 158 of Companies Act 2013, and reference of any of the above directors made in this document be read along with the above disclosure of their respective Director Identification Numbers

Registered Office : B-2, 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Opp. Peninsula Corporate Park, Lower Parel (W), Mumbai - 400013 Tel.:6273 8000 / 6273 8001 Fax : 6273 8010 CIN NO - H000000000100707C110659

CIN NO.: 0999999MH1997P1C110659

Member : BSE, NSE, MSEI, MCX, NCDEX, ICEX SEBI Registration No. INZ000202536 Exchange Registered Broker in BSE Currency Segment , Exchange Registered Broker in BSE & NSE Commodity Segment



1DIRECTORS' REPORT

To. **The Members Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited** B-2 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Peninsula Corporate Park, Lower Parel West Mumbai -400013

Your directors have pleasure in presenting the 26th Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS & RESULTS:

a. Financial Results

The Company's performance during the year ended 31st March, 2023 as compared to the previous financial year, is summarized below:

> Standalone Amount (in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the financial year ended 31 st March, 2023	For the financial year ended 31 st March, 2022
Income	31412.95	33137.14
Less: Expenses	25860.01	25805.21
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	5552.94	7331.92
Less: Provision for tax	1500.11	1954.95
Short/(Excess)Provision of earlier years	97.91	(24.54)
Exception Income	-	
Exception expenditure		~
Profit after Tax	3954.93	5401.51
Other Comprehensive Income	163.60	1386.29
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	4118.53	6787.80

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APPROPRIATION

Interim Dividend			-
Final Dividend	(178.75)	(152.48)	
Tax on distribution of dividend			
Transfer of General Reserve	-		-
Transfer to Debenture Redemption	250		
Reserve			

	(All Amount in lakhs)	
Particulars	For the financial year ended	For the financial year ended
	31 st March, 2023	31 st March, 2022
Income	32572.76	34557.92
Less: Expenses	27413.64	27079.01
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	5159.12	7478.90
Less: Provision for tax	1410.69	1815.15
Short/(Excess)Provision of	98.05	(24.53)
earlier years		
Exception Income	-	
Exception expenditure		
Profit after Tax	3650.39	5688.29
Add: Share in profit/ (loss)	(399.84)	1958.45
of associate companies		
Share of Minority interest		
Profit/ (loss) after tax	3250.55	7646.74
and share in profit of		
associates		
Other Comprehensive	408.28	2115.30
Income		
Total Comprehensive	3658.83	9762.04
Income for the period		

(Consolidated)

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APPROPRIATION

-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
(250)	-
-	-
	- - - - - - (250) -

b. OPERATIONS:

The Company continues to be engaged in the activities pertaining to Stock Broking activities offering Equity Currency Derivative and Derivative Trading through NSE, BSE and Commodity broking through MCX, NCDEX.

There was no change in nature of the business of the Company, during the year under review.

c. **DIVIDEND**:

Your Directors are pleased to recommend a dividend of Rs. 1875000/- on 7.5% 25,00,000 Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.10 each (with applicable taxes) and Rs.16000000 /- on 8% 20000000 Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.10 each. (with applicable taxes) for the year ended March 31st, 2023.

d. UNPAID DIVIDEND & IEPF:

The Company has not transferred any amount to the Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) and no amount is lying in Unpaid Dividend A/c of the Company.

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e. TRANSFER TO RESERVES:

The Company has not transferred any amount to General Reserve.

f. <u>REPORT ON PERFORMANCE OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT</u> <u>VENTURE COMPANIES:</u>

The performance and financial position / salient features of the financial statement of each of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture companies for the year ended 31^{st} March 2023, and also the details of companies which have become or ceased as subsidiary, associates and joint ventures, during the year under review, if applicable, is given in Form **AOC-1** and is attached and marked as **Annexure I** and forms part of this Report.

g. <u>DEPOSITS</u>

Details of amounts accepted by the Company which were exempt as deposits under the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014, during the financial year in accordance with Rule 2(1)(c)- Companies (Acceptance of Deposits Rules),2014, are as under:

Sr.No	Type of Debentures	Number Debentures	of	Face Value
1.	Rated, listed, senior, unsecured, transferable, redeemable, principal protected, market linked non- convertible debentures	250		100000
2	Rated, listed, senior, unsecured, transferable, redeemable, principal protected, market linked non- convertible debentures	2516		100000
			Ĩ	
3.	Rated Listed Senior Unsecured	3500		100000

Transferable	
Redeemable Taxable	
Non- Convertible	
Debentures	

h. LOANS FROM DIRECTORS OR DIRECTORS' RELATIVES:

During the financial year under review, the Company has not borrowed any amount from the Directors or Director's relatives.

i. <u>PARTICULAR OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENT WITH RELATED</u> <u>PARTIES</u>

The details of transactions/contracts/arrangements referred to in Section 188(1) of Companies Act, 2013 entered by the Company with related party(ies) as defined under the provisions of Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013, during the financial year under review, are furnished in Form AOC-2 and is attached as **Annexure II** and forms part of this Report

j. <u>CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN</u> <u>EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:</u>

The particulars as required under the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in respect of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo etc. are furnished in **Annexure III** which forms part of this Report.

k. ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return as on 31st March, 2023 is available on Company's website on https://www.nirmalbang.com/products-and-services/depository-services.aspx.

1. PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENTS, LOANS, GUARANTEES AND SECURITIES:

Full particulars of investments, loans, guarantees and securities covered under Section 186 of the Companies Act 2013 provided during the financial year under review has been furnished in **Note 7**, and 8 which forms part of the financials of the Company.

m. MATERIAL CHANGES AFTER END OF YEAR:

The Company has issued 250 Debentures of Face value 1000000 (Rupees Ten Lakh Each) aggregating to INR 2,50,00,000 (Indian Rupees Two Crores Fifty lakhs) vide Extraordinary General Meeting held by the members of the Company dated Monday 22nd day of August 2022 .

Further the Company issued following debentures as mentioned below:

- i) 2516 (Two Thousand Five Three Hundred and Sixteen) rated, listed, senior, unsecured, transferable, redeemable, principal protected, market linked non-convertible debentures denominated in Indian Rupees ("INR"), having a face value of INR 1,00,000 (Indian Rupees One Lakh) each at its meeting held on June 14 2023.
- 3,500 (three thousand and five hundred) rated, listed, senior, unsecured, transferable, redeemable, taxable non-convertible debentures denominated in Indian Rupees ("INR"), having a face value of INR 1,00,000 (Indian Rupees One Lakh) each

Except as disclosed elsewhere in this report, no material changes and commitments which could affect the Company's financial position, have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company and date of this report.

n. DISCLOSURE OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS -

The Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements as designed and implemented by the Company are adequate. During the year under review, no material or serious observation has been received from the Statutory Auditors of the Company for inefficiency or inadequacy of such controls.

2. MATTERS RELATED TO DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

a) BOARD OF DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

There was no change in Directorship of the Company during the year under review. The Company was not required to appoint any Key Managerial Personnel.

3. DISCLOSURES RELATED TO BOARD, COMMITTEES AND POLICIES

a. **BOARD MEETINGS**:

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The Board of Directors met 26 times during the financial year ended 31st March 2023 in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

b. CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE MEETING

The committee members met 2 (Two) times during the financial year ended 31st March 2023 in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under:

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards in respect of all the above-Board meetings.

c. VIGIL MECHANISM POLICY FOR THE DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES:

The Board of Directors of the Company has, pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, framed "Vigil Mechanism Policy" for Directors and employees of the Company to provide a mechanism which ensures adequate safeguards to employees and Directors from any victimization on raising of concerns of any violations of legal or regulatory requirements, incorrect or misrepresentation of any, financial statements and reports, etc.

The employees of the Company have the right/option to report their concern/grievance to the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

4. AUDITORS AND REPORTS

The matters related to Auditors and their Reports are as under:

a. <u>OBSERVATIONS OF STATUTORY AUDITORS ON ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR</u> ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023:

The observations / qualifications / disclaimers made by the Statutory Auditors in their report for the financial year ended 31^{st} March 2023 read with the explanatory notes therein are self-explanatory and therefore, do not call for any further explanation or comments from the Board under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013.

b. STATUTORY AUDITORS:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, **M/s. V.B. Goel & Co., Chartered Accountants** the Statutory Auditors of the Company, have been appointed for a term of 5 Years at the Annual General Meeting held on 30th September 2022 and they continue to be the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

Necessary resolution for re-appointment of the said Auditors is included in the Notice of AGM for seeking approval of members.

c. MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, the Company is not required to maintain Cost Records under said Rules.

d. <u>REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY STATUTORY AUDITORS UNDER SECTION</u> 143(12):

There were no incidences of reporting of frauds by Statutory Auditors of the Company under Section 143(12) of the Act read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

5. OTHER DISCLOSURES

Other disclosures as per provisions of Section 134 of the Act read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are furnished as under:

a. <u>DISCLOSURE OF ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS OR COURTS OR</u> <u>TRIBUNAL</u>

No orders have been passed by any Regulator or Court or Tribunal which can have impact on the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

b. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

In terms of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, in relation to the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31^{st} March, 2023 the Board of Directors hereby confirms that:

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures (if any);
- b. such accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and the Directors made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2023 and of the profit of the Company for that year;
- c. proper and sufficient care was taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the annual accounts of the Company have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e. proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively;

c. <u>DISCLOSURE REGARDING INTERNAL COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE:</u>

The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

d. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 43(a)(ii) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

The Company has not issued any shares with differential rights and hence no information as per provisions of Section 43(a)(ii) of the Act read with Rule 4(4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014 is furnished.

e. <u>DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 54(1)(d) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:</u>

The Company has not issued any sweat equity shares during the year under review and hence no information as per provisions of Section 54(1)(d) of the Act read with Rule 8(13) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014 is furnished.

f. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 62(1)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT.2013:

The Company has not issued any equity shares under Employees Stock Option Scheme during the year under review and hence no information as per provisions of Section 62(1)(b) of the Act read with Rule 12(9) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014 is furnished.

g. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 67(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT.2013:

During the year under review, there were no instances of non-exercising of voting rights in respect of shares purchased directly by employees under a scheme pursuant to Section 67(3) of the Act read with Rule 16(4) of Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014is furnished.

h. <u>DISCLOSURE OF PROCEEDINGS PENDING OR APPLICATION MADE UNDER</u> INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

No application was filed for corporate insolvency resolution process, by a financial or operational creditor or by the company itself under the IBC before the NCLT.

i. DISCLOSURE OF REASON FOR DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF TAKING LOAN FROM BANK AND AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT

There was no instance of onetime settlement with any Bank or Financial Institution.

J. <u>DISCLOSURE IN TERMS OF REGULATION 53 OF SEBI (LISTING</u> <u>OBLIGATIONS & DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015</u>:

Sr.No	Name & Address of Debenture Trustee	ISIN	Secured/ Unsecured	Redemption Date
1.	Vardhman Trusteeship Pvt Ltd	INE681R08018	Unsecured	05 March 2024
	Address: The Capital, A Wing, 412A,			
	Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East)			
	Mumbai 400 051			
2.	MITCON CREDENTIA	INE681R08026	Unsecured	14 December
	TRUSTEESHIP SERVICES			2024
	LIMITED			
	Address: 1402/1403, 14th			
	Floor, Dalamal Tower, B-			
	Wing, Free Press Journal			
	Marg, 211, Nariman Point,			
	Mumbai - 400021			
3.	MITCON CREDENTIA	INE681R08034	Unsecured	08 February
	TRUSTEESHIP SERVICES			2025
	LIMITED			
	ADDRESS: 1402/1403, 14th			
	Floor, Dalamal Tower, B-			
	Wing, Free Press Journal			
	Marg, 211, Nariman Point,			
	Mumbai - 400021			

The Company has appointed the following Debenture Trustees :

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6. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS AND APPRECIATION:

Your directors take this opportunity to thank the customers, shareholders, suppliers, bankers, business partners/associates, financial institutions and Central and State Governments for their consistent support and encouragement to the Company.

For Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited

Kishore M Ban

Kishore Mishrilal Bang Managing Director DIN: 00797781 Address: Flat No. 3403, 34th Floor, Vivarea Tower, B1 (A Wing), Sane Guruji Marg, Mahalaxmi Mumbai MH - 400011.

Dated: 05.09.2023 Place: Mumbai Reg Off: B-2 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Peninsula Corporate Park Lower Parel West Mumbai- 400013

CIN: U999999MH1997PTC110659 TEL No. 62738000 Fax No. 62738001 Mail: <u>cs.roc@nirmalbang.com</u> Rakesh Premchand Bhandari Director DIN: 01167387 Address: 1904, 19th Floor, Empno.48, Thakur Village, Kandivili ,Mumbai MH 400001

ANNEXURE I

Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

Sr. No.	Particulars	Particulars	Particulars
	Name of the subsidiary/Joint Venture/Associate	Nirmal Bang Insurance	Nirmal Bang Equities
1	Companies	Broking Private Limited	Pvt Ltd
2	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting	The reporting period of the subsidiaries is similar as of holding company.	The reporting period of the subsidiaries is similar as of holding company.
	period	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
3	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial Year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	NA	NA
4	Share capital	200.00	580.20
5	Reserves and Surplus	(9.65)	(2,349.58)
6	Total Assets	209.86	3,167.76
7	Total Liabilities	19.51	4,937.14
8	Investments	112.29	Nil
9	Turnover	113.95	1,180.34
10	Profit/(Loss) before taxation*	60.41	(454.22)
11	Provision for taxation	(1.16)	(90.44)
12	Profit/(Loss) after taxation*	59.25	(363.78)
13	Proposed Dividend	Nil	Nil
14	% of shareholding	97.75%	100%

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(All amounts are in Rs. lakhs)

*Profit/(Loss) does not include other comprehensive income

- 1. Names of Subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: NA.
- 2. Names of Subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: NA.

FOR NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

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Director Kishore Bang DIN: 00797781 Address: Flat No. 3403, 34th Floor Vivarea Tower, B1(A Wing), Sane Guruji Marg, Mahalaxmi Mumbai - 400011. Place: Mumbai Date: 30 -05-23

Director Rakesh Bhandari DIN: 01167387 Address: Flat No. 1904, 19th Floor Emp. No. 48, Thakur Village Kandivali Mumbai - 400001. Place: Mumbai Date: 30 -05-23

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Company Secretary Namrata Pai M.No. A28477 Address: Malhar Palace No. 3 Manpada Road, Dombivali East. Thane - 421201 Place: Mumbai Date: 30 -05-23

As per our Report of even date For V.B. GOEL & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg No 115906W

Vikas Goel Partner (M. No.39287)



Place: Mumbai Date: 30-05-03

(Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures)

		(All amounts are in Rs. Lakh
Particulars	1	2.
1. Name of Associates/Joint Ventures	Mindset Securities Pvt Ltd	Shresth Securities Pvt Ltd
est audited Balance Sheet Date	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
3. Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end (in numbers)		
Number of shares	50,90,000	15,00,000
Amount of Investment in Associates/ Joint Venture	509.00	Nil
Extent of Holding (%)	25.60	32.61
4. Description of how there is significant influence	Nirmal Bang Securities Pvt Ltd is holding more than 20% in Mindset Securities Pvt Itd	Nirmal Bang Securities Pvt ltd is holding more than 20% in Shresth Securities Pvt ltd
5. Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	NA	The company has done provision for diminution in value for full amount o. cost of investment
6. Net worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	9,807.17	Nil
7. Profit / (Loss) for the year		
i. Considered in Consolidation	(399.84)	Nil
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	Nil	(0.20)

*Profit/(Loss) does not include other comprehensive income.

1. Names of associates / joint ventures which are yet to commence operations: N.A

2. Names of associates / joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: N.A

FOR NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

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Rakesh Bhandari) Director DIN: 01167387 Address: Flat No. 1904, 19th Floor Emp. No. 48, Thakur Village Kandivali Mumbai - 400001. Place: Mumbai Date: 30-05-23

(Namrata Pai) Company Secretary M.No. A28477 Address: Malhar Palace No. 3 Manpada Road, Dombivali East. Thane - 421201 Place: Mumbai Date: 30 -05-13 As per our Report of even date For V.B. GOEL & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg No 115906W

MUMBA (Vikas Goel) Partner M. No.39287

Place: Mumbai Date: 30 -05-23

ANNEXURE II

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Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

Particulars	Particulars	Particulars
(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	-	-
(b) Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	-	-
(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	-	-
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	-	-
(e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	-	-
(f) Date(s) of approval by the Board	-	-
(g) Amount paid as advances, if any	-	
(h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	-	-

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

Particulars	Particulars	Particulars
(a) Name(s) of the related party	Nirmal Bang Equities	Nirmal Bang Financial
and nature of relationship	Private Limited	Services Private Limited
	(Subsidiary)	Group Company
(b) Nature of contracts/	Loan Given to Nirmal	Loan taken from Nirmal
arrangements/ transactions	Bang Equities Private	Bang Financial Services
	Limited	Private Limited
(c) Duration of the contracts /	Ongoing	Ongoing
arrangements/transactions		
(d) Salient terms of the contracts	-	
or arrangements or		
transactions including the		
value, if any		
(e) Date(s) of approval by the	-	
Board, if any		
(f) Amount paid as advances, if	NA	NA
any		`
Board, if any (f) Amount paid as advances, if	- NA	NA

For Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited

Kishare M Bar

Kishore Mishrilal Bang Managing Director DIN: 00797781 Address: Flat No. 3403, 34th Floor, Vivarea Tower, B1 (A Wing), Sane Guruji Marg, Mahalaxmi Mumbai MH - 400011.

Dated: 05.09.2023 Place: Mumbai Reg Off: B-2 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Peninsula Corporate Park Lower Parel West Mumbai- 400013

CIN: U999999MH1997PTC110659 TEL No. 62738000 Fax No. 62738001 Mail: cs.roc@nirmalbang.com Rakesh Premchand Bhandari Director DIN: 01167387 Address: 1904, 19th Floor, Empno.48, Thakur Village, Kandivili, Mumbai MH 400001

ANNEXURE III

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO SECTION 134(3)(m) OF THE COMPANIES ACT. 2013 READ WITH RULE 8 OF THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES. 2014

(A) Conservation of energy:

Steps taken or impact on conservation of energy	The Company has not spent any substantial amount on Conservation of Energy to be disclosed here.
Steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy	
Capital investment on energy conservation equipments	

(B) Technology absorption:

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Efforts made towards technology	Considering the nature of activities of the
absorption	Company, there is no requirement with
	regard to technology absorption.
Benefits derived like product	
improvement, cost reduction,	
product development or import	
substitution	
Substitution	
	(imported during the last three years
reckoned from the beginning of the	financial year):
Details of technology	Nil
imported	
-	
Year of import	Not Applicable
. Whother the technology has	Not Appliable
• Whether the technology has	Not Applicable
been fully absorbed	
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• If not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof	Not Applicable
Expenditure incurred on Research and Development	Nil

(C) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:

	April 01, 2022 to	April 01, 2021 to
	March 31, 2023 [Current F.Y.]	March 31, 2022 [Current F.Y.]
	Amount in	Amount in
	Rs.Lakhs	Rs.Lakhs
Actual Foreign Exchange earnings	NIL	Nil
Actual Foreign Exchange outgo	3.87	4.96

For Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited

Kishore M Bang

Kishore Mishrilal Bang Managing Director DIN: 00797781 Address: Flat No. 3403, 34th Floor, Vivarea Tower, B1 (A Wing), Sane Guruji Marg, Mahalaxmi Mumbai MH - 400011.

Dated: 05.09.2023 Place: Mumbai

Reg Off: B-2 302, Marathon Innova, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Peninsula Corporate Park Lower Parel West Mumbai- 400013 CIN: U99999MH1997PTC110659 TEL No. 62738000 Fax No. 62738001 Mail: cs.roc@nirmalbang.com Rakesh Premchand Bhandari Director DIN: 01167387

Address: 1904, 19th Floor, Empno.48, Thakur Village, Kandivili, Mumbai MH 400001

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ANNEXURE - IV

FORMAT FOR THE ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES TO BE INCLUDED IN THE BOARD'S REPORT FOR FINANCIAL YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER 1ST DAY OF APRIL, 2021

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

CSR initiatives of the Company are implemented by Nirmal Mishrilal Bang Charity Trust -the implementing agency, a registered public trust with section 12A and section 80G registrations under the Income tax Act ,1961 having established track record of three Years. The Trust is registered with the Central Government having a unique registration no. CSR00006407.

All CSR projects will be in line with the CSR vision, as well as areas listed in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. It will not include the activities undertaken in pursuance of normal course of business of the Company, projects benefitting the employees of the Company (as defined in clause (k) of section 2 of the Code on Wages, 2019 (29 of 2019) and as amended from time to time) or contributions of any amount directly or indirectly to any political party.

All CSR activities will be monitored under proper mechanism and recommendations of the Committee members.

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation/Nature of Directorship	Number of Meetings of CSR held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr.Kishore Mishrilal Bang	Managing Director	2	2

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

2	Mr.Dilip Mishrilal Bang	Managing Director	2	2
3	Mr.Rakesh Premchand Bhandari	Director	2	2

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.

For CSR committee: https://www.nirmalbang.com/CSR-COMMITTEE.pdf

For CSR Policy: https://www.nirmalbang.com/CSR-POLICY-NBSPL.pdf

For CSR projects: <u>https://www.nirmalbang.com/CSR-ACTIVITIES.pdf</u>

4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).-NA

5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any

Sr. No.	Financial Year	Amount Available for set off from preceding Financial Years (in Rs.)	Amount Required to be set off for the Financial year, if any (in Rs.)
1	2021-2022	NA	NA

6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5). (Rs.in lakhs) – 3934.53

7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) (Rs.in lakhs) – 78.69

(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years. – Nil

(c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any - NA

(d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c). (Rs.in lakhs) - 78.69

8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

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Total	Amount Ur	spent (in Rs.)	-					
Amount Spent for the		unt transferred CSR Account as 135(6).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as pe second proviso to section 135(5).					
Financial Year. (in Rs.Lakhs)	Amount	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.			
62.92	15.76	27.04.2023						
				_				

8.(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: 2022-2023

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10	(11)
SI. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activ-ities in Sche- dule VII to the Act	Loc al are a (Yes /No).	Locati on of the proje ct.	Project durat-ion.	Amount allocated for the project (Rs in lakhs.).	Amou nt spent in the curre nt fina- ncial Year (in Rs.in lakhs).	Amoun t transfe rred to Unspen t CSR Accoun t for the project as per 135(6)	Mo de of Im ple m- ent ati on- Dir ect (Ye s /N o).	Mode of Implemen tation – Through Imple- menting Agency

			Sta te	District						Na me	CSR Regis
											t- ratio n num
ABMM Maheshwa ri Relief Foundatio n	Promoting health care including preventive measures (setting up adispensary, naturopathy Centre, alternative method of medical treatments, medical treatments, medical camps ft safe drinking water facilities) 2.Eradicatin g hunger by providing food 3. Promoting Education 4. Setting up public library 5.Training to promote rural and nationaly recognised sports 6.Research and developmen t projects 7.Rural developmen t by creation of facility for shelter of	Yes	Utt ar Pr ad es h	Ayodh ya	3 yea rs	30	30	15.77	No	Nir ma l Mi shr ilal Ba ng Ch ari ty Tr ust	be CSR0 0006 407

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Total				30	30	15.77			
	facility								
	E-Rickshaw								
	inequality &								
	to reduce								
	of facilities								
	Construction								
	11.								
	yoga centre								
	citizens &								
	for senior								
	of Facilities								
	Construction								
	women, 10.								
	Empowering								
	9.								
	Abhiyan.)								
	Bharat								
	(Swacch								
	treatment								1
	water								
	harvesting ft								
	, rain water								
	management								
	any disaster								
	facilities for	1							
	n and				1				
	rehabilitatio								
	8. Relief,							}	
	persons								1
	deserving								
	needy and		<u> </u>						

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(1 0)	(1 1)	
SI. No	Name Of The Project	Item From The List Of Activities In Schedule VII To The Act.	Local Area (Yes/ No).	Location Of The Project.		Proje ct durat -ion.	Amo unt alloc ated for the proje ct (in Rs.).	Amou nt Spent For The Projec t (In Rs.Lak hs).	Am oun t tran sfer red to Uns pen t CSR Acc oun t for the proj ect as per Sect ion 135 (6)	Mo de Of Im ple me n- Ta tio n - Di rec t (Y es /N o).	Mode Implei ation - Throu Implei ng Agenc	ment - gh menti
				State	Distri ct						Name '	CSR Regi stra - Tio n Nu mbe r.
1.	R.T T. TIWARI	Animal Welfare	Yes	Maha rashtr a	palgh ar	-	-	0.45	-	No	Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit	CSR 000 064 07

8. (c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

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											y Trust	
2.	SHREE KRISHNA GAUSHAL A	Animal Welfare	Yes	Rajast han	Naga ur	-	*	0.51	-	No	Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y	CSR 000 064 07
3	S. G. ENTERPR ISES	Animal Welfare	Yes	Maha rshtra	Delhi	-	-	0.525	-	No	Trust Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y	CSR 000 064 07
4	PARAMH ANS GANESHJI CHARITY TRUST	Poverty, Hunger, Malnutritio n	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	-	-	1.45	-	No	Trust Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y	CSR 000 064 07
5	SHANTIL AL & CO	Poverty, Hunger, Malnutritio n	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Palgh ar		-	0.729	-	No -	Trust Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y	CSR 000 064 07
6	SHRI KVO JAIN MANAV SEVA KENDRA	Health Care	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	-	-	0.25	-	No	Trust Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y Trust	CSR 000 064 07

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7	ROTI FOUNDAT ION,	Malnutritio n	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	~	-	2	-	No	Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y Trust	CSR 000 064 07
8	MAHESH WARI PRAGATI MANDAL MUMBAI	Education	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	-	_	0.51	-	No	Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y Trust	CSR 000 064 07
9	MUKESH SUPER MART	Poverty, Hunger, Malnutritio n	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	~		6.636		No	Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y Trust	CSR 000 064 07
10	FASHION CENTER	Poverty, Hunger, Malnutritio n	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Palgh ar		ł	0.037	_	No	Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y Trust	CSR 000 064 07
11	M C SHAH & SONS	Poverty, Hunger, Malnutritio n	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai		-	0.736	-	No	Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y Trust	CSR 000 064 07
12	BVP FILM CITY CHARITY TRUST	Poverty, Hunger, Malnutritio n	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	~	,	5.75		Νο	Nirm al Mishr ilal Bang Charit y Trust	CSR 000 064 07

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13	Bombay North West Rota ry Public Ch aritable Trust	Health Care	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	-	-	3	-	No	Nirm al Mish rilal Bang Chari ty Trust	CSI 000 064 07
14	THE DENTAL STUDIO	Health Care	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	-	-	0.15		No	Nirm al Mish rılal Bang Chari ty Trust	CSF 000 064 07
15	DR ADITI CHHAJED MULTISP ECIALITY DENTAL CENTRE	Health Care	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	-	-	2.57		No	Nirm al Mish rilal Bang Chari ty Trust	CSF 000 064 07
16	STS MISSION ENGLISH HIGH SCHOOL	Education	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai		-	1.18	-	No	Nirm al Mish rilal Bang Chari ty Trust	CSR 000 064 07
17	PARIVAR EDUCATI ON SOCIETY	Education	Yes	WEST BENG AL	KOLK ATTA		-	5	-	No	Nirm al Mish rilal Bang Chari ty Trust	CSR 000 064 07
18	VIKSARA COMPLET E WATER SOLUTIO	Health Care	Yes	Maha rashtr a	Mum bai	-	-	1.42	-	Ye s	-	-

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		<u> </u>	TOTA L	32.92		

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads -

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable - na

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e) (Rs.in lakhs) -Rs62.92

8. (g) Excess amount for set off, if any

. .

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.Lakhs)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	78.69
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	62.92
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)- (i)]	NA
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	NA
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	NA

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: NA

SI. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	fund sp	t transferr ecified und le VII as pe , if any. Amount (in Rs)	der	Amount rema- ining to be spent in succee- ding financial years. (in Rs.)
	Total						

(1	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
SI. N o.	Proje ct ID.	Name of the Projec t.	Financial Year in which the project was commenc ed	Project duratio n.	Total amoun t allocat ed for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporti ng Financi al Year (in Rs).	Cumulati ve amount spent at the end of reportin g Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Status of the project - Complet ed /Ongoin g.
	Total							

. (b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): NA $\,$

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details). –

(a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s).

• • •

(b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset.

(c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.

(d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).

Kishore M B Change -R Committee). [Person specified under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 380 of the Act] (Wherever applicable). (Chief Executive Officer or Managing Director or Director)

:

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED** ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit & Loss Account including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



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Sl. No.	Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
	efforts. This process also required the	Assessed areas of significant estimates
	management to apply significant judgements to	and management judgment in line with
	identify and elect appropriate accounting	principles under Ind AS.
	policies suitable for various transactions and	
	balances relating to the operations of the	
	Company including electing of available options	
	for transition of balances as at the transition date	
	from the previous GAAP to the new GAAP.	
	Further, the first time preparation of the Ind AS	
	financial statements involved preparation and	
	presentation of additional notes and disclosures	
	as required by the Ind AS framework as	
	compared to the previous GAAP in addition to	
	Note 62 to the financial statements setting forth	
	the reconciliation of balances from previous	
	GAAP to the new GAAP as at the transition	
	date, and the impact of restatement on the	
	results of the comparative period due to such	
}	transition. The areas where there were a	
	significant impact on account of first time	
	adoption involved the following standards	
	amongst others:	
	a) Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments – Fair	
	valuation of investments	
	b) Ind AS 116, Leases	
	c) Ind AS 107, Financial Instruments –	
	Disclosures	
	Considering the significance of the event in the	
	current year to the financial statements, the	
	complexities and efforts involved, this matter	
	has been identified as a key audit matter for the	
	current year audit.	
	G. COEL &	A



SI. No.	Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
2.	Valuation of investments carried at fair value	
	Refer note 2(m) for significant accounting	
	policies and note 8 and note 52 for financial	
	disclosures	
	As at March 31, 2023, the Company held	Our audit procedures in relation to valuation of
	investments amounting to Rs. 170.33 crores	investments included, but were not limited to, the
	which represent 14.76% of the total assets of the	following:
	Company as at March 31, 2023.	➢ Design/Controls:
	The investments which are valued using Level 3	 Obtained a detailed understanding of the
	inputs comprise 48.91% of the total investments	management's process and controls for
	of the Company as at March 31, 2023.	determining the fair valuation of these
	The aforesaid investment represents investment	investments. The understanding was
	in unquoted equity instruments which are not	obtained by performance of
	traded in the market. These	walkthroughs which included inspection
	investments are fair valued using Level 2 and 3	of documents produced by the Company
	inputs.	and discussion with those involved in the
	The fair valuation of these investments is	process of valuation;
	determined by management using the intrinsic	 Evaluated the design and the operational
	value method. The process of computation of	effectiveness of relevant key controls over
	fair valuation of investments include use of	the valuation process, including the
	unobservable inputs and management	Company's review and approval of the
	judgements and estimates which are complex.	estimates and assumptions used for the
	The valuation of these investments was	valuation including key authorization
	considered to be one of the areas which required	and data input controls;
	significant auditor attention and was one of the	Substantive tests:
	matters of most significance in the standalone	 Assessed the appropriateness of the
	financial statements due to the materiality of	valuation methodologies in accordance
	total value of investments to the standalone	with the Company's policy
	financial statements and the complexity involved	
	in the valuation of these investments.	



SI. No.	Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
1404		 For these investments, critically evaluated the valuation assessment and resulting conclusions by the Company in order to determine the appropriateness of the valuations by performing reasonableness
		 tests and evaluating sensitivity analysis for the key inputs and assumptions Ensured the appropriateness of the carrying value of these investments in the financial statements and the gain or loss recognised in the financial statements as a result of such fair valuation; and Ensured the appropriateness of the disclosures in accordance with the applicable accounting standards Obtained written representations from the management and those charged with governance whether they believe significant assumptions used in valuation

Emphasis of Matter

We draw your attention to note 6 and note 14 to the standalone financial statements where the company has disclosed the ageing schedule of trade receivables and trade payables respectively as per the format prescribed in Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. The said information disclosed in the ageing schedule is inaccurate to the extent it relates to trade receivables and trade payables which are outstanding for more than 1 year from the balance sheet date. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Other Matters

- We draw your attention to Note No. 11 of the standalone financial statements where pursuant to the disclosure requirements of Ind AS 40, "Investment Property", the company has not disclosed the fair values of the investment properties held by the company as on March 31, 2022 and April 1, 2021. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
- 2. The comparative standalone financial statements of the Company as stated in the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, were audited by the predecessor auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statement on July 28, 2022. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion on the figures reported in the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Company's annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Company's annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to Company's Board of Directors as required under SA 720 'The Auditor's responsibilities Relating to Other Information.'

Responsibilities of Management for the standalone financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and statement



of changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we enclose in 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit & Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - (c) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of sub-section (2) of Section 164 of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report.
 - (g) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is a private company and therefore reporting under section 197(16) is πot applicable.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule
 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:



- (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements as referred to in note 26 to the standalone financial statements;
- (ii) The Company do not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- (iii) There are no amounts during the year which are required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
- (iv) (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (iv) (a) and (iv) (b) contain any material mis-statement.



- (v) The final dividend paid by the Company on preference shares during the year in respect of the same declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.
 The Board of Directors of the company have proposed final dividend on preference shares for the year which is subject to approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend. Further, dividend has not been proposed on equity shares for the year.
- (vi) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

FOR V. B. GOEL & CO. **Chartered Accountants** OEL Firm Reg. No. 115906W đ MUMBAI 63. (Vikas Goel) Partner Membership No.: 39287 UDIN: 230392878678 187513

Place : Mumbai Date : 20 0512023

'ANNEXURE A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government in terms of Sub-section 11 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

- (i) In respect of the Company's Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets:
 - (a) (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of its property, plant and equipment.
 - (B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of its intangible assets.
 - (b) The Company has a program of physical verification of property, plant and equipment whereby all the items of property, plant and equipment are verified once in three years. The property, plant and equipment were physically verified during the previous year by the Management with a regular programme of verification. In our opinion, the periodicity of the physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification carried out during the previous year.
 - (c) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company as at the balance sheet date.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-ofuse assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventory of the company comprises of listed equity shares which are held in dematerialized form and are verified by the management at reasonable intervals.



In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on such Verification between the inventories held in dematerialised form and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate

(b) As disclosed in note 60 to the standalone financial statements, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate from banks during the year on the basis of security of current assets of the Company. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, we have not come across any material difference between the information submitted in the quarterly returns / statements filed by the Company with such bank when compared with the books of account and other relevant information provided by the Company.

Further, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits from any financial institution on the basis of security of current assets of the company.

(iii) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not provided any security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties during the year.

The Company has made investments in companies and mutual funds, provided guarantee and granted unsecured loans to companies, in respect of which requisite information is as below. Further, the Company has not made any investment in or provided guarantee or granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to firms, limited liability partnership and other parties.

(a) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has provided guarantee or granted loans to subsidiary as below:

Particulars	Loans	Guarantees
Aggregate amount provided/granted during the year		
- Subsidiary	2,78,24,00,000	17,50,00,000
Balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date		
- Subsidiary	Nil	17,50,00,000



(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the investments made, guarantee provided and the terms and conditions of the grant of unsecured loans are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company. Further, the Company has not given security or granted any secured loan or advance in the

nature of loan to any party during the year.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in case of unsecured demand loan, in our opinion the payment of interest has been stipulated and the payment of interest is regular but the repayments of such loan is not stipulated. Further, the Company has not granted any secured loan or given any advance in the nature

of loan to any party during the year.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of unsecured loans given. Further, the Company has not granted any secured loan or given any advance in the nature of loan to any party during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan granted falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to same parties.

Further, the Company has not given any advances in the nature of loans to any party during the year.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has granted loan either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment. Details of aggregate amount of loans granted to promoters or related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 :



Particulars	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of Ioans	
- Repayable on demand	2,78,24,00,000
Percentage of loans to the total loans	100%

The Company has not granted advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.

- (iv) The company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under section 185 of the Act. In our opinion and according to the explanation given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act.
- (v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Company is not in the business of sale of any goods. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective July 1, 2017, these statutory dues have been subsumed into Goods and Services Tax.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-Tax, Cess and other statutory dues have been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no material undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-Tax, Cess and other statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the details of statutory dues referred to in sub- clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023, on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the statue	Nature of the dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the	Forum where the dispute is
			amount relates	pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Demand	7,55,066	A.Y. 2014-2015	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Demand	3,12,03,265	A.Y. 2018-2019	CIT (Appeals)

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on examination of records of the company, the company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no term loan availed by the Company during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates as defined under the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any joint



venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended March 31, 2023.

- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associate companies (as defined under the Act). The Company does not hold any investment in any joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended March 31, 2023.
- (a) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised money through public offers (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year and hence reporting under paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality as outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on examination of records of the company, the provisions of section 177 are not applicable and transactions with related parties are in compliance of section 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.



- (xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xiv)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) has two CICs which are not required to be registered with the Reserve Bank of India.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (xix)According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx)(a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of other than ongoing projects, there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act (the Act), in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act,
 - (b) In respect of ongoing projects, the company has transferred unspent amount to a special account within a period of thirty days from the end of financial year in compliance with section 135(6) of the said Act.



For V. B. Goel & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg. No. 115906W

(Vikas Goel) Partner Membership No.: 39287 UDIN : 230 39287 BG TO IB7513

Place : Mumbai Date: 30/05/2023

'ANNEXURE B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited ('the Company') as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

(1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;

(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and

(3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For V. B. Goel & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 115906W MUMBAI 63. (Vikas Goel)

EDA

Partner Membership No. : 39287 UDIN : 23039284 BG T QIB 7 513

Place : Mumbai Date : 30)05/2023

NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
ASSETS				_
(1) Financial Assets				
(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	3,522.37	25,355.86	21,460.4
(b) Bank Balance othan than (a) above	5	70,082.72	55,064.30	36,444,9
(c) Receivables	1	,0,002.72	00,004.00	-10, mm, 7
Trade Receivables	6	16,224.28	22,560.94	16,710.6
(d) Loans	7	4,948.15	4,092.42	4,526.0
(e) Investments	8	17,032,90	8,193.29	4,526,4
(f) Other financial assets	l ő l	1.171.76	1,072,53	928.2
	1 1	1,171.70	1/07 2,23	920.3
(2) Non-Financial Assets				
(a) Current Tax Asset	10	93.61	238.19	167.9
(b) Investment Property	11	95.01	145.59	
(c) Property, Plant and Equipment	12	1,834.64	2,232,08	334.6
(d) Other non-financial assets	13	498.21	513.37	2,624.(
(a) Oner non-manciar asses	13	470.21	515.57	552.2
TOTAL ASSETS		1,15,408.63	1,19,468.59	99,885.3
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
(1) Financial Liabilities				
(a) Payables				
Trade Payables	14			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and				
small enterprises		15.12	4.79	33.0
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than				
micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,293.61	1,491.21	1,274.8
(b) Debt Securities	15	2,500.00		
(c) Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	16		84.69	11,87 <mark>1</mark> .4
(d) Deposits	17	1,146.75	1,258.30	1,158.1
(e) Subordinated liabilities	18	2,250.00	2,250.00	100.0
(f) Other Financial Habilities	19	65,754.14	75,857.33	53,749.1
(2) Non-Financial Liabilities				
(a) Current tax liabilities (Net)	20	222.43	263.61	225.7
(b) Provisions	21	411.55	424.15	418.6
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	22	320.31	346.36	210.0
(d) Other non-financial Liabilities	23	289.46	401.40	545.3
(3) Equity				
(å) Equity Share Capital	24	493.11	493.11	493.1
(b) Other Equity	25	40,712.16	36,593.63	29,805.8
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		1,15,408.63	1,19,468.59	99,885.3

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements

As per our attached report of even date For V. B. GOEL & CO **Chartered Accountants** GOEL Firm Reg. No. 115906W đ Q_{2} W (Vikas Goel) MUMBAI N. Partner 63. Membership No. : 3028 ED AC

Place : Mumbal Date : 30/05/2023

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(Kishore Bang) Director DIN: 00797781

Ralesh-Bhandari) Director DIN : 01167387

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(Namrata Pai) Company Secretary Membership No. A28477

For and on the behalf of Boar

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Place: Mumbai Date: 30/05/2023

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIL & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	PARTICULARS	NOTE	For the year ended 31-03-2023	For the year ended 31-03-2022
	Revenue from operations	1 1		
	(a) Interest Income	27	9,231.69	8.094.12
	(b) Dividend Income	28	1.33	-
	(c) Fees and commission income	29		
	Brokerage and fees income		21,786.35	24,475.44
	(d) Net gain on fair value changes	30	128.51	300.21
	(e) Other Operating income	31	227.06	224.73
(I)	Total Revenue from Operations		31,374.94	33,094,50
(11)	Other Income	32	38.01	42.64
(III)	Total Income (I+II)		31,412.95	33,137.14
	Expenses:			
	(a) Finance cost	33	2,047.10	1.741.11
	(b) Fees and commission expense	34	10,598.22	12,012.9
		35	105.53	(43.5
	(c) Impairment on financial instruments (d) Employee Benefit expense	36	8,376.31	7,949.6
		12	935.84	880.7
	 (c) Depreciation, amortization and impairment (f) Others expenses 	37	3,797.01	3,264.3
(V)	Total Expenses	-	25,860.01	25,805.2
	-			
(V)	Profit before tax (III - TV)	-	5,552.94	7,331.9
	Tax Expense :			
	(a) Current tax		1,542.01	1,986.5
	(b) Deferred tax		(41.90)	(31.5
	(c) Short/(Excess) Provision of earlier years		97.91	(24.5
(VI)	Total Tax Expense		1,598.02	1,930.4
VII)	Profit/(loss) for the period (V-VI)		3,954.93	5,401.5
v111)	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)			
	ltems that will not be reclassified to profit or loss and its related income tax effects :			
	(i) Actuarial gain/ (loss) on post retirement benefit plans		40.92	86.7
	(ii) Fair value gain/(loss) on Equity Instruments	1 1	138.52	1,467.4
	(iii) Deferred tax impact on above	1 1	(15.85)	(167.8
	Other Comprehensive Income		163.60	1,386.2
(IX)	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (VII+VIII)		4,118.53	6,787.8
(X)	Earning per Equity share of Rs. 10	44		
1.7	1) Basic (Rs.)		83.52	137.6
	2) Diluted (Rs.)		83.52	137.6

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date atlached For V. B. GOEL & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 115906W W (Vikas Goel) Partner Membership No. : 39287

Place: Mumbai Date: 30/05/2023 1-63

Fishore M Bang (Kishore Bang) (Bakesh Bhandari) Director Director DIN: 01167387 DIN : 00797781

NI (Nanvata Pai) Company Secretary Membership No. A28477

Place: Mumbai Date: 30 10 51 202 2

STANDALONE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	the second se	Year ended 31.0	3.2023	Year ended 31.0	3.2022
A. Cash	Flow from operating activities :				
Net I	Profit /(Loss) before tax and exceptional items		5,552,94		7,331.9
	isted for:				
	reciation	935.64		880.70	
Divid	dend income	(1.33)		-	
	arment on financial instruments	83.55		(109.10)	
	Value changes on investment	(128.51)		(300.21)	
	iry Balance Written back and Unclaimed Suspense	(6.34)		13.29	
	Debis written off	21.98		65.56	
	it)/Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	(3.25)		(11.63)	
	it)/Loss on sale of Property	59.66		109.11	
	it)/Loss On Error Trade	10.03		6.59	
	nce Cost	2,047.10	3.018.74	1,741.11	2,395.6
	rating profit before working capital changes		8,571.68	1/11/11	9,727.3
	isted for :		0,071.00		3,121.
	e Receivables	6,242.57		(5,817.90)	
	zin Trading loans	(855.93)		433.54	
	r Financial Assets	(109.26)		(150.85)	
	r Non-Financial Assets	15.17		(187.79)	
	e Payables	(192.17)		188.09	
	l Deposits with banks	3,955.95			
	r Financial Liabilities			(28,740.61)	
		(10,028.35)		22,359,92	
Depo		(111,55)		100.14	
	r Non-Financial Liabilities	(111.93)	(4.4.679.463)	(143.90)	(n n 0 / n n
	isions	28.32	(1,167.19) 7,404.50	92.20	(11,867.1
	generated from operation				(2,139.6
	et taxes refund/(paid)	I	(1,536.53)	_ • ••	(1,994.3
iver c	Cash from Operating activities		5,007.97		(4,134.1
Cash	Flow from Investment Activities :				
Pagel	hase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(551.90)		(496.40)	
	of Property, Plant and Equipment	16.75		19.26	
	eeds from sale of Investment Property	85.93		306.61	
	(Purchase) of Investments	(8,572,58)		9,708.46	
-	dend on investment Received	1.33		7,7 00.40	
	Cash used in Investing Activities		(9,020.47)		9,537.9
			(3,020121)		2,02712
Lesue	Flow from Financing Activities : • of preference shares (net of issue expenses)			2,150.00	
	of Non-Covertible Debentures	2,500.00			
	ase/(Decrease) in borrowings	(328.27)		(12,190.94)	
	est paid	(1,878.36)		(1,568,63)	
	Cosh used in Financing Activities		293.37		(11,629.5
Net I	Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalent (A+B+C)		(2,859.13)		(6,275.8
Cash	and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period				
			40.00		
	the leanet		15.27		15.1
	nces in current account I Crait and and provinciants at the backwing of the period		5,320.67		11,546.
	l Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		5,335.94		11,901.1
	and cash equivalents at the end of the period				
	i in hand		15.49		15.3
Ralar	nces in current account		2.461.32		5,320.6
	I Cosh and cash equivalents at the end of the period		2,476.81		5.335.9

As per our report of even date altached For V. B. GOEL & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 115906W

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(Vikas Goel)

Partner Membership No. : 39287

Place: Mumbai Date: 3010512023

Kishone M Lorg. (Kishore Bang)

(Kishore Bang) Director DIN : 00797781

(Rekest Hugerdard) Director DIN: 01167387

N ECH (Namrata Pai) Company Secretary Membership No. A28477

Place: Mumbai Date: 30 05 120 2-3

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(A) Equity Share Capital

	(All anoun	nts in Rs. Lakins, un	(All amounts in Rs. Lakis, unless otherwise stated)
		For the year ended	2
SISTERNIE J	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022	April 01, 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	11.534	493.11	11.004
Changes in equity share capital during the year			'
Balance at the end of the year	493.11	493.11	11.60b

(B) Other Equity

			Reserves & Surplus	e Surplus			Other Compre	Other Comprehensive Income	
	Capital Reserve	Capital Reserve Securities Premium Retained Famings General Reserve	Retained Famings	General Ruserve	Debeature Rederaption Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Equity instructant through other comprehensive income	Actuarial gain/(losses) on post retirement benefit plans	Total Other Equity
	1,459.12	4,324.65	15,469.02	2,271.66	•	2,000.00	4,281.38	•	29,805.83
	ì		5,401.52	٠	1		•	1	5,401,52
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	Ľ				•		1,299.56	86.72	1,386.26
	1,459,12	4,324.65	20,870.54	2,271.66	•	200002	5,560.94	86.72	36,593.63
	1,459.12	597625'F	50/8/02	53271.66	•	2,000.00	5,560.94	86.72 :	36,593.63
	•		3,954,94		ì	'	ì	'	3,954,94
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	I		ı	I	1		122.68	40.92	163.59
Tratisfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve			(220,00)		250.00		•		
,	1,459.12	4,324.65	24,575.48	2271.66	20.00	2,000.00	5,703.61	127.64	40.712.16

For and on behalf of the Board (Kishore Bang) Director 18779700 : NIC Vect rose M Ź, 4.S.LAI Ô Ċ WUMBAI ŵ OEL ê As per our report of even date attached For V. B. COEL & CO NXON Firm Reg. No. 115906 W Membership No. : 39287 **Chartered Accountants** • Place: Munubai Date: 3.0.105f2023 (Vikas Goel) Partner 181

(Rajacy Blantan Direction DIN : 01167387

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Company Secretary Membership No. A28477 (Nanuata Pai)

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on September 12, 1997. The Company is registered with Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') under the Stock brokers and sub-brokers Regulations, 1992 and is a member of Bombay Stock Exchange Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Multi Commodity Exchangeof India Ltd, and National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange Limited. The Company acts as a stock broker and commodifies broker to execute proprietary trades and also trades on behalf of its clients which include retail customers (including high net worth individuals), mutual funds, foreign institutional investors, financial institutions and corporate clients. It is registered with Central Depository Services (India) Limited and National Securities Depository Limited in the capacity of Depository Participant

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The financial statements up to and including the year ended March 31, 2022 were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006 (as amended) under the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended), and other generally accepted accounting principles in India (collectively referred to as "Indian GAAP" or "Previous GAAP").

These financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 are the first financial statements of the Company under Ind AS. The transition to Ind AS has been carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 "First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards". Accordingly, the impact of transition has been recorded in the opening reserves as at April 1, 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared using the significant accounting policies and measurement bases summarized as below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements, except where the Company has applied certain accounting policies and exemptions upon transition to Ind AS.

(b) Preparation of financial statements

The company is covered in the definition of Non-Banking Financial Company as defined in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016. As per the format prescribed under Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 on October 2018 (as amended), the Company presents the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Changes in Equity in the order of liquidity. A maturity analysis of recovery or settlement of assets and liabilities within 12 months after the reporting date and more than 12 months after the reporting date is presented in note 54 of these financial statements.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Historical cost convention

The accompanying standalone financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ('GAAP') under the historical cost convention except for financial instruments and plan assets under the defined benefit plan which are measured at fair value at the end of reporting period as explained in the accounting policies given below. Further, nominal accounts are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated. This is to comply with the Indian Accounting Standard (to the extent applicable) as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent applicable).

(d) Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS which requires management to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and disclosures as of the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Accounting estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and could change from period to period. Appropriate changes in estimates are recognized in the period in which the Company becomes aware of the changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Any revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods. The estimates and judgments that have significant impact on carrying amount of assets and liabilities at each balance sheet date are discussed at note 3 of these financial statements.

(e) Revenue recognition

The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five step model asset out in Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, to determine when to recognize revenue and at what amount. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in the contract with a customer. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when services are provided and it is highly probable that a significant reversal of revenue is not expected to occur.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recognised when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

When (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, the Company recognizes as revenue the amount of the transaction price (excluding estimates of variable consideration) that is allocated to that performance obligation.

The Company applies the five-step approach for recognition of revenue:

- Identification of contract(s) with customers;
- Identification of the separate performance obligations in the contract;

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- Determination of transaction price;
- Allocation of transaction price to the separate performance obligations; and
- Recognition of revenue when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied.

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<u>NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED</u> Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

(i) Brokerage Income

It is recognised on trade date basis and is exclusive of goods and service tax and securities transaction tax (STT) wherever applicable.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income on a financial asset at amortised cost is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate ('EIR'). The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows of the financial assets through the expected life of the financial asset or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. The internal rate of return on financial assets after netting off the fees received and cost incurred approximates the effective interest rate method of return for the financial asset. The future cash flows are estimated taking into account all the contractual terms of the instrument.

(iii) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss on the date that the Company's right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be reliably measured. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Outstanding bank overdrafts are not considered integral part of the Company's cash management.

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. The cost of Property, Plant and Equipment comprises of purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to Statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

(h) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on written down value basis so as to write off the cost of assets over the useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company provides pro-rata depreciation from the date on which asset is acquired / put to use. In respect of assets sold, pro-rata depreciation is provided up to the date on which the asset is sold. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the term of underlying lease.

Class of asset	Estimated useful lives
Building (other than Factory Building)	60 years
Building (others)	3 years
Computers	3 years
Computers - Server and networks	6 years
Electrical Installations and Equipment	10 years
General Furniture & Fixture	10 years
Office Equipment's	5 years
Vehicle (Motor Car)	8 years
Vehicle (Others)	10 years
Leasehold Property	Amortised over the term of underlying lease

(i) Intangible Assets

Measurement at recognition:

Intangible assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefit attributable to the assets will flow to the Company and its cost can be reliably measured. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Expenditure incurred on acquisition/development of intangible assets which are not put/ready to use at the reporting date is disclosed under intangible assets under development. The Company amortizes intangible assets on a straight-line basis over the five years commencing from the month in which the asset is first put to use. The Company provides pro-rata amortization from the day the asset is put to use.

Class of asset	Estimated useful lives
Computer Software	5 years

Derecognition:

The carrying amount of an intangible asset is derecogrized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

(j) Investment Property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not used by the company for business purposes, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

(k) Lease

Company as a Lessee

The Company considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. The Company assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

The Company has adopted ind AS 116 "Leases" using the cumulative catch-up approach. Company has recognized Right of Use assets as at April 1, 2021 for leases previously classified as operating leases and measured at an amount equal to lease liability (adjusted for related prepayments/ accruals). The Company has discounted lease payments using the incremental borrowing rate for measuring the lease liability.

The Company depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Company also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed) and variable payments based on an index or rate.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It

is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

The Company has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognized as an operating expense in Statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

When the Company revises its estimate of the term of any lease, it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Company as a Lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the term of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

1) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past / future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

(m) Financial Instrument

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on trade date, the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

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At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are incremental and directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability, such as fees and commissions. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of profit and loss. Immediately after initial recognition, an expected credit loss allowance (ECL) is recognized for financial assets measured at amortized cost.

When the fair value of financial assets and liabilities differs from the transaction price on initial recognition, the entity recognizes the difference as follows:

- a) When the fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. a Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, the difference is recognized as a gain or loss.
- b) In all other cases, the difference is deferred and the timing of recognition of deferred day one profit or loss is determined individually. It is either amortized over the life of the instrument, deferred until the instrument's fair value can be determined using market observable inputs, or realized through settlement.

When the Company revises the estimates of future cash flows, the carrying amount of the respective financial assets or financial liability is adjusted to reflect the new estimate discounted using the original effective interest rate. Any changes are recognized in Statement of profit and loss.

Fair value of financial instruments:

Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purpose. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

Fair value measurements under Ind AS are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- a) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at measurement date
- b) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- c) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) that the Company can access at measurement date.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets and liabilities are disclosed in note 52 to these financial statements.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Financial assets

a) Classification and subsequent measurement

The Company has applied Ind AS 109 and classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); or
- Amortised cost.

1) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments
 of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. After initial measurement,
 such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate
 (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on
 acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included
 in interest income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2) Equity instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Company may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as revenue from operations in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Company has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognized in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognised as 'Revenue from operations' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

3) Investment in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are recognised at cost as per Ind AS 27. Except where investments accounted for at cost shall be accounted for in accordance with Ind AS 105, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, when they are classified as held for sale.

4) Investments in mutual funds

Investments in mutual funds are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

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b) Impairment

The Company recognizes impairment allowances using Expected Credit Losses ("ECL") method on all the financial assets that are not measured at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

ECL are probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

- Financials assets that are not credit impaired as the present value of all cash shortfalls that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.
- Financials assets with significant increase in credit risk as the present value of all cash shortfalls . that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial assets.
- Financials assets that are credit impaired as the difference between the gross carrying amount . and the present value of estimated cash flows.

Financial assets are written off/fully provided for when there is no reasonable of recovering financial assets in its entirety or a portion thereof.

However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Company's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Financial liabilities

a) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of

the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

b) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss is measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(n) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

(o) Impairment of non financial assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite lives may be impaired. If any such impairment exists the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Intangible assets not yet available for use, are tested for impairment annually at each balance sheet date, or earlier, if there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

As at March 31, 2023, none of the Company's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets were considered impaired.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

(p) Borrowing Cost

Expenses related to borrowing cost are accounted using effective interest rate. Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. The difference between the discounted amount mobilised and redemption value of commercial papers is recognised in the statement of profit and loss over the life of the instrument using the EIR.

(q) Employee Benefits

a) Short-term obligations

Short-term employee benefits are recognized as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year in which the related services are rendered. The Company recognises the costs of bonus payments when it has a present obligation to make such payments as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Compensated Absences

The Company does not have a policy of encashment of unavailed leaves for its employees. Further, as per the policy of the company, balance leaves unutilised as at the end of the financial year is not carry forward. Therefore, no provision in this regards is made in the financial statement.

b) Post-employment obligations

Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution paid/payable to the recognised provident fund and Employee State Insurance Corporation, which is a defined contribution scheme, is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

Defined benefit

Gratuity is post-employment benefit and is in the nature of defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of defined benefit obligation at the Balance Sheet date together with the adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gain or losses and the past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is calculated at or near the Balance Sheet date by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses comprise experience adjustment and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

(r) Foreign Currency Translation

a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

b) Translation and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are recognized in profit or loss.

(s) Earning per shares

a) Basic Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the total comprehensive income for the period (excluding other comprehensive income) attributable to equity share holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus element in equity shares issued during the year.

b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the total comprehensive income for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period as adjusted for the effects of all diluted potential equity shares except where the results are antidilutive.

(t) Taxation

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses. Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

a) Current Tax

Current tax is measured at the amount of tax expected to be payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are off set when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

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b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax liabilities are not recognized for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiaries and associates where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax

assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

(u) Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost. Expected future operating losses are not provided for.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

(v) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirements.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

(w) Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

(x) Recent Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statement.

3 Key accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Any changes to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are included in the following notes:

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

- a) Business Model Assessment: Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI (Solely Payments of Principal and Interest) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed. The Company monitors financial assets measured at anortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), where the assets are managed in accordance with an approved investment strategy that triggers purchase and sale decisions based on the fair value of such assets. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value being recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.
- b) Provision and contingent liability: On an ongoing basis, Company reviews pending cases, claims by third parties and other contingencies. For contingent losses that are considered probable, an estimated loss is recorded as an accrual in financial statements. Loss Contingencies that are considered possible are not provided for but disclosed as Contingent liabilities in the financial statements. Contingencies the likelihood of which is remote are not disclosed in the financial statements. Gain contingencies are not recognized until the contingency has been resolved and amounts are received or receivable.
- c) Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method : The Company's EIR methodology, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioral life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the financial instruments.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgment regarding the expected behavior and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes to India's base rate and other fee income/ expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

d) Allowance for impairment of financial asset: The Company applies expected credit loss model (ECL) for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether the loans have been impaired. The Company is exposed to credit risk when the customer defaults on his contractual obligations. For the computation of ECL, the loan receivables are classified into three stages based on the default and the ageing outstanding. The Company recognises life time expected credit loss for trade receivables and has adopted simplified method of computation as per Ind AS 109. The Company considers outstanding overdue for more than 90 days for calculation of expected credit loss.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

- e) Recognition of deferred tax assets: Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax-loss carry forwards and unused tax credits to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit is probable. The assessment of the probability with regard to the realisation of the tax benefit involves assumptions based on the history of the entity and budgeted data for the future.
- f) Defined benefit plans: The cost of defined benefit plans and the present value of the defined benefit obligations are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long - term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.
- g) Property, plant and equipment and Intangible Assets: Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values as per schedule Π of the Companies Act, 2013 or are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes, whichever is more appropriate.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Note	Particulars	As at	s in Rs. Lakhs, unless As at	As at
No.		31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021
4	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash on hand Balances with banks	15.49	15.27	15.12
	In surrent accounts	2,449.68	5,287.27	11,546.64
	Fixed Deposit with Bank (Maturity within 3 months)* **	1,045.56	20,019.94	9,898.69
	Bank overdrafts	11.64	33.40	
	*Fixed deposits are pledged with banks for bank guarantee and with stock exchange as margin is Rs. 1,045.56 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 20,019.94 Lakhs) ** Balance of fixed deposit also includes interest accrued on fixed			
	deposit			
	TOTAL	3,522.37	25,355.88	21,460.44
5	BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (4) ABOVE	·		
	Fixed deposit with original maturity more than 3 months but		10 000 00	
	less than 12 months* ** Fixed Deposit with maturity more than 12 months* **	56,556.49 13,526.23	48,298.22 6,766.07	35,489.80 955.14
	*Fixed Deposits pledged with following: with banks for bank guarantee and with slock exchange as unargin is Rs. 68,144.34 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 52,780.98 Lakhs) with banks for overdraft facility Rs. 1,917.36 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 2,263.32 Lakhs) with PFRDA for registration Rs. 21.02 Lakhs (P.Y. 20.00 Lakhs)			
	** Balance of fixed deposit also includes interest accrued on fixed			
	deposit			
	TOTAL	70,082.72	55,064.30	36,444.94
6	TRADE RECEIVABLES			
	Considered good - Secured*	15,349.16	20,414.71	14,627.76
	Considered good - Unsecured	573.60	2,043.68	1,792.34
	Trade Receivables - Credit impaired	99 7.78	720.36	1,019.61
	Less : Allowance for Impairment loss	(696.26)	(617.81)	(729.02
	TOTAL	16,224.28	22,560.94	16,710.69
	*Secured against securities given as collateral by the customer			
	a) Debts due from directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person	Nil	Nil	Nil
	b) Debts due from firms including LLPs or private companies in which director is partner, director or member	Nil	0.02	0.02
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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

c) Trade receivables agoing schedule

Ageing for trade receivables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at March 31, 2023

	- Internation	These there ? we wanted	1 7 110000	A D Variation	6 Minuths . Treas	I acc than 6 months 6 Months - 1 ware				
Tatel	1,055		fue date of payment	ving periods from d	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment		Not Dae	Unbilled Dues	Particulars	Sc. No.
therapise stated)	addus, unless al	(All amounts in R.s. Lakie, unless otherwise stated)								
					51	he category as at March 31, 2022	ach of the categ	te of payment for e	Ageing for trade receivables from the due date of payment for each of th	Ageing I
16,224,28	(696.26)	796.81	144.30	51.53	167.82	15,605.66	•	154.42	Total Trade Receivables	
'	'	•	•	•	-	-		'	impaired	;
							,	1	Disputed Trade Receivables - credit	4
									creelit risk	
'	1	,	•	•	,	1	•	ı	which have significant incease in	ŝ
									Disputed Trade Receivables -	
'	'	•	•			-	-	,	considered good	,
									Disputed Trade receivables -	7
301.53	(97:949)	007//	10.101		17:01	4-100	-		credit impaired	,
				57 LL	HC 51	77 6			Undisputed Trade Receivables -	"
									credit risk	
•		•		,		1	1)	which have significant increase in	сı
									Utulisputed Trade Receivables -	1
15,972.76	·	C1.157	1771	20.01	10.5413		-	76:201	considered good	•
			F	10 11	12 FEA 61	14 5 5 5 4	1	154.47	Undisputed Trade receivables -	-
1001	allowance	More than 3 years	2 - 3 years	1 - 2 Years	6 Months - 1 year	Less than 6 months			-	
70. ac. 1	sor	-	dae dale of paymen	wing periods from (Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment		Not Due	Unbilled Ducs	Particulars	Sc. No.
therrorise stated)	Lakhs, unless o	(All amounts in Rs. Lakks, unless otherwise stated)								

o l					8			(A il amounts in R.s. Loklus, unless otherwise stated)	Loklis, unless of	theravise stated)
Sc. No.	0. Particulars	Inhilled Duck	Nat Theo		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	ving periods from	due date of paymen	t.	1055	
				Less than 6 months	Less than 6 months 6 Months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	allowance	1 OKal
-	Undisputed Trade receivables -	UF CPL		11 506 0.2	24-04-	02.01	5	Le Hire		
	considered good	11-71-0		707007177	51°2	90°%I	11.00	01.3/2	•	65:9CF/27
	Undisputed Trade Receivables -									
-	which have significant incease in	'		,	I	•	I	,	'	
	credit risk			_						
P	Undisputed Trade Receivables -			10.01		4 U F	ČL.			
6	credit impaired	-	(10.21	1471C	17.19	1976)	400-43	(187/19)	102.50
-	Disputed Trade receivables -									
r	considered good	•	,		I	•	1	'	'	,
	Disputed Trade Receivables -									
LC3	which have significant incease in	I	I	'	•	'	•	•	,	'
	credit risk									
4	Disputed Trade Rizeivables - credit				-					
, 	linpaired				•	•	•	•	•	•
	Total Trade Receivables	342.40	-	21,507.02	71,20	166.77	46.89	744.48	(617.81)	22,560.94

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalanc furnicial statements

c) Trade receivables ageing schedule

Ageing for trade receivables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at April 01, 2021

Sr. No.	Particulars	Linbilled Daws	Not Due		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	ving periods from a	lue date of paymen	-	Loss allowance	E
				Less than 6 months	Less than 6 months 6 Months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		E10T
	Undisputed Trade receivables -	FIL PUC		US F00 51	31.221	OI DC	orec			
	considered good			DOLATION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	01777	41.42	04.9	//10	,	16,420,10
	Undisputed Trade Receivables -									
	which have significant incease in	•	'	,	'	1	,		•	ı
-	crotlit risk									
	Undisputed Trade Receivables -					4				
	credit impaired			SEX1	06-11	64, 43	3/:061	736.52	(20.622)	56062
	Disputed Trade receivables -									
	considered good			•		,		,	'	•
Γ	Disputed Trade Receivables -									
	which have significant incease in		ł	'	,	,	'		•	1
	credit risk									
	Disputed Trade Receivables - credit									
	ເຄາຊາທີ່	'	•		•		•	•	1	1
	Total Trade Receivables	205.03		16 011 92	00'081	61.23	JUE JUE	04 482	ATTAC AND A	16 910 60

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Note			Rs. Lakits, unless of	
No.	Particulars	As at	As at	As at
140.		31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021
7	LOANS			
	<u>At amortised cost</u>			
	(A) Others			
	Margin trading facility	4,700.96	3,898.83	4,385.80
	Loans to employee	252.03	198.23	144.80
	TOTAL (A) GROSS	4,952.99	4,097.06	4,530.60
	Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.84)	(4.64)	(2.53)
	TOTAL (A) NET	4,948.15	4,092.42	4,528.07
	(B) Secured/Unsecured			
	Secured	2,596.91	1,688.59	2,581.65
	Unsecured	2,356.08	2,408,47	1,948.95
	TOTAL (B) GROSS	4,952.99	4,097.06	4,530.60
	Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.84)	(4.64)	(2.53)
	TOTAL (B) NET	4,948.15	4,092.42	4,528.07
	(C) Loan In India			
	Public Sector	-	-	_
	Others	4,952.99	4,097.06	4,530.60
	TOTAL (C) GROSS	4,952.99	4.097.06	4,530.60
	Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.84)	(4.64)	(2.53)
	TOTAL (C) NET	4,948.15	4,092.42	4,528.07

(D) There are no outstanding loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and their related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:(i) repayable on demand; or

(ii) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

(E) Summary of loans by stage distribution

		(All amounts in R	s. Laklis, unless otl	erwise stated)
As at March 31, 2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount	4,952.99	-		4,952,99
Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.84)	-		(4.84)
Net carrying amount	4,948,15			4,948.15
As at March 31, 2022	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount	4,097.06	-		4,097.06
Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.64)	-	-	(4.64)
Net carrying amount	4,092.42			4,092.42
As at April 01 2021	Ete au d	<u>Class 0</u>		

As at April 01, 2021	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount	4,530.60			4,530.60
Less : Impairment loss allowance	(2.53)	-	-	(2.53)
Net carrying amount	4,528.07	-	-	4,528.07

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

- **INVESTMENTS** 00
- (A) At amortised Cost
- (i) Investment in unquoted equity instruments (subsidiary)

	No. of shares		DESCRIPTION		Amount in Lakhs	
As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021		As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
58,02,000 1,95,49,000	58,02,000 1,95,49,000	58,02, 000	Nirmal Bang Equities Private Limited Nirmal Bang Insurance Broking Private Limited	702.68	702.68	702.68
		Sub Total	lial	898.17	698.17	702.68

As at 31-03-2023	No. of shares As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021	DESCRIPTION	As at 31-03-2023	Amount in Lakhs As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
50,90,000	50,90,000	50,90,000	50,90,000) Mindset Securities Private Limited 15,00,000 Stresth Securities Private Limited Less : Impairment in value of investments	509.00 150.00 (150.00)	509.00 150.00 (150.00)	509.00 150.00 (150.00)

(iii) Investment in unqouted preference shares (subsidiary)

	As at 01-04-2021	2,100.00	2,100.00
Amount in Lakhs	As at 31-03-2022	I	
	As at 31-03-2023		
DESCRIPTION		8% Cumulative Redeenable Preference Shares of Nirmal Bang Equities Private Limited	stal
	As at 01-04-2021	2,10,00,000	Sub Total
No. of shares	As at 31-03-2022		
	As at 31-03-2023		

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

- INVESTMENTS ¢¢
- (B) At Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income
- (i) Investment in unquoted equity instruments

021	5,318.69	5,318.69
As: 01-04-2		
As at 31-03-2022	6,786.12	6,786,12
As af 31-03-2023	6,924.64	6,924.64
	Bang Securities Private Limited	ેબંર્વો
As af 01-04-2021	1,03,862	SubT
As at 31-03-2022	1,03,862	
As at 31-03-2023	1,03,362	
	As at As at As at 31-03-2022 01-04-2021 31-03-2023	As at Bs at <th< td=""></th<>

- (C) At fair value through profit or loss

	No. of units		DESCRIPTION		Amount in Lakhs	
As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021		As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
,		12,239	12,239 Nippon India liquid Fund - Growth Plan		 	61159
I	1	2,58,383	2,58,383 [ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund - Growth Plan		,	782.93
I	I	74,611	Aditya Birla Sunlife Money Manager Fund - Institutional Growth		ı	212.57
	1	73,226	73,226 Axis Money Market Fund - Regular Growth Plan	I	,	808.44
	ì	50,599	50,599 HDFC Money Market Pund - Regular Growth Plan	ł	I	2,235.27
	ţ	6,24,904	6,24,904 [ICICI Prudential Money Market Fund - Growth Plan	,	•	1,831.03
1		31,38,555	SBI Savings Fund - Regular Growth	'	,	1,021.91
7,25,820	,	'	Trust Overnight Fund	7,701.09	4	
1,00,000			Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund - Crisil Overnight		•	
			Fund	1,000.00		
		Sub Total	lal	8,701.09		7,503.74
		Total		17.032.00	010210	16 124 10

Out of the above In India Outside India

16,134.10

8,193.29

17,032.90

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	<i>Rs. Lakhs, unless o</i> As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
9	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS			
	Security Deposits			
	With Exchanges and Depositories	757.90	458.15	593.1
	For Rented premises	209.91	201.30	179.6
	Other deposits	4.48	4.48	6.8
	Deposit paid under Arbitration award (under dispute) Amount recoverable from exchanges, clearing houses and	111.93	109.35	47,4
	depositories	77.75	287.64	99.5
	Other Receivables	7.99	9.85	0.3
	Error Trade Stock			
	(at fair value through profit & loss)	1,79	1.76	1.2
	TOTAL	1,171.76	1,072.53	928.2
	Impairment loss allowance recognised on other financial assets	Nil	2.50	2.5
10	CURRENT TAX ASSETS			
	Prepaid taxes (net of provisions) (Net of provision for tax of Rs. 2,734.49 Lakhs, Previous year: 2,181.79 Lakhs)	93.61	238.19	167.9
	TOTAL	93.61	238.19	167.9
11	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			
	Land at Sanand			
	Balance at the beginning of the year Add : Additions during the year	145.59	334.63	334.6
	Less : Deduction during the year	(145.59)	- (189.04)	-
	TOTAL	-	145.59	334.6
	a) Impairment loss allowance recognised on Investment Property	Nil	NII	Nil
	b) The company does not hold any investment property whose title			
	deads are not held in the name of the company			

deeds are not held in the name of the company.

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12 ROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

As on March 31, 2023		CROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	ING AMOUNT	
Particutars	As on	Addition	Deduction	
	01.04.2022			31.

As on March 31, 2023								(All aurone	(All aurantes in Re-Lathe values efforming stand)	o officeries elected
		GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	NC AMOUNT			ACCUMULATE	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		NET CARRYING AMOUNT	IC AMOUNT
Particutars	As on	Addition	Deduction	A5 OR	As on	For the	Deductions	As on	As ou	Ason
	01.M.202			31.46.2023	01.04.2022	Year		31.03.2023	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Property Plant and Equipments										
Buikting (Office premise)	127.65	,	,	127.65	71.37	2.66	,	74.03	53.61	54 JR
Computers	1,067.38	127.06	12.69	1,124,666	11.1490	141.62	88.40	1,000,33	124.33	143.74
Electric Fitting	61.06	•	5.96	58.11	55.64	2.97	5.86	277	5.38	R43
Furniture & Fixtures	575.63	2.92	38.16	540.39	539.28	12,42	37.63	514.07	26.33	20 H
Office Equipments	523.91	39.64	91.43	502.12	461.33	52.31	89.54	444.10 I	20.92	27.58
Right of Use Assets (Office Premise)	2,183.18	314.90	'	2,498.09	562.20	611.97	1	1.174.17	1325.92	16/0488
Vehicles	661.08	65.29	106.36	117239	385.50	101.69	96.72	390.47	231.64	275.58
Sub-Total	5,252.91	551.90	331.67	5,473.13	3,039.43	928.64	318.17	3,649,89	\$7:EZ8/1	2,213.48
Other Intangible Assets										
Computer Software	34.60		1	36.400	0F21	7.20	,	24.60	01.40	18.60
Sab-Total	36.00			99.95	0F/L1	7.20	•	24.60	11.40	13.60
Tetals	5 798 91	51 BL	212 21	C E00 13	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
		B-100		CTI-CTIC'E	concerce.	MUCEK	318.17	3,674.49	1,834.64	2,232.08

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NIRMAL BANG SECORIJI	Notes to Acconuts are intrys

12 PROPERTY, IT ANT & EQUIPAIENT

		CROSS CARRY	RYTING AMOUNT			ACCUMULATEL	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		NET CARRYING ANOUNT	VC AMOUNT
Particulars	AS QU	Addition	Deduction	A5 00:	A5 00	For the	Deductions	Ason	A5 00	As on
	01.04.2021			2202.50.15	01.04.2021	Year		31.03.2022	31.03-2022	1202.60.16
Cropecty Plant and Equipments_										
Building (Office prenise)	127,65			127.65	68.58	2.79	,	71.37	56.26	29:07
Computers	<u>577.22</u>	15931	43.95	1,067.38	£73.74	163.64	43.26	1146	143.27	E48.49
Electric Filing	60.21	3.85		61.06	52.21	3.43	•	55.64	S.43	8.00
Fiamiture & Fixtures	562.12	14.02	0.51	575.63	526.46	13.22	0.50	539.28	36.36	35.67
(30រំបទ ៥ចុងស្វាចរសាទ	LT:581	20.13	444	16,833	41S.11	37.75	£0 F	481.33	72.58	40.15
Right of Use Assets (Office Premise)	2,101.95	\$1.23	•	2,183.18	,	562.30	,	562,21)	1,620,58	2,101.95
Vehicles	585.95	168.15	92.92	661.08	361.07	83. 1 8	36.45	385.54	275.58	204.88
Sub-Total	85-316-87.4	496,40	141.87	167223	2,300,16	873.50	134.24	3,039.43	2,213,48	2,996.21
Other Intangible Assets		_			_					
Coarywler Software	34,00	,	,	- 01.1%	02.01	7:20		17.4U	38.60	25.80
SafeTotal	8%	1		94' %	10.20	67.7	,	17.40	18.60	25.80
Totals	6.934.38	050.00	141.87	5 285 91	2110 16	800.70	NC NEL	3 062 02	00.000.0	

As on April, 01 2021

Particulars Pronecty Mand Equinorents			
Pronesty 13 and Equisments	Gross Carrying Amound us un 01.04.2021	Accumulated Depreciation as pn 01.04.2021	Net Carrying Amount as on 01.04.2021
Computers	972.27	823.74	64°SEI.
Electric Figling	60.21	52.21	\$.00
Forniture & Fixtures	562.12	526.46	35.67
Office Equipacents	12821	148.11	1015
Office Premises	127,65	68.58	10.65
ROU Asset	2,101,95	,	2,001,95
Vehicles	585.95	361.07	204.55
Sub-total	4,994,38	3E10016-1	1299.27
hidaogüsle Assels			
Compater Software	90'92	10:20	25.80
Sub-total	90/9C	10.00	25.80
T 04.815	4,934,38	2,310,36	2,625,03

(0. The company does not fuld any inneurable property rulies while in the nume of the company. Further, in one of sight to use resels, all the forse uprevents are fully exercised in forour of the Company for properties rules the Company is the fosser.

(ii) The Compary this not reactive its Property. Plant and Equipment and Equipment and internetive the Company last adopted as a adopted as the normaliang policy to an entrice these of Property. Plant and Equipment and intergedue assets in according to find the AS to Further, iken: Iws krew we expression through musikess rowlimpice alwing the year.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

		(All amounts in	s in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated	
Note No.	Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
13	OTHER NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
	Capital Advances for investment property	-		226.69
	Prepaid Expenses	479.06	366.73	298.55
	Inventory of Voice Loggers	-	0.59	0.59
	Advance for expenses	26.55	146.05	26.44
	Less: Impairment loss allowance	(7.41)	-	-
	TOTAL	498,21	513.37	552.27
14	TRADEPAYABLE			
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (a) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	15.12	4.79	33.08
	small enterprises	1,293.61	1,491.21	1,274.84
	TOTAL	1,308.74	1,496.00	1,307.92

Notes :

a) Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

SI. No.	Particulars	As at	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
(i)	Principal and interest amount remaining unpaid	11.52	4.59	23.15
(ii)	Interest due thereon remaining unpaid	-	-	-
(iii)	Interest paid by the Company in terms of Sections 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made		-	
(iv)	Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Act, 2006	-		
(v)	Interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises			

Note : Identification of micro and small enterprises is based on the intimations received from vendors

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NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Ĭσ.	Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	et Rs. Lakhs, unless : As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
				01.01.0001
15	DEBT SECURITIES			
	At amortised cost :			
	Other (Unsecured)			
	Market Linked redeemable non-convertible debenture*	2,500.00	-	-
	TOTAL (A)	2,500.00	4	
	Debt securities in India Debt securities outside India	2,500.00		-
			-	
	TOTAL (B)	2,500.00	· ·	
	*Particulars of Market Linked redeemable non-convertibl No. of debentures issued	e debentures 250.00		
	Face value of debentures (in Rs.)	10,00,000.00		
	Date of redemption	05-03-2024		
	The Coupon rate is linked to the performance of 10 year Go -6.54% G5 2032 (ISIN: IN0020210244)	vernment security		
6	BORROWINGS (OTHER THAN DEBT SECURITIES)			
	At amortised cost :			
	(a) Term Loan :			
	Vehicle loan from bank (Secured)*	77	84.69	-
	* The rate of interest on the above term loan is 7.2%			
	The aforesaid term loan from bank was secured by			
	hypothecation of vehicles repayable in 60 monthly instalments			
	from the disbursement of the lonn.			
	Financial Year F.Y. 2023-24		Amount	
	F. 1. 2023-24 F.Y. 2024-25		18.15 19.50	
	F.Y. 2025-26		20.95	
	F.Y. 2026-27		9.18	
	Total		67.80	
	(b) Loans repayable on demand Overdraft from bank (Secured)*	-	-	7,476.40
	(c) Loans from related parties (Unsecured)	-	-	4,395.00
	TOTAL (A)		84.69	
				11,871.4(
	Borrowing in India Borrowing outside India	•	84.69	11,871.40
	TOTAL (B)		84.69	11,871.40
	TOTAL (B) Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others			
	Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others Amount of any personal securities given by promoter, other	Nil	Nil	11,871.40 7,476.40
	Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others			
7	Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others Amount of any personal securities given by promoter, other shareholders or any third party DEPOSITS	Nil	Nil	7,476.40
7	Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others Amount of any personal securities given by promoter, other shareholders or any third party	Nil	Nil	7,476.40
7	Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others Amount of any personal securities given by promoter, other shareholders or any third party DEPOSITS At Amortised cost:	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	7,476.40 Nil
7	Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others Amount of any personal securities given by promoter, other shareholders or any third party DEPOSITS <u>At Amortised cost:</u> Deposit from Sub brokers	Nii Nii 1,146.75	Nil Nil 1,258.30	7,476.40 Nil 1,158.16
7	Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others Amount of any personal securities given by promoter, other shareholders or any third party DEPOSITS <u>At Amortised cost:</u> Deposit from Sub brokers	Nii Nii 1,146.75	Nil Nil 1,258.30	7,476.40 Nil 1,158.10

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

		 (All amounts	in Rs. Lakhs, unles	s otherwise stated)
Note	Particulars	As at	As at	As at
No.		 31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021

18 SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES

Preference Shares other than those that qualify as equity*	2,250.00	2,250.00	100.00
TOTAL	2,250.00	2,250.00	100.00
Out of the above In India Outside India	2,250.00	2,250.00	100.00
TOTAL	2,250.00	2,250.00	100.00

*Particulars of Preference Shares

7.5% Convertible Redeemable Cumulative preference sh	iares o	of Rs.10 eac	ch fully paid up :
Th			

Particulars	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
No. of Shares	10,00,000.00	15,00,000.00
Allotment Date	25-07-2012	27-05-2021
Proposed Redemption Date	25-07-2029	27-05-2041

8% Convertible Redeemable Cumulative preference shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up :

Particulars	No. of Shares
No. of Shares	2,00,00,000.00
Allotment Date	27-05-2021
Proposed Redemption Date	25-05-2041

19 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

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21

Advance received from debtors for trading & as margin Interest accrued but not due	6 2,38 3.61	72,558.04	50,574.66
on debt securities	142.47		
on subordinated liabilities	178.75	152.48	-
on borrowings	470.70	2.27	-
Employee dues Payable	729.29	666.39	38.20 670.62
Exchange dues payable	182.75	250.47	230.64
Dividend and interest payable to customers	624,36	488.47	110.16
Lease Liability	1,484.84	1,726.14	2,094.44
Provision for Unspent CSR expense	13.71	1,720.14	
Provision for Legal Cases	9.28	9.28	- 9.28
Other payables	3.10	3.80	21.17
TOTAL	65,754.14	75,857.33	53,749.17
CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES			
Income tax provison (net of prepaid taxes)* *(Net of advance tax of Rs.1,319.55 lakits Previous year: 1,722.89)	222.43	263.61	225.78
TOTAL	222.43	263.61	225.78
PROVISION			
Provision for Employee Benefit			
- Gratuity	411.55	424.15	418.67
TOTAL	411.55	424.15	418.67
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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

		(All amounts i.	n Rs. Lakhs, unless	otherwise stated
Note No.	Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
22	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)			
	Deferred tax assets Depreciation	- 07 00	101.10	
		197.99	191.49	190.6
	Expected credit loss allowance	178.32	156.66	184.1
	Ind AS adjustment on ROU Assets and Lease liabilitie	40.50	26.47	-
	Unrealised fair value loss on error trade stock		-	0.0
	Deferred tax liabilities			
	Unrealised fair value gain on investments held at FVOCI	736.78	720.93	553.0
	Ind AS adjustment on ROU Assets and Lease liabilities		-	1.8
	Unrealised fair value gain on investments held at FVTPL	0.27		29.8
	Unrealised fair value gain on error trade stock	0.06	4.05	
	Sincalised fair value gaar on error frate stock	0.06	0.05	-
	TOTAL	320.31	346.36	210.0

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Changes in deferred tax liabilities recorded in profit or		
loss		
Depreciation Expected credit loss allowance Ind AS adjustment on ROU Assets and Lease liabilitie	(6.50) (21.66) (14.03)	(0.84) 27.46 (28.35)
Unrealised fair value changes on investments held at FVTPL	0.27	(29.88)
Unrealised fair value changes on error trade stock	0.01	0.06
	(41.90)	(31.55)
Changes in deferred tax liabilities recorded in Other comprehensive income		
Unrealised fair value gain on unquoted securities held as investments	15.85	167.87
	15.85	167.87

23 OTHER NON-FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Statutory Dues Payable Advance received for Investment Property	289.46	401.40	320.30 225.00
TOTAL	289.46	401.40	545.30
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------2 Notes

Note		Face value	As at	at	As at	-	Asat	
No.	Particulars	per share	March 31,2023	1,2023	March 31, 2022	2022	April 01, 2021	2021
		Kupees	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
24 - EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	RE CAPITAL							
Authorised								
Equity Shares		10	60,00,000	600.009	60,00,000	600.009	60.09.000	600.00
Preference shares	તાર ્ડ	10	2,25,00,000	2,250.00	2,25,00,000	2,250.00	2,25,00,000	2,250.00
	TOTAL		1 1	2,850.00		2,850.00	11	2,850.00
Issued, Subsc	Issued, Subscribed and fully Paid up							
Equily Shares		10	49,31,070	11.694	49,31,070	493.11	49,31,070	493.11
	TOTAL		1 1	493.11	11	493.11	1	493.11
Reconciliation	(a) Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at		the beginning and at the end of the Reporting Period :	of the Reporting Per	iod:			
	Particulars		As af	As at	Asat			
			31-03-2023 No. of Shares	31-03-2022 No. of Shares	01-04-2021 No. of Shares			

Opening Balance Issued during the year Closing Balance (a)

Equity Shares

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Terrusfrights/restrictions attached to equity shares

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. Dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Director is subject to the approval of the share holders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

49,31,070

49,31,070

49,31,070

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49,31,070

In the event of Liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) The company does not have any holding/ultimate holding company.

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Particulars	As at 31-03-2023 (No of Shares)	As at 31-03-2022 (No of Shares)	As at 01-04-2021 (No of Shares)
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each			
Kishore Bang & Suman Bang	8,98,390	8,98,390	13,26,840
Dilip Bang & Kishore Bang	-	_	4,68,600
Dilip Bang & Anju Bang	8,98,955	8,98,955	•
Bang Securities Private Limited	9,25,605	9,25,605	9,25,605
Mindset Securities Private Limited	8,38,200	8,38,200	8,38,200
Bang Equity Broking Private Limited	7,36,700	7,36,700	7,36,700
Shresth Tech Solutions Limited	2,71,800	2,71,800	2,71,800

Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back (e) during the period of five years immediately preceeding the reporting date

Particulars	As at 31-03-2023 No. of Shares	As at 31-03-2022 No. of Shares	As at 01-04-2021 No. of Shares
Equity shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contracts for consideration other than cash			
Equity Shares bought back by the company		-	-
Equity Shares alloted as fully paid bonus shares	-	-	

(f) Shareholding of Promoters

The details of the shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2023 are as follows :

Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Kishore Bang and Suman Bang	8,98,390	18.22%	0.00%
Dilip Bang and Anju Bang	8,98,955	18.23%	0.00%
Total	17,97,345	36.45%	

The details of the shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2022 are as follows :

Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Kishore Bang and Suman Bang	8,98,390	18.22%	-32.29%
Dilip Bang and Anju Bang	8,98,955	18.23%	100.00%
Total	17,97,345	36.45%	

The details of the shares held by promoters as at April 01, 2021 are as follows :

Promoter Name	No. of Shares	(% of total Shares)
Kishore Bang and Suman Bang	13,26,840	26.91%
Total	13,26,840	26.91%

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	n Rs. Lakhs, unless of As at	As at
		31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021
25	OTHER EQUITY			
a)	Capital Reserve			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year Addition for the year	1,459.12	1,459.12	1,459.12
	Balance as at the end of the year	1,459.12	1,459.12	1,459.12
b)	Securities Premium Reserve			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year Addition for the year	4,324.65	4,324.65	4,324.65
	Balance as at the end of the year	4,324.65	4,324.65	4,324.65
c)	Retained Earnings			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	20,870.54	15,469.02	12,473.52
	Add : Profit for the year	3,954.94	5,401.52	2,995.51
	Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve	250.00		-
	Balance as at the end of the year	24,575.48	20,870.54	15,469.02
	<u>Other Reserves</u>			
d)	General Reserve			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year Addition for the year	2,271.66	2,271.66	2,271.66
	Balance as at the end of the year	2,271.66	2,271.66	2,271.66
e)	Debenture Redemption Reserve			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	-	-	-
	Addition for the year	250.00	-	-
	Balance as at the end of the year	250.00	-	
f)	Capital Redemption Reserve			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year Addition for the year	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
	Balance as at the end of the year	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
g)	Equity instruments through other comprehensive income			
0/	Balance as at the beginning of the year	5,580.94	4,281.38	
	Addition for the year	122.68	1,299,56	4,281.38
	Balance as at the end of the year	5,703.61	5,580.94	4,281.38
h)	Other Comprehensive Income			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	86.72		-
	Addition for the year	40.92	86.72	
	Balance as at the end of the year	127.64	86.72	-
	TOTAL	40,712.16	36,593.63	29,805.83

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Nature and Purpose of Reserves

a) Capital Reserve

Amounts set aside from retained profits as a reserve to be utilised for permissible general purpose as per Law.

b) Securities Premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. It can be utilised only for limited purposes in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

c) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings represents profits that the company earned till date, less any transfers to General Reserve, Statutory Reserves, Dividends and other distributions paid to the shareholders.

d) General Reserve

Amounts set aside from retained profits as a reserve to be utilised for permissible general purpose as per Law.

c) Debenture Redemption Reserve

Amounts set aside from retained profits as a reserve to be utilised for redemption of debentures as per the Company law.

f) Capital Redemption Reserve

Capital Redemption Reserve is created as per the provisions of section 55 of the Act, where an amount equal to the nominal value of shares redeemed needs to be transferred to capital redemption reserve when the redemption of preference shares is out of profits.

e) Other Comprehensive Income

Other comprehensive income consist of remeasurement gains / losses on defined benefit plans, gain / (loss) of equity instruments carried through FVOCI.

26 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & COMMITMENTS

- The company has given guarantee for non-fund based loan taken by subsidiary company "Nirmal Bang Equifies Pvt. Ltd." amounting to Rs. 1,750.00 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 1,250.00 Lakhs).
- (ii) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt Rs. 1,272.63 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 327.67 Lakhs).

It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings as it is determinable only on receipt of judgments/decisions pending with various forums/authorities.

The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.

(iii) Demand in respect of income tax matters for which appeal is pending is Rs. 319.58 lakhs i.e. Rs. 7.55 lakhs for assessment year 14-15 and Rs. 312.03 lakhs for assessment year 2018-19 (Previous year Rs. 319.58 lakhs). This is disputed by the Company and hence not provided for in the books of accounts. The Company has paid tax in protest of Rs. 63.00 lakhs for assessment year 2018-19 (Previous year Rs. 319.58 lakhs). This is disputed by the Company and hence not provided for in the books of accounts. The Company has paid tax in protest of Rs. 63.00 lakhs for assessment year 2018-19 (Previous year Rs. 63.00 lakhs). Above liability does not include interest u/s 234B and 234C from the date of demand notice till date as the same depends on the outcome of the demand.

The Company is contesting the demands and the management believes that its position will likely be upheld in the appellant process. No tax expenses has been accrued in the financial statement for the tax demand raised. The management believes that ultimate outcome of this proceeding will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Particulars	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	31-03-2023	31-03-2022
EREST INCOME		
Financial asset measured at amortised cost		
rest on deposits with banks	3,826.88	3,491.0
rest on loans	3.67	4.0
er Interest Income on :		
gin Funding & Delayed payment by customers	5,380.85	4,580.9
rest on security deposits	20.29	18.1
TOTAL	9,231.69	8,094.1
IDEND INCOME		
idend income from Investment	1.33	
TOTAL	1.33	-
S AND COMMISSION INCOME		
kerage and fees income		
kerage income	21,394.74	24,090.8
ository income	391.62	384.6
TOTAL	21,786.35	24,475.4
GAIN ON FAIR VALUE CHANGE		
gain /(loss) on financial instruments at fair value th	rough profit or loss	
lised	127.40	299.7
ealised gain/ (loss)	1.11	0.5
TOTAL	128.51	300.2
HER OPERATING INCOME		
ess turnover charges recovered	207.84	220.4
iness Support Services	19.21	4.2
TOTAL	227.06	224.7
HER INCOME		
rest on staff loan	27.08	21.0
rest on income tax refund	-	9.9
fit/(loss) on Sale of Fixed Assets	3.25	11.6
dry Balance written back (net)		-
cellaneous income	1.35	0.0
TOTAL	38.01	42.6
rest or rest or fit/(lo: dry Ba	n staff loan n income tax refund ss) on Sale of Fixed Assets alance written back (net) eous income	n staff loan 27.08 n income tax refund - ss) on Sale of Fixed Assets 3.25 alance written back (net) 6.34 eous income 1.35 TOTAL 38.01

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NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

		(All amounts in Rs. Lakh	s, unless otherwise stated)
Note No.	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31-03-2023	For the Year Ended 31-03-2022
33	FINANCE COST		
	On instruments measured at amortized cost		
	Interest on borrowings	248.67	513.54
	Interest on lease liabilities	172.86	188.68
	Interest on subordinated liabilities	178.75	159.98
	Interest on debt securities	142.47	-
	Other borrowing cost	467.78	253.24
	Notional Interest on Staff Loan	5.92	4.29
	<u>Other Interest Expense on :</u>		
	Client's fixed deposit*	788.62	586.93
	Income Tax	42.05	34.45
	TOTAL	2,047.10	1,741.11

*Represents interest paid to clients pertaining to fixed deposits created on behalf of clients which are pledged to stock exchanges for margin requirements.

FEES AND COMMISSION EXPENSE 34

	Sub-brokerage expenses	10,598.22	12,012.92
	TOTAL	10,598.22	12,012.92
35	IMPAIRMENT ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
	<u>At Amortised Cost</u> ECL on Trade Receivables	70.47	
	ECL on Advances	78.45	(111.21)
	ECL on Advances	4.91	•
	Bad Debts	0.20	2.11
	Dati Debis	21.98	65.58
	TOTAL	105.53	(43.52)
36	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE		
	Colonian		
	Salaries	7,787.77	7,400.83
	Contribution to Provident & Other Funds	446.08	440.97
	Staff Welfare Expenses	142.47	107.85
	TOTAL	8,376.31	7,949.65
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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Note		For the Year Ended	inless otherwise stated For the Year Ended
No.	Particulars	31-03-2023	31-03-2022
37	OTHER EXPENSE		
	SEBI, Exchange Expenses & Depository expenses	607.18	404.3
	Legal & Professional Fees	749.43	692.1
	Advertisement And Business Promotion	507.65	382.3
	Electricity Expenses	206.41	186.4
	Rent, Rates & Taxes	77.22	95.4
	Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	266.73	164.2
	Communication cost	146.68	144.5
	Trading Platform & Software Charges	125.89	123.1
	Computer Expenses	170.91	164.0
	Office Expenses	143.97	118.6
	Annual Maintenance Charges	103.08	85.2
	Insurance expenses	100.21	83.0
	Repairs & Maintenance	90.00	152.
	Remuneration to Auditors (Refer Note 38)	24.72	14.
	CSR Expenditure (Refer Note 39)	78.69	23.
	Membership & Subscription Fees	17.62	29.
	VSAT & Lease Line Charges	56.10	62.
	Vehicle Expenses	62.22	59.
	Printing & Stationery	63.47	46.
	Stamp & Franking Charges	42.11	32.
	Arbitration Award Expenses	30.11	-
	Miscellaneous Expenses	19.54	16.
	Society Maintenance Charges	24.07	35.
	Loss on error trade	10.03	6.
	Loss on sale of investment property	59.66	109.1
	Claim Settlement Expenses	3.75	6.
	Bank Charges	0.83	8.
	Interest On Late Payment Of Taxes	2.97	1,1
	Donation	5.76	1.1
	Sundry Balance Written Off (Net)	-	13.:
	TOTAL	3,797.01	3,264.3

38 **REMUNERATION TO AUDITORS** (exclusive of goods and service tax)

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2023	For the year ended 31-03-2022
As Auditors : *		
Statutory audit	8.00	4.00
Tax Audit	2.30	6.30
In other Capacity :		
Other matters	14.42	4.54

*This is inclusive of remuneration paid to previous auditors

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

39 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Particulars	<u>Il amounts in Rs. Lakhs, m</u> For the Year Ended 31-03-2023	For the Year Ended 31-03-2022
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	78.69	23.89
 (b) Amount of expenditure incurred on ; (i) Construction/Acquisition of asset (ii) On purposes other than (i) above 	62.92	23.89
(c) Shortfall at the end of the year	15.77	
(d) Total amount of provious years shortfall		-
e) Reason for shortfall	Refer Note 2	N
(f) Contribution to a must controlled by the company in relation to CSR Expenditure	61.50	23.8
g) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by intering into a contractual obligation (Refer Note 3)	15.77	NA

Notes :

1) The Company undertakes the following activities in the nature of Corporate social responsibility (CSR):

(i) Eradicating hunger, poverty and mainutrition, promoting health care including preventinve health care and sanitation(ii) Promoting of education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among

children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects.

(iii) Promotion of health care, including preventive health care and sanitation;

(iv) Measures for the benefit of armed forces veterans, war widows, and their dependents;

(v) Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agroforestry, conservation of natural resources.

2) The company had planned the unspent amount for an ongoing project where each outflow was expected in March 2023 but the same was delayed by the intermediary. Due to which the company could not spend the said amount in FY 22-23 but the company has deposited the said amount in an scheduled bank as per provisions of section 135(6).

3) Movement of Provision

Particulars	Amount (in lakhs)
Opening provision	
Provision created in current year	15,77
Closing provision	15.77

40 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

There are no such impairable assets at the year ended in term of IND AS - 36. Hence company has not made any provision for impairment loss.

41 SEGMENT REPORTING

The company has presented segment information in the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, in terms of the IND

AS 108 'Segment Reporting', no disclosures related to segments are presented in this standalone financial statements.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

42 Related Party Disclosure :

- I) List of related parties and relations :
 - Subsidiary company a)
 - (Extent of Holding)
 - Nirmal Bang Equifies Private Limited (100%)
 - Nirmal Bang Insurance Broking Private Limited (97.74%)

b) Associates

- Mindset Securities Private Limited
- Shresth Securities Private Limited

c) Key Management Personnel

- Kishore Bang
- Dilip Bang
- Samir Kamdar
- Rakesh Bhandari
- Sunil Jain

d) Other Related Party

- Bang Equity Broking Private Limited
- Nirmal Bang Commodities Private Limited
- Bang Securities Private Limited
- Rockhard Tech Solutions Private Limited
- Nirmal Bang Niveshalaya Private Limited
- Nirmal Bang Financial Services Private Limited
- Shresth Tech Solutions Limited
- Disclosure of transactions between the company and related parties and the status of outstanding balances as on II) March 31, 2023 as per Indian Accounting Standard 24 is given below:

			(All amounts in i	Rs. Lakhs, unless of	therwise stated)
Sr No.	Particulars	Closing Balance as on March 31, 2023 Receivable/ (Payable)	Transaction 2022- 2023	Closing Balance as on March 31, 2022 Receivable/ (Payable)	Transaction 2021-2022
1.	Subsidiary Company				
(i)	Nirmal Bang Equities Private Limited				
(-)	Loan Given Loan Repaid	-	27,824.00 27,824.00	-	25,845.50 25,845.50
	 Interest Income 	-	3.67	2.68	4.01
(ii)	Nirmal Bang Insurance Broking Private Limited Current Account	0.10	-	-	-
II.	Associate Companies				
	Mindset Securities Private Limited				
	Rent Expense Brokerage Income Preference Share Dividend	•	45.90 15.01 152.49		48.00 54.91 7.50

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

42 Related Party Disclosure ;

-	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise state					
Sr No.	Particulars	Closing Balance as on March 31, 2023 Receivable/ (Payable)	Transaction 2022- 2023	Closing Balance as on March 31, 2022 Receivable/ (Payable)	Transaction 2021-20 <u>22</u>	
ІΠ,	Other Related Party					
,						
(i)	Bang Equity Broking Private Limited Brokerage Income	•	0.57	_	1.10	
(11)	Nirmal Bang Commodities Private Limited Brokerage Income Current Account		2.39	-	3.15	
	Current Account	-	-	0.05	•	
(iii)	Bang Securities Private Limited Rent Expense Brokerage Income	-	90.00 0.76	-	90.00	
	Balance Receivable / (Payable)	-	ų.76 -	100.38	4.17	
(iv)	Nirmal Bang Niveshalaya Private Limited Current Account	0.20		-	-	
(v)	Nirmal Bang Financial Services Private Limited					
	Loan Taken	-	90,950.00	-	1,03,883.00	
	Loan repaid Interest expense	•	90,950.00	-	1,03,883.00	
	Brokerage Income	"	101.25 9.58	(2.27)	155.98	
	Current Account	0.04	- 9.36	-	14.35	
١v.	Key Management Personnel	· · · ·				
(i)	Dilip Bang					
	Director Remuneration	(15.72)	300.00	-	300.00	
	Brokerage Income	· - '	0.39		1.41	
	Current Account	1.55		7.13	-	
(ii)	Kishore Bang					
	Director Remuneration	(0.62)	300.00		300.00	
	Brokerage Income	-	1.89	•	0.92	
(iii)	Samir Kamdar					
	Director Remuneration	(2.43)	30.81	(0.26)	28.52	
1	Brokerage Income	-	0.00	-	0.05	
	DP Charges	-	0.00	-	0.01	
(iv)	Sunil Jain			ŀ		
	Director Remuneration	(7.49)	49.06	(7.89)	51.73	
	Brokerage Income DP Charges	-	0.01	-	0.02 0.00	
()	Rakesh Bhandari				2100	
(v)	Bakesh Bhandari Director Renuneration	(3.67)	94.43	(1.14)	80.06	

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

43 INCOMETAX

The components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March, 2023 and 2022 are:

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2023	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022		
Current tax	1,542.01	1,986.50		
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	97.91	(24.54)		
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(41.90)	(31.55)		
Total tax charge	1,598.02	1,930.41		
Reconciliation of income tax expense and effective tax reconciliation				
Profit before tax	5,552.94	7,331.92		
Ind AS adjustments on profit before tax	(320.44).	(597.30)		
Profit before tax after Ind AS adjustments	5,873.38	7,929.23		
Тах оп above at corporate tax rate of 25,168% (P.Y. 25,168%)	1,478.21	1,995.63		
Tax impact for below adjustments				
Other disallowances/allowances (net of allowances/disallowances)	36.07	(36.59)		
Tax expense at effective tax rate of 25,78% (P.Y. 24.71%)		(00.03)		
-	1,514.28	1,959.04		
Utilization of tax losses of previous periods		27.46		
Carry forward of tax losses	27.73	-		
Tax expense as per profit and loss account	1,542.01	1,986.50		

44 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

The earning considered in ascertaining the Company's earning per share comprises the net profit after tax. The number of shares used in calculation of basic/diluted EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period which is calculated as below :

Farticulars	For the Year Ended 31-03-2023	For the Year Ended 31-03-2022	
Calculation of weighted average number of shares			
No. of Equity shares at the beginning of the year No. of shares issued during the year	49,31,070	49,31,070	
Total Weighted Equity shares O/s. at the end of the year	49,31,070	49,31,070	
Total comprehensive income available for equity shareholders (in lakhs)	4,718.53	6,787.80	
Weighted average number of Equity Shares Basic / Diluted Earnings per share (in Re.)	49,31,070 83.52	49,31,070 1 37.6 9	

45 LEASES

The Company has taken various office premises on operating lease for the various periods with an option to renew the lease by mutual consent on mutually agreeable terms.

Information about leases for which the company is a lessee are presented below:

A) Right of use assets

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakins, unless otherwise stat			
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
Balance as at 1st April	1,620.98	2,101.95		
Movement during the year	314.90	81.23		
Depreciation on Right-Of-Use (ROU) assets	(611.97)	(562.20)		
Balance as at 31st March	1,323.92	1,620.98		

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

B) Lease Liabilities

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise)		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balance as at 1st April	1,726.14	2,094.44
Net movement during the year	312.83	79.67
Add: Interest cost accrued during the period	(554.13)	(447.98)
Balance as at 31st March	1,484.84	1,726.14

C) Maturity analysis - Discounted Cashflows of Contractual maturities of lease liabilities

	(A	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 01 April 2021	
Less than three months	11.95	43.17	-	
Three to twelve months	181.16	129.82	-	
One to five years	1,089.20	1,553.14	2,094.44	
More than five years	202.53		-	

D) Amount recognised in statement of profit & loss

(A	ll amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Interest cost on lease liabilities	172.86	188.68
Depreciation on right of use assets	611.97	562.20
Rental Expenses recorded for short-term lease payments and payments		
for leases of low-value assets not included in the measurement of the	-	-
lease liability		

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E) Amount recognised in statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023

(A	II amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Cash payments for the principal & interest portion of the lease liability within financing activities	(241.30)	(368.31)

46 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

(A) **Defined** Contribution Plans

The Company operates defined contribution plan (Provident fund) for all qualifying employees of the Company. The employees of the Company are members of a retirement contribution plan operated by the government. The Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement contribution scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Company with respect to the plan is to make the specified contributions.

The Company's contribution to Provident Fund aggregating Rs. 231.50 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. 202.44 Lakhs) has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under the head Employee Benefits Expense.

(B) **Defined Benefit Plans**

(a) Characteristics of defined benefit plan

The entity has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The entity's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund.

The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees are responsible for the administration of the plan assets and for the definition of the investment strategy.

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(b) <u>Risks associated with defined benefit plan</u>

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and company is exposed to the Following Risks:

Interest rate risk

A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the Government securities. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

Salary Risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

Investment Risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Asset Liability Matching Risk

The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

Mortality risk

Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

Concentration Risk

Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very low as insurance companies have to follow stringent.

(c) <u>Characteristics of defined benefit plans</u>

During the year, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

(d) Maintenance of Fund

A separate trust fund is created to manage the Gratuity plan and the contributions towards the trust fund is done as guided by rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962.

(e) <u>Ouantitative Disclosures</u>

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows :

I) Previous year :

Particulurs	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.33%	6.95%
Rate of Discounting	7.33%	6.95%
Rate of Salary Increase	8.00%	8.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	3.00%	3.00%
	Indian Assured Lives	Indian Assured Lives
Mortality Rate During Employment	Mortality (2012-14)	Mortality (2006-08)
	Urban	Ultimate
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A	N.A.

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ii) Current year :

Insurer managed fund

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.49%	7.33%
Rate of Discounting	7.49%	7.33%
Rate of Salary Increase	9.00%	8.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	3.00%	3.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Urban	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Urbar

100%

Change in the Present Value of Projected Benefit Obligation are as follows :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Opening defined benefit obligation at the	1 406 00	·····
beginning of the period	1,496.99	1,401.53
Interest cost	109.73	97.41
Current service cost	165.35	167.81
(Liability Transferred Out/ Divestments)	(17.27)	•
Benefits paid from the fund	(57.83)	(80.00)
Remeasurements (gains)/losses:		
Actuarial (gain)/loss from change in		(0.20)
demographic assumptions	-	(0.39)
Actuarial (gain)/loss from change in financial	(24 50)	(70.70)
assumptions	(34.53)	(79.63)
Actuarial (gain)/loss from change in experience	(1) mm	
adjustments	(8.78)	(9.74)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the	1 (10) (1)	
end of the period	1,653.66	1,496.99

Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets are as follows :

...

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

100%

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the period	1,072.84	982.86
Interest income	78.64	68.31
Contributions by the Employer	168.13	104.71
(Assets Transferred Out/ Divestments)	(17.27)	. –
Benefits paid from the fund Return on Plan Assets excluding interest	(57.83)	(80.00)
income	(2.39)	(3.04)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the period	1,242.11	1,072.84

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss are as follows :

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current Service Cost	165.35	167.81
Net Interest Cost	31.09	29.10
Total (Income)/Expenses recognised in the		
statement of profit or loss	<u>19</u> 6.44	196.91

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Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income are as follows :

	(All amounts in Rs. L	akhs, unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	(43.31)	(89.76)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	2.39	3.04
Total (Income)/Expenses recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income	(40.92)	(86.72)

Reconciliation of Net (Asset)/Liability

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Net defined benefit liability/(asset) as at the beginning of the year	424.15	418.67
Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	196.44	196.91
Expenses Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income Employer's Contribution	(40.92) (168.13)	(86.72) (104.71)
Net defined benefit liability/(asset) as at the end of the year	411.55	424.15

Expected Contribution to the fund in the next year

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Expected contribution to fund in the next year	345.68	322.14

Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments From the Fund are as follows :

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date			
of Reporting			
1st Following Year	66.89	46.75	
2nd Following Year	63.29	51.62	
3rd Following Year	62.78	73.55	
4th Following Year	94.63	57.78	
5th Following Year	80.93	86.39	
Sum of Years 6 To 10	546.79	456,14	
Sum of Years 11 and above	4,727.45	4,466.02	

Sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions is as shown below :

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022		
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	1,653.66	1,496.99		
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(193.26)	(182.84)		
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	234.83	223.64		
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	178.63	174.00		
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(162.16)	(157.09)		
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	4.84	(0.34)		
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(6.11)	0.13		

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

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The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

47 DETAILS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTION :

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	For the year Ended 31-03-2023	For the year Ended 31-03-2022	
CIF Value of Import	Nil	Nil	
Expenditure in Foreign Currency	3.87	4.96	
Total value of imported & indigenous raw material, spare parts and components consumed and percentage thereof.	Nil	Nil	
Remittance of Dividend in Foreign Currency	Nil	Nil	
Earning in Foreign Exchange	NíI	Nil	

48 REVENUE FROM CONTRACT WITH CUSTOMERS

The Company derives revenue primarily from the share broking business. Its other major revenue sources are commission income and Interest income,

Disaggregate revenue information

The table below presents disaggregate revenues from contracts with customers for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022. The Company believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by market and other economic factors.

Nature of Services

Broking Income - Income from services rendered as a broker is recognised upon rendering of the services, in accordance with the terms of contract.

Depository Income - Income from services rendered on behalf of depository is recognised upon rendering of the services, in accordance with the terms of contract

Interest Income - Interest is earned on delayed payments from clients and amounts funded to them. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding from customers or on the financial

Disaggregate revenue information :

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise			
Farticulars	For the year Ended 31-03-2023	For the year Ended 31-03-2022	
Brokerage Income	21,394.74	24,090.81	
Interest income	9,231.69	8,094.12	
Depository Income	391.62	384.63	

Nature, timing of satisfaction of the performance obligation and significant payment terms :

Income from services rendered as a broker is recognised upon rendering of the services.

Income from services rendered on behalf of depository is recognised upon rendering of the services, in accordance with the terms of contract.

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49 ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for borrowings are:

(All amounts in Rs. Laklis, unless otherwise)			unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Financial Assets :			
Bank Balances			
Fixed deposits	71,128,28	75,084,23	46,343.63
Receivables			
Trade receivables	16,920.54	23,178,75	17,439.71
Total assets pledged as security	88,048.82	98,262.98	63,783.34

Terms and conditions :

Trade receivables and Fixed deposits are pledge with Banks against borrowing facilities taken by the company. Further debtors of cash segment which are outstanding for more than 7 days are not considered by bank for the purpose of security.

50 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no significant events after the end of the reporting period which require any adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

51 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

As regards to return of capital to shareholders, the company has not proposed or paid dividend on equity shares during the financial year 2022-2023 and 2021-2022.

The company monitors capital using a gearing ratio which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The company includes within net debt, trade and other payables less cash and cash equivalents.

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Debt Securities	2,500.00	-	
Borrowings	-	84.69	
Subordinated Liabilities	2,250.00	2,250.00	
Net Debt (A)	4,750.00	2,334.69	
Equity Share Capital .	493.11	493.11	
Retained Earnings	24,721.02	21,037,70	
Securities Premium	4,324.65	4,324.65	
Capital Reserve	1,459.12	1,459.12	
General Reserve	2,271.66	2,271.66	
Capital Redemption Reserve	2,000.00	2,000.00	
Debenture Redemption Reserve	250.00	-	
Total Equity (B)	35,519.55	31,586.24	
Capital and Net Debt (C) = (A) + (B)	40,269.55	33,920.93	
Gearing Ratio (A)/(C)	11.80%	6.88%n	

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52 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

This note describes the fair value measurement of both financial and non-financial instruments.

(I) Categorisation of financial instruments

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories i.e; Fair vale through profit and loss (FVTPL), Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and Amortised cost is presented below :

As at March 31, 2023 (All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherw			mless otherwise stated)
Particulars	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-		3,522.37
Bank Balance othan than Cash and Cash			
equívalents		-	70,082,72
Trade Receivables	-	-	16,224,28
Loans	-	-	4,948.15
Investments	8,701.09	6,924.64	1,407.17
Other Financial Assets	-		1,171.76
Total	8,701.09	6,924.64	97,356.45
Financial Liabilites			
Trade Payables	-	-	1,308.74
Debt Securities		-	2,500.00
Deposits	-		1,146.75
Subordinated liabilities		-	2,250.00
Other Financial liabilities	-	-	65,754.14
Total		-	72,959.63

Particulars	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets			Pintorniaed Coat
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_		25,355.88
Bank Balance othan than Cash and Cash			
equivalents	_	-	55,064.30
Trade Receivables		-	22,560.94
Loans	-		4,092.42
Investments	-	6,786.12	1,407.17
Other Financial Assets			1072 531668
Total		6,786.12	1,09,553.23
Financial Liabilites			
Trade Payables	-	-	1,496.00
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)		-	84.69
Deposits	-		1,258.30
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	2,250.00
Other Financial liabilities	-	-	75,857.33
Total			80,946.32

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As at April 1, 2021 (All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise		uless otherwise stated)	
Particulars	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	21,460.44
Bank Balance othan than Cash and Cash			
equivalents	-	-	36,444.94
Trade Receivables	1 - 1	•	16,710.69
Loans	-	-	4,528.07
Investments	7,503.74	5,318.69	3,311.68
Other Financial Assets	-	-	928.27
Total	7,503.74	5,318.69	83,384.09
Financial Liabilites			
Trade Payables	-		1,307.92
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)		-	11,871.40
Deposits		-	1,158.16
Subordinated liablifies		-	100.00
Other Financial liabilities		-	53,749.17
Total	-		68,186.64

(II) Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company determines fair values of its financial instruments according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, mutual funds) hence the fair value is determined using observable market data such as latest declared NAV/ recent market deals.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity instruments.

Valuation Techniques used to determine fair values :

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include :

- a) Quoted equity investments Quoted closing price on stock exchange as at the reporting date.
- b) Mutual Funds Net asset value (NAV) of the scheme reported by the Asset Management Company as at the reporting date.

c) Unquoted equity investments - Intrinsic value of the equity shares derived by the management using the fair values of assets and liabilities of the equity issuing companies as at the reporting dates.

d) Unquoted preference investments - Intrinsic value of the preference shares derived by the management.

Quantitative Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at March 31, 2023

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated) Particulars Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Investment of Ouoted Mutual Funds

Total	1.79	8,701.09	8,331.81
Inventories of Quoted Equity Shares	1.79		-
Investment in Unquoted Equity Instruments	-	-	8,331.81
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Quantitative Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at March 31, 2022

	6	All amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investment in Unquoted Equity Instruments	•	-	8,193.29
Inventories of Quoted Equity Shares	1.76		-
Total	1.76	-	8,193.29

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	(A	All amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investment of Quoted Mutual Funds	7,503.74		-
Investment in Unquoted Equity Instruments	-	-	6,530,36
Investment in Unquoted Preference Shares	-	-	2,100.00
Inventories of Quoted Equity Shares	1.23	-	
Total	7,504.97		8,630,36

Quantitative Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at April 1, 2021

(III) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Financial assets not measured at fair value includes cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other financial assets. These are financial assets whose carrying amounts approximate fair value, due to their short-term nature.

Additionally, financial liabilities such as trade payables and other financial liabilities are not measured at FVTPL, whose carrying amounts approximate fair value, because of their short-term nature.

(IV) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements is summarised

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Fair Value of instruments	8,331.81	8,193.29	8.630.36
Significant unobservable inputs		,	
Intrinsic value of equity shares of Bang Securities			
- increase by 5%	346.23	339.31	265.93
- decrease by 5%	(346.23)	(339.31)	(265.93)

53 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is an integral part of the Company's business and sound risk management is critical to the success of Healthy Business Model. As a financial intermediary, the Company is exposed to risks that are particular to its lending and investment and the environment within which it operates and primarily includes credit, liquidity and market risks. The Company has a risk management policy which covers risk associated with the financial assets and liabilities. The risk management policy is approved by the Board of Directors.

The Company has identified and implemented comprehensive policies and procedures to assess, monitor and manage risk throughout the Company. The risk management process is continuously reviewed, improved and adapted in the changing risk scenario and the agility of the risk management process is monitored and reviewed for its appropriateness in the changing risk landscape. The process of continuous evaluation of risks includes taking stock of the risk landscape on an event-driven basis.

The Company has an elaborate process for risk management. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed by implementing required preventive, detective and corrective controls, and through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

The financial instruments of the company have exposure to the following risks :

(I) Liquidity risk

The Company's Management monitors asset liability mismatches to ensure that there are no imbalances or excessive concentrations on either side of the Balance Sheet.

The Company continuously monitors liquidity in the market; and as a part of its liquidity strategy, the Company maintains a liquidity buffer managed by an active investment desk to reduce this risk.

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Liquidity risk refers to the visk that the Company may not meet its financial obligations. Liquidity risk arises due to the unavailability of adequate funds at an appropriate cost or tenure. The objective of liquidity risk management, is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Company consistently generates sufficient cash flows from operating and financial activities to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Our resource mobilisation team sources funds from multiple sources, including from banks, financial institutions and capital markets to maintain a healthy mix of sources. The resource mobilisation team is responsible for diversifying fund raising sources, managing interest rate risks and maintaining a strong relationship with banks, financial institutions, mutual funds and rating agencies to ensure the liquidity risk is well addressed.

Refer Note 54 For analysis of maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities.

(II) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future Cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Foreign currency risk management

In respect of the foreign currency transactions, the company does not hedge the exposures since the management believes that the same is insignificant in nature and will not have a material impact on the Company.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to Interest risk if the fair value or future cash flows of its financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

The Company's interest rate risk arises from interest bearing deposits with bank and loans given to customers. Such instruments exposes the Company to fair value interest rate risk. Management believe that the interest rate risk attached to this financial assets are not significant due to the nature of this financial assets.

Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		All amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Loans	4,952.99	4,097.06	4,530.60
Borrowings	4,750.00	2,334.69	11,971.40

Sensitivity Analysis

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest income/expense from loans/borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Company's statement of profit and loss and equity.

	((All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021		
Loans :					
Interest rates – increase by 1%	49.53	40.97	45.31		
Interest rates - decrease by 1%	(49.53)	(40.97)	(45.37)		
Borrowings :					
Interest rates - increase by 1%	(47.50)	(23.35)	(119.71)		
Interest rates - decrease by 1%	47.50	23.35	119.71		

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

(iii) Market Price Risk

The Company is exposed to market price risk, which arises from FVTPL investments. The management monitors the proportion of these investments in its investment portfolio based on market indices. Material securities within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and self decisions are approved by the appropriate authority.

			d, unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Exposure to price risk	8,701.09		7,503.74

Sensitivity Ananlysis to price risk

The following table summarises the impact of sensitivity of NAVs / price with all other variables held constant. The below impact on the Company's profit before tax is based on changes in the NAVs / price of the investments held at FVTPL at balance sheet date:

	0	All amounts in Rs. Lakh	s, unless otherwise stated)
% of Change		Profit / (loss)	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	April 01, 2021
Impact on profit before tax for 5% increase in NAV/price	435.05		375.19
Impact on profit before tax for 5% increase in NAV/price	(435.05)	<u> </u>	(375.19)

(III) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss because its customers or counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligation. The Company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties, and by monitoring exposures in relations to such limits. The maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented in the financial statements. The Company's major classes of financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, loans, investments, deposits, trade receivables and security deposits.

Deposits with banks are considered to have negligible risk or nll risk, as they are maintained with high rated banks/financia) institutions as approved by the Board of directors

Investments include investment in liquid mutual fund units that are marketable securities of eligible financial institutions for a specified time period.

The management has established accounts receivable policy under which customer accounts are regularly monitored. The Company has a dedicated risk management team, which monitors the positions, exposures and margins on a continuous basis.

Following provides exposure to credit risk for trade receivables and margin trading facility loans

		(All amounts in Rs. Lakh	s, unless otherwise stated)
		As at 31 March 2022	As at 01 April 2021
Trado Receivables (Net of impairment)	16,224.28	22,560.94	16,710.69
Margin trading facility loans (Net of Impairment)	4,696,12	3,894.19	4,383.27

The financial instruments covered within the scope of ECL include financial assets measured at amortised cost such as trade receivables and loans.

Trade Receivables :

The loss allowance has been measured using lifetime ECL except for financial assets on which there has been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. At each reporting date, the Company assessess whether financial assets carried at amortized cost is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred since initial recognition.

A simplified approach has been considered for measuring expected credit losses (ECLs) of trade receivables at a amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The ECLs on trade receivables are calculated based on actual historic credit loss experience over the preceding four years on the total balance of trade receivables.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Based on industry practices and business environment in which the entity operates, Management considers unsecured receivables as default if the payment is overdue for more than 90 days. Management would consider impairment on client balance which are unsecured and overdue for less than 90 days on case to case basis, based on their scope of recoverability. In cases where the payment is overdue for more than 1 year, the management treats all such customers as credit impaired and probability of default (PD) on these receivables is considered at 100%.

Loans

Loans include Margin Trading Facility(MTF) and Loans to Staff for which staged approach is taken into consideration for determination of ECL.

Stage 1

All positions in the MTF loan book are considered as stage 1 asset for computation of expected credit loss. For exposures where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that is not credit impaired upon origination. Margin trading facility and loans to staff are considered in stage 1 for determination of ECL. Exposure to credit risk in stage 1 is computed considering historical probability of default, market movements and macro-economic environment.

Stage 2

Exposures under stage 2 include overdues up to 90 days pertaining to principal amount, interest and any other charges on the MTF loan book which are unsecured. While arriving at the secured position of the client, management has considered the securities pledged with the company as collateral and also securities lying in the denat account of the customers where the customer has given power of attorney to the company.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for financial assets since initial recognition. In determining whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company uses days past due information and other qualitative factors to assess deterioration in credit quality of a financial asset.

For credit exposures where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised.

Stage 3

Exposures under stage 3 include overdues past 90 days pertaining to principal amount, interest and any other charges on MTF loan book which are unsecured.

Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset have occurred. For financial assets that have become credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised

Following table provides information about exposure to credit risk and ECL on Margin Trading Facility Loans.

As at March 31, 2023

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	, unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	Carrying Value	ECL
Stage 1	4,952.99	4.84
Stage 2	-	- 1
Stage 3		-

As at March 31, 2022

	All amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	Carrying Value	ECL
Stage 1	4,097.06	4.64
Stage 2	-	-
Stage 2 Stage 3		-

As at April 01, 2021

	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	, unless otherwise stated)
Particulars	Carrying Value	ÉCL
Stage 1	4,530.60	2.53
Stage 2		-
Stage 3	-	-

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		March 31, 2023			March 31, 2022			April 01, 2021	
Asserts	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total	Withia 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total
					-				
Fighter (1997)				- 4L 00		10 AL 4			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,52237	,	3523V	33.43.43	1	25,356,86	21,460,44		21,469.41
Bank and bank balance other than cash and each enviratent	54.556.49	13.5%.23	70.062.72	48.296.22 !	6.766.07	55.064.30	35,489,80	955.14	10 FFF %
	00 = 00 x +						100 CT 100 CT		
I rade Kecetvabiles	97-177/01	'	2157.0			EK-INIC-77	16,710,69	•	16,710,69
ONTRO	· 4,948.15	1	4.948.15	1,092,42		4,092,42	1525.07	•	4,528.07
Investments	\$,701.09	8.33	17,022.90	-	8,193.29	8,199.29	7,503.74	8,630,36	16,131,10
Other Financial Assels	LF 661	97.79	1,171.76	408.60	663.93	1,07253	148.56	12622	22,926
Non-Financial Assets:									
Current lax Asset	13.61		19765	238,19		238.19	167.95		107.95
Investment Property	•	-		145.59	,	145.59	169.04	145,59	334.63
Property, Plant and Equipment		19/102/1	1,834.64	•	2,232.08	2,232.08		2,624.01	2,624.01
Other Non Firstocial Assets	493.21	•	498.21	513.37	,	513.37	552.27		552.27
Total Assets	90,743.67	24,664,97	1,15,408.64	1.01,613.21	17,855.37	1,19,468.59	36,750,56	13,134.80	99,985.37
							(All amount	(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise slated)	otherwise slated
		March 31, 2023			March 31, 2022			April 01, 2021	
Liabilities	tvithin 12 Montus	After 12 Months	Total	Wilhia 12 Months	After 12 Months	Totaľ	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	. Total
المتعمينا المتعالية المتعمينا									
Trada Patrables	1.308.74	,	1.318.74	1,496,00		1496.00	1307.92		(0.4ML I
Debt Securities	2,500.00		2,500.00					•	
Borrowings (C)ther than Debt Securities)	•			69/HS		69769	01/12/11	'	0178/11
Denosits	•	1,146.75	1,146.75		1,258.30	1,258.30		I,158.16	1,158.16
Subordinated Labilities	,	2,250,60	2,250.00	•	2,250.00	2,256,00		100.000	100.001
Other Emancial Liabilities	64,462,42	1,291.72	66,754.14	74,304,18	1,553,14	75,857.33	21,654.72	2,094.44	21.047,452
New General Fishibiae					_				
Current tax fiabilities (Net)	6F722	,	222.43	191972	•	263.61	225.76	'	82.52
Provisious	-	411.55	411.55	•	424.15	424.15	•	418.67	418.67
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	620	319.59	320.31	-91CP	346.32	346.36	29.88	180.17	ZEO.04
Other Non-Financial Liablities	9F/682	•	39-46	0F10F		401.40	545.30		545.30
Total Liabilitics	68,783.38	5,420.01	66.002.87	76,549,93	5,831.91	82,391.85	65,634.99	3,951.44	69,586.42

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54 MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

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30,298,94

75.581,9

21,115.58

37,096.74

12,023.46

25,063.29

41,205,25

19,244.97

21,960.28

Net

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

55 ANALTYICAL RATIOS

Additional regulatory information required under (WB) (xiv) of Division III of Schedule III amendment, disclosure of ratios, is not applicable to the Company as it is in broking business and not an NBFC registered under Section 45-1A of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

56 DISCLOSURE IN RELATION TO UNDISCLOSED INCOME

During the year, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961). Accordingly, there are no transaction which are not recorded in the books of accounts.

57 REGISTRATION OF CHARGES OR SATISFACTION WITH REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES (ROC)

The company has registered all the charges with Registrar of Companies (ROC) except for those mentioned below :

Location of Registration : ROC (Mumbai)

Name of Bank : Nature of facility	Amount (In lakhs)	Period by which such charge had to be registered	Reasons for delay in registration
Axis Bank : Overdraft against fixed deposits	3,000.00	30 days	
Axis Bank : Overdraft against shares	100.00	30 days	There is an inadvertent delay for the
HDFC Bank : Bank Guarantee against fixed deposits	55,000.00	30 days	registration of charges till balance sheet date
HDFC Bank : Overdraft against fixed deposits	1,000.00	30 days	

58 COMPLIANCE WITH NUMBER OF LAYERS OF COMPANIES

The Company has complied with the requirements of the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

59 DISCLOSURE OF TRANSACTIONS WITH STRUCK OFF COMPANIES

Details of transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 :

Current Year:		(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs,	unless otherwise stated)
Name of struck off companies : Relationship	Relationship	Nature of transaction	Balance outstanding
with the companies	with the company		
C P and Sons Trade Technic Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	•
Agamya Argha Consultancy Services Private	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Bustling Securities Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	-
Capable Infrastructure Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.04)
Mortal Realestate Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.06)
Romy Realty Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.19)
Yashshree Capital Private Limited	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Yashshree Capital Private Limited	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.02)
Arkr Financial Services Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Arkr Financial Services Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.83)
Gagan Investmet Cons Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	-
Sg Investment Professionals Pvt Ltd	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	-
Shalimar Multi Trade India Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Shalimar Multi Trade India Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	-
Turtle Investment Adv Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Turtle Investment Adv Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	-
Win Track Multitrade Pvt. Ltd. Closed	Sub-broker	Deposit	•
Wismore Trading & Investment Consultancy Pvt	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.44)
Chitra And Co Chennai-1040	Trade Payable	Repairs and	-
Knb Investment Consultancy Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	(0.26)
Knb Investment Consultancy Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.50)
Money Builder Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Money Builder Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Deposit	-
Khandelwal Construction Co.	Trade Payable	Rent	-
Khandelwal Construction Co.	Trade Payable	Rental Deposit	105.96
Darshana Trading Private Limited	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Darshana Trading Private Limited	Sub-broker	Deposit	-

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Previous Year : (All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated,			
Name of struck off companies : Relationship	Relationship		
with the companies	with the company		
C P and Sons Trade Technic Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.01)
Agamya Argha Consultancy Services Private	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Agamya Argha Consultancy Services Private	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.04)
Bustling Securities Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	-
Capable Infrastructure Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	-
Mortal Realestate Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	
Romy Realty Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.19)
Yashshree Capital Private Limited	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Arkr Financial Services Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Arkr Financial Services Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.83)
Gagan Investmet Cons Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.49)
Sg Investment Professionals Pvt Ltd	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	· - ′
Shalimar Multi Trade India Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Shalimar Multi Trade India Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.71)
Turtle Investment Adv Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Turtle Investment Adv Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.33)
Win Track Multitrade Pvt. Ltd. Closed	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.05)
Wismore Trading & Investment Consultancy Pvt	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.44)
Kab Investment Consultancy Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	(1.83)
Knb Investment Consultancy Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Deposit	(2.10)
Money Builder Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Money Builder Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.27)
Khandelwal Construction Co.	Trade Payable	Rent	
Khandelwal Construction Co.	Trade Payable	Rent Deposit	107.85
Darshana Trading Private Limited	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	.
Darshana Trading Private Limited	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.02)

60 DISCLOSURE FOR SECURITY OF BORROWED FUNDS

Quarterly statements of current assets filed with banks for fund borrowed from those banks on the basis of security of current assets are in agreement with the books of account. Further, no funds have been borrowed from financial institutions where current assets have been placed as collateral security.

61 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

No transactions or disclosures to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III of the Act:

- i) Ageing schedule of CWIP and Intangible under development
- ii) Benami Property held under Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder
- iii) Wilful defaulter
- iv) Scheme of arrangements in terms of section 230 to 237 of the Act
- v) Utilisation of borrowed funds/ share premium
- vi) Crypto currency or Virtual currency

62 FIRST-TIME ADOPTION OF IND AS

These are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

The Company has prepared its Ind AS compliant financial statements for year ended on March 31, 2023, the comparative period ended on March 31, 2022 and an opening Ind AS Balance Sheet as at April 01, 2021 (the date of transition), as described in the summary of significant accounting policies. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its previous GAAP financial statements, including the Balance Sheet as at April 01, 2021 and the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

For periods ended up to the year ended March 31, 2022, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Previous GAAP).

(A) Mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed

Set out below are the applicable Ind AS 101 mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions applied in the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS, which were considered to be material or significant by the Company.

Mandatory Exceptions

(i) Estimates

Ind AS 101 prescribes that an entity's estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error.

The Company's Ind AS estimates as at the transition date are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in

(ii) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

As set out in Ind AS 101, the Company has applied the derecognition requirements of Ind AS 109 prospectively for transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to Ind AS.

(III) Classification and measurement of financial assets

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to assess classification and measurement of financial assets on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS.

(iv) Impairment of financial assets

As set out in Ind A5 101, an entity shall apply the impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 retrospectively if it does not entail

any undue cost or effort. The Company has assessed impairment of financial assets in conformity with Ind AS 109.

Optional Exemptions

Deemed cost

The Company has adopted the carrying value determined in accordance with I-GAAP for all of its property plant & equipment and investment property as deemed cost of such assets at the transition date.

(B) Reconciliation between IGAAP and Ind AS

Ind A5 101 requires a first time adopter to reconcile equity, total comprehensive income and cash flows for prior periods. The following tables represent the reconciliations from previous GAAP to Ind AS.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standnlone financial statements

(i) Reconciliation of Total Equity

Particulars	Foot Note No.	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Equity as reported under IGAAP		34,010.68	25,928.65
Adjustments			
Instruments	1	6,301.87	4,834.44
Fair value gain/ (loss) on Mutual Funds	1	-	118.71
Fair Value changes in Error trade stock	Ż	0.19	(0.33)
Interest on Subordinated Liabilities	4	(152.48)	-
Reclassification of Redeemable Cumulative		, ,	
Preference shares to Subordinated Liabilities	4	(2,250.00)	(100.00r)
Impact of expected credit loss allowance	5	12.38	137.53
Impact of leases under Ind AS 116	6	(105.15)	-
Impact of EIR on staff loans	7	1.21	-
Impact of EIR on security deposits	8	(3.32)	-
Total Adjustments		3,804.70	4,990,35
Deferred tax impact (OCI)	11	(720.93)	(553.06)
Deferred tax impact (P&L)	11	(7.71)	(67.00)
Equity as reported under Ind AS		37,086.74	30,298.94

(ii) Reconciliation of profit as per Ind AS with profit reported under previous IGAAP for the year ended March 31, 2022

	All amounts in Rs. Lakus, unless otherwise stated)	
Particulars	Foot Note No.	As at March 31, 2022
Net profit as per the erstwhile IGAAP		5,939.52
Adjustments		
Fair value gain/(loss) on Mutual Funds	1	(118.71)
Fair Value changes in error trade stock	2	0.51
Actuarial gain/(loss) on post retirement benefit plans reclassified in OCI	3	(86.72)
Interest on Subordinated Liabilities	4	(152.48)
Dividend on Preference shares charged in IGAAP	4	(7.50)
Impact of expected credit loss allowance	5	(125.15)
Impact of leases under Ind AS 116	6	(105.15)
Impact of EIR on security deposits	8	(3.32)
Impact of EIR on staff loans	7	1.21
Deferred tax impact on the above	11	. 59.29
Net profit after tax (before OCI) as per Ind AS		5,401.51
Adjustments for Other comprehensive income		
plans	3	86.72
Fair value gain/ (loss) of investment held through fair value through other comprehensive income	1	1,467.44
Tax impact on the above Total comprehensive income as per Ind AS	11	(167.87) 6,787.80

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

(iii) Impact of Ind AS adoption on the statement of cash flow for the year ended March 31, 2022 There are no material adjustments to the statement of cash flows as reported under the IGAAP

(iv) Foot Notes to to first-time adoption

1) Fair valuation of investments

Under the previous Indian GAAP, investments in equity instruments and mutual funds were classified as long-term investments or current investments based on the intended holding period. Long-term investments were carried at cost less provision for other than temporary decline in the value of such investments. Current investments were carried at lower of cost and fair value. Under Ind AS, these investments are required to be measured at fair value. The resulting fair value changes of these investments have been recognised in other equity as at the date of transition and subsequently in the profit or loss / other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2022

2) Fair valuation of securities held as inventories

Under the previous Indian GAAP, listed equity shares were classified as stock-in-trade as the shares are held for trading and error trade stock. Under, IGAAP, the stock-in-trade were valued at lower of cost or market value, computed category wise and resulting valuation loss was debited to the profit and loss account. Under Ind AS, these investments are required to be measured at fair value. The resulting fair value changes of these investments have been recognised in other equity as at the date of transition and subsequently in the profit or loss for the year ended March 31, 2022.

3) Remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligations

Under Ind AS, remeasurements i.e. actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in the net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability are recognised in other comprehensive income instead of profit or loss under the previous GAAP. There is no impact on the total equity as at March 31, 2022.

4) Reclassification of Redeemable Preference shares (CRPS) to Subordinated Habilities

Cumulative and Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares (CRPS) forms part of the Share Capital under IGAAP. As per Ind AS 32, since terms of these preference shares requires mandatory redemption for the fixed and determinable amount and has a contractual obligation to deliver cash at redemption, such instrument are classified as a liability and interest cost is accrued at the rate of dividend applicable. Due to such adjustment, paid up share capital has decreased and classifed as subordinated liabilities as a separate line item in the balance sheet. Interest cost, if any on account of dividend on these preference shares has been reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss under the head Finance cost.

5) Impact of Expected Credit Loss Allowance

Under previous GAAP, losses and provisions on trade receivables were computed based on credit risk assessment where the management used to create provision for doubtful debts on unsecured receivables for more than 180 days. Under Ind AS, the same is required to be computed as per the impairment principles laid out in Ind AS 109 – 'Financial Instruments' which prescribes the expected credit loss model (ECL model) for the same. Accordingly, the difference between losses and provisions as computed under previous GAAP and as computed under Ind AS is adjusted in retained earnings as at the date of transition and subsequently in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

Impact of accounting under Ind AS 116 'Leases'

Under previous GAAP, for the purpose of operating leases, the lease rentals were charges to the profit & loss account as and when they were due. Under Ind AS, the Company recognises right-of-use assets and correponding lease liabilities on such operating lease arrangements. Depreciation is charged on such right-of-use assets on straight line method and interest cost is charged on incremental borrowing rate on the lease liability and both these cost are charged to the profit & loss account. Accordingly, the company has recognized Right of Use assets as at April 1, 2021 for leases previously classified as operating leases and created a correponding lease liability. Subsequently, the lease rentals charged in the profit & loss account under previous GAAP are reversed and depreciation on right of use assets and finance cost on lease liability are charged in the Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2022.

7) Impact of EIR on staff loans

As per the company policy, the company grants its employee loans at an concessional rate which is lower than the market rate. Under previous GAAP, interest income from such loans at the concessional rate was charged to the profit and loss account. Under Ind AS, these loans meet the criteria to be classified as financial instrument under Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments". These loans are valued at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) which is the prevailing market rate for similar loans. As on the transition date, the loans outstanding are discounted using the EIR and valued at amortised cost. Subsequently, interest income is calculated using the EIR method and charged to profit and loss account and corresponding expense on discounting of such loans is charged to profit and loss account under Finance Cost for the year ended March 31, 2022.

8) Impact of EIR on security deposits

Under Ind AS, the security deposit given by the company are discounted at the effective interest rate (EIR) as on the transition date. Subsequently, interest income and prepaid expense is charged to the profit & loss account for the year ended March 31, 2022.

9) Investment Property

Under the previous GAAP, investment properties were presented as part of non-current investments. Under Ind AS, investment properties are required to be separately presented on the face of the balance sheet. There is no impact on the total equity or profit as a result of this adjustment.

10) Other comprehensive income

Under Ind AS, all items of income and expense recognised in a period should be included in profit or loss for the period, unless a standard requires or permits otherwise. Items of income and expense that are not recognised in profit or loss but are shown in the statement of profit and loss as 'other comprehensive income' includes fair value gains or (losses) on FVOCI equity instruments. The concept of other comprehensive income did not exist under previous GAAP.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of standalone financial statements

11) Deferred tax

Indian GAAP requires deferred tax accounting using the profit and loss approach, which focuses on differences between taxable profits and accounting profits for the period. Ind AS 12 requires entities to account for deferred taxes using the balance sheet approach, which focuses on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base. The application of Ind AS 12 approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax on new temporary differences which was not required under Indian GAAP.

In addition, the various transitional adjustments have lead to temporary differences. Deferred tax adjustments are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in retained earnings or a separate component of equity.

63 Previous year's figures have been rearranged and regrouped wherever necessary to confirm with this year's classification.

As per our attached report of even date For V. B. GOEL & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 115906 (Vikas Goel) Partner Membership No. : 300 Place : Mumbai Date : 30/05/2023

For and on the behalf of Board

(Kishore Bang) Director DIN : 00797781

Naturata Pai) Company Secretary Membership No. A28477

Place : Mumbai Date : 30/05/2003 (Rajesin Burphtari) Director DIN: 01167387 V. B. Goel & Co Chartered Accountants Simba Tower, 6th Floor, Vishveshwar Nagar, Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400 063 Ø +91 22 28441350 - 28441351 Elinfo@vbgco.com Website: www.vbgco.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") and its associates, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, including the other comprehensive income, the Consolidated Cash Flows Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiary, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associates as at March 31, 2023, and its consolidated profit including other comprehensive income, their consolidated cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI and the relevant provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditor on separate financial statements and on other financial information of the subsidiary, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
1.	First time adoption of Ind AS framework Refer note 3(a) for significant accounting policies and note 63 for reconciliation. As disclosed in note 3(a) to the financial statements, the Group has adopted the Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) ('Ind AS') with effect from April 1, 2022 (April 1, 2021 being the transition date) and prepared the first set of financial statements under Ind AS framework in the current year. For periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ('previous GAAP'). This change in the financial reporting framework required an end-to-end evaluation of the potential impact on each component of the financial statement which involved significant efforts.	 over management's evaluation of transition date choices and exemptions availed in line with the principles under Ind AS 101. Substantive tests Evaluated the implementation of exemptions availed by the Group in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 101, First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS 101). Evaluated the accounting policies adopted by the Group on transition to Ind AS and assessed its appropriateness and the requirements of relevant accounting



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
	This process also required the management to apply significant judgements to identify and elect appropriate accounting policies suitable for various transactions and balances relating to the operations of the Group including electing of available options for transition of balances as at the transition date from the previous GAAP to the new GAAP, Further, the first time preparation of the Ind AS financial statements involved preparation and presentation of additional notes and disclosures as required by the Ind AS framework as compared to the previous GAAP in addition to Note 62 to the financial statements setting forth the reconciliation of balances from previous GAAP to the new GAAP as at the transition date, and the impact of restatement on the results of the comparative period due to such transition. The areas where there were a significant impact on account of first time adoption involved the following standards amongst others: a) Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments – Fair valuation of investments b) Ind AS 116, Leases c) Ind AS 107, Financial Instruments – Disclosures Considering the significance of the event in the current year to the financial statements, the complexities and efforts involved, this matter has been identified as a key audit matter for the current year audit.	 Assessed areas of significant estimates and management judgment in line with principles under Ind AS.



V. B. Goel & Co Chartered Accountants

Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
2.	Valuation of investments carried at fair value Refer note 3(n) for significant accounting policies and note 9 and note 54 for financial disclosures. As at March 31, 2023, the Group held investments amounting to Rs. 286.01 crores which represent 22.00% of the total assets of the Group as at March 31, 2023. The investments which are valued using Level 3 inputs comprise 66.81% of the total investments of the Group as at March 31, 2023. The aforesaid investment represents investment in unquoted equity instruments which are not traded in the market. These investments are fair valued using Level 2 and 3 inputs. The fair valuation of these investments is determined by management using the intrinsic value method. The process of computation of fair valuation of investments include use of unobservable inputs and management judgements and estimates which are complex. The valuation of these investments was considered to be one of the areas which required significant auditor attention and was one of the matters of most significance in the consolidated financial statements due to the materiality of total value of investments to the complexity involved in the valuation of these investments and the complexity involved in the valuation of these investments.	 Our audit procedures in relation to valuation of investments included, but were not limited to, the following: Design/Controls: Obtained a detailed understanding of the management's process and controls for determining the fair valuation of these investments. The understanding was obtained by performance of walkthroughs which included inspection of documents produced by the Group and discussion with those involved in the process of valuation; Evaluated the design and the operational effectiveness of relevant key controls over the valuation process, including the



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter	
		 For these investments, critically evaluated the valuation assessment and resulting conclusions by the Company in order to determine the appropriateness of the valuations by performing reasonableness tests and evaluating sensitivity analysis for the key inputs and assumptions Ensured the appropriateness of the financial statements and the gain or loss recognised in the financial statements as a result of such fair valuation; and Ensured the appropriateness of the disclosures in accordance with the applicable accounting standards Obtained written representations from the management and those charged with governance whether they believe significant assumptions used in valuation of the investments are reasonable. 	

Emphasis of Matter

We draw your attention to note 7 and note 16 to the consolidated financial statements where the group has disclosed the ageing schedule of trade receivables and trade payables respectively as per the format prescribed in Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. The said information disclosed in the ageing schedule is inaccurate to the extent it relates to trade receivables and trade payables which are outstanding for more than 1 year from the balance sheet date. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon



Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including the other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended. The respective board of directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of presentation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are responsible for expressing an opinion on whether the Holding company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.



- v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- vi) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group and its associates of which we are the independent auditors and whose financial information we have audited, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance of the Holding Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matters

1. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of total assets of Rs. 208.24 lakhs as at March 31, 2023, Group's share of total revenue of Rs. 113.95 lakhs, Group's share of total net profit after tax of Rs. 59.24 lakhs and Group's share of net cash inflow of Rs. 37.52 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2023, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of 1 subsidiary company, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors, whose financial statements and auditor's report have been furnished to us by the Management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of subsidiary company and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of section 143 of the Act, insofar as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary company, is based solely on the reports of other auditors.



Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matter with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

- 2. We draw your attention to Note No. 11 of the consolidated financial statements where pursuant to the disclosure requirements of Ind AS 40, "Investment Property", the group has not disclosed the fair values of the investment properties held by the company as on March 31, 2022 and April 1, 2021. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
- 3. The comparative consolidated financial statements of the Group as stated in the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, were audited by the predecessor auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statement on July 28, 2022. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion on the figures reported in the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of other auditor on separate financial statements of the subsidiary company, as noted in 'other matter' paragraph we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) of the order.
- As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements of subsidiary as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.



- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of subsidiary company and its associate companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group's companies and its associates is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company, its subsidiary company and associate companies and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure B'.
- g) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the subsidiaries, the Holding Company, Subsidiary Company and Associate Companies are private companies and therefore reporting under section 197(16) is not applicable.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements:
 - The Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its consolidated financial statements as referred to in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii) The Group and its associates did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;



- iii) There are no amounts during the year which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group and its associate companies incorporated in India.
- iv) (a) The respective managements of the Holding Company, associate and subsidiary whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries or associate to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The respective managements of the Holding Company, associate and subsidiary whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiary from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (iv) (a) and (iv) (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- v) The final dividend paid by the Holding Company on preference shares during the year in respect of the same declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend on preference



shares for the year which is subject to approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend. Further, dividend has not been proposed on equity shares for the year.

vi) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Group with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.



FOR V. B. GOEL & CO. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg. No. 115906 W

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Place : Mumbai Date : 30/05/2023

'ANNEXURE A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure A referred to in paragraph 1 under Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date

According to information and explanations given to us, out of the companies incorporated in India, following companies are also included in consolidated financial statements, have certain remarks included in their reports under Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO") which have been reproduced as per the requirement of the Guidance Note on CARO:

SI. No,	Name of the entities	CIN	Holding Company/Subsidiary /Associate	Clause number of CARO Report
1.	Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited	U999999MH1997PTC110659	Holding Company	3 (vil)
2.	Nirmal Bang Equities Private Limited	U67120MH1995PTC086575	Subsidiary Company	3 (vii)
Э.	Nirmal Bang Equities Private Limited	U67120MH1995PTC086575	Subsidiary Company	3 (xvií)
4.	Nirmal Bang Insurance Broking Private Limited	U66030MH2001PTC133638	Subsidiary Company	3 (xvii)
5.	Mindset Securities Private Limited	U72900MH2000PTC127287	Associate Company	3 (BI) (a)
6.	Mindset Securities Private Limited	U72900MH2000PTC127287	Associate Company	3 (iff) (b)
7.	Mindset Securitles Private Limited	U72900MH2000PTC127287	Associate Company	3 (iii) (c)
8.	Mindset Securities Private Limited	U72900M112000FTC127287	Associate Company	3 (iv)
9.	Mindset Securities Private Limited	U72900M1-12000PTC-127287	Associate Company	3 (xvii)

FOR V. B. GOEL & CO. Charlered Accountants ÖEZ Firm Reg. No. 115906 W MUMBAI 63. (Vikas Goel) Partner

Membership No. : 39287 UDIN: 230392848478165053

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Place : Mumbai Date : 30105/5023

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and its associates for the year ended March 31, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the holding company, its subsidiary companies and its associate company, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in term of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are boing made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors, as referred to in Other Matters paragraph, the Holding Company, its subsidiary company and its associate companies have, maintained in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

Other Matters

Our Report under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company, in so far as it relates to separate financial statements of subsidiary company is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of the subsidiary company.

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FOR V. B. GOEL & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 115906 W

(Vikas Goel) Partner Membership No. : 39287 UDIN : 230 89287 84793C 505さ

Place : Mumbai Date : 30/05/2023

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 202
	1			
ASSETS				
(1) Financial Assets				
(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	4,414.12	25,828.85	21,933.8
(b) Bank Balance othan than (a) above	6	70,871.67	55,845.30	37,086.4
(c) Receivables			C. C	
Trade Receivables	7	16,292.24	22,621.74	16,747.6
(d) Loans	8	4,948.68	4,092.42	4,528.0
(c) Investments	9	28,601.17	20,270.71	23,194.4
(f) Other financial assets	10	1,354.24	1,254.78	1,255.7
(g) Securities held as inventories	11	1,014.47	1,276.43	88.2
(2) Non-Financial Assets				
(b) Current Tax Asset	12	142.78	276.31	208.1
(c) Investment Property	13		145.59	334.6
(d) Property, Plant and Equipment	14	1,836.95	2,234.88	2,628.5
(e) Other non-financial assets	15	533.59	561.88	571.3
TOTAL ASSETS		1,30,009.91	1,34,408.89	1,08,577.1
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
(1) Financial Liabilities				
(a) Pavables				
Trade Payables	16			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small				
enterprises		17.28	7.25	35.9
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro				
enterprises and small-enterprises		1,324.97	1,515,12	1,281.9
(b) Debt Securities	17	2,500.00		1.2.10
(c) Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	18		84.69	11,871.4
(d) Deposits	19	1,146.75	1,258.30	1,158.1
(e) Subordinated liabities	20	5,450.00	5,450.00	100.0
(f) Other Financial liabilities	21	67,435.90	77,296.22	54,974.1
(2) Non-Financial Liabilities				
(a) Current tax liabilities (Net)	22	222.43	263.61	225.7
(b) Provisions	23	426.18	449.69	437.7
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	24	88.01	206.14	212.4
(d) Other non-financial Liabilities	25	316.22	454.53	596.6
(3) Equity				
(a) Equity Share Capital	26	493.11	493.11	493.1
(b) Other Equity	27	50,585.20	46,928.29	37,189.89
(c) Non Controlling Interest	28	3,36	1.94	- A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		1,30,009.91	1,34,408.89	1,08,577.15

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

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As per our attached report of even date For V. B. GOEL & CO **Chartered Accountants**

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Firm Reg. No. 115906W

W (Vikas Goel)

Partner Membership No. : 39287

Place : Mumbai Date : 3010512023

GOEL NUMBA 63. DA CE

For and on the behalf of Board vasl 9 20 500

(Kishore Bang) (K Director Di DIN : 00797781 DI NT State (Namrata Pai) Company Secretary Membership No. A28477

(Rakesh Bhandart Director DIN : 01167387

Place : Mumbal Date : 30 16512.02.3

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

PARTICULARS	NOTE	For the year ended 31-03-2023	For the year ended 31-03-2022
Revenue from operations			
(a) Interest Income	30	9,272.93	8,134.20
(b) Dividend Income	31	8.38	4.50
(c) Fees and commission income	32	0100	110-5
Brokerage and fees income		22,898.16	25,872.87
Other commission income		128.12	25.44
(d) Net gain on fair value changes	33		251.68
(e) Other Operating income	34	227.06	224.73
(I) Total Revenue from Operations		32,534.64	34,513.42
(II) Other Income	35	38.12	44.50
(III) Total Income (I+II)		32,572.76	34,557.92
Expenses:			
		0.010.40	1 0/0 75
(a) Finance cost	36	2,319.62	1,960.75
(b) Fees and commission expense	37	10,598.22	12,012.93
(c) Impairment on financial instruments	38	105.53	(44.0)
(c) Net loss on fair value changes	39	125.46 9,192.26	8,736.60
(d) Employee Benefit expense	40	937.44	883.9
(e) Depreciation, amortization and impairment (f) Others expenses	14 41	4,135.11	3,528.8
(IV) Total Expense		27,413.64	27,079.01
(V) Profit before Tax (III-IV)		5,159.12	7,478.90
(VI) Tax Expense		L'austra	
(a) Current tax		1,544.66	1,989.3
(b) Deferred tax		(133.97)	(174.1
(c) Short/(Excess) Provision of earlier years		98.05	(24.5)
Total Tax Expense		1,508.73	1,790.63
(VII) Profit/(loss) for the period (V-VI)		3,650.39	5,688.29
(VIII) Share of profit/(loss) of associates (net of taxes)		(399.84)	1,958.4
(IX) Profit/(loss) after tax and share in profit of associates		3,250.55	7,646.7
(X) Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss and its			
related tax income effects :			
(i) Actuarial gain/(loss) on post retirement benefit plans		69.67	100.5
(i) Fair value gain/ (loss) on Equity Instruments		355.60	2,182.6
(ii) Deferred tax impact on above		(16.99)	(167.8
Other Comprehensive Income		408.28	2,115.3
(XI) Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX+X)		3,658.83	9,762:0

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	NOTE	For the year ended 31-03-2023	For the year ended 31-03-2022
(XII) Net profit/(loss) attributable to :			
Owners of parent		3,249.21	7,647.78
Non-controlling interests		1,34	(1.04
(XIII) Other comprehensive income attributable to :			
Owners of parent		408.20	2,115.30
Non-controlling interests		0.08	+
(XIV) Total comprehensive income attributable to :			
Owners of parent		3,657.41	9,763.09
Non-controlling interests		1.41	(1.04
(XV) Earning per Equity share of Rs. 10	46		
1) Basic (Rs.)		74.20	197.9
2) Diluted (Rs.)		74.20	197.9

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements 1-64

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As per our report of even date attached For V. B. GOEL & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 115906W

(Vikas Goel) Partner

Membership No. : 39287

Place: Mumbai Date: 30/05/2023

varahore For and on behalf of the Board N \cap

(Kishore Bang) Director DIN : 00797781

(Rakesh Bhandari) Director DIN: 01167387

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(Namrata Pai) Company Secretary Membership No. A28477

Place: Mumbai Date: Bol 05) 2023

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2		(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless Year ended 31.03.2	
A. Cash Flow from operating activities : Net Profit /(Loss) before tax and exceptional items		5,159,12		7,478.90
Adjusted for: Depreciation	937.44		883.92	1.000
Dividend income	(8.38)		(4.50)	
Impairment on financial instruments Fair Value changes on investment	83.55 (5.97)		(109.64) (251.68)	
Sundry Balance Written back and Unclaimed Suspense	(2.37)		13.29	
Bad Debts written off (Profit)/Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	21.98 (3.25)		65.58 (11.63)	
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Property	59.66		109.11	
Profit/(Loss) On Error Trade Finance Cost	10.03 2,319.62	3,414.69	6.59 1.960.75	2,661.79
Operating profit before working capital changes	ay, 13, 21, 17, 17, 19	8,573.81	ALCONGE.	10,140.69
Adjusted for: Trade Receivables	6.223.98		10 414 22	
Margin Trading loans	(856.27)		(5,843,27) 435.65	
Other Financial Assets Securities held as inventories	(109.48) 261.96		(5.64) (1,188,18)	
Other Non-Pinancial Assets	28.29		(217.27)	
Trade Payables Fixed Deposits with banks	(180.12) 3.948.00		204.47 (28,880.05)	
Other Financial Liabilities	(10,039.03)		22,354.30	
Deposits Other Non-Financial Liabilities	(111.55) (138.31)		100.14 (142.13)	
Provisions	46.10	(926.36)	112.57	(13,069.41
Cash generated from operation Direct taxes refund/(paid)		7,647,46 (1,550.37)		(2,928.72) (1,995.09
Net Cash from Operating activities		6,097.09		(4,923.81)
3. Cash Flow from Investment Activities ;				
Purchase of Plant, Property and Equipment Sale of Fixed Assets	(553.20) 16.93		(497.88) 19.26	
Proceeds from sale of Investment Property	85.93		306.61	
Sale/(Purchase) of Investments Dividend on investment	(8,368.73) 8.38		7,316.45	
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	House -	(8,810.70)	100	7,148.94
Cash Flow from Financing Activities:				
Issue of preference shares (net of issue expenses) Issue of Non-Covertible Debentures	2,500.00		5,350.00	
Increase/(Decrease) in borrinvings	(189.40)		(12,187.33)	
Interest & Bank Commission paid	(2,037.35)	979.06	(1,614.00)	10 181 45
Net Cash used in Pinancing Activities		273.25		(8,451,33
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalent (A+B+C)		(2,440.37)		(6,226.20)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beiginning of the period				
Cash in hand		17.94 5,790.97		17.55
Balances in current account Total Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		5,808.91		12,017.58 12,035.13
and a second better a proper second at the second				
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Cash in hand		20.16		17,94
Balances in current account		3,348,40		5,790.97
Total Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		3,368.56		5,808.91

As per our report of even date attached For V. B. GOEL & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg. No. 115906W GOEL d с,

MUMBAI 63. DACO Membership No. 1 39287

Place: Mumbal

(Vikas Goel) Partner

Date: 301050.023

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For and on behalf of the Boary M 2

(Kishore Bang) Director DIN 100797781

(Raturd Bhandari) Director DIN: 01167387

Npan (Namrata Pai) **Company Secretary** Membership No. A28477

Place: Mumbai Date: 36 05 12023

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANCES IN FOULTY

(A) Equity Share Capital

Prosting-		For the year ended	
SZEINDIDELI	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2022	April 01, 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	117265	11:565	11/261
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	,		
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	11766	111565	493.11
Changes in equity share capital during the year			-
Balance at the end of the year	11.6%	183.11	93.11

(B) Other Equity

				Reserves	Reserves & Surplus				Other Cempa	Other Comprehensive Income	
Faticulars	Oquial Reserve	Securities Prestium	Retained Earnings General Reserve	General Reserve	Debentume Redeeption Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Statutory Reserve	Capital Beserve an Canselidation	Equity instrument through other comprehensive income	Actuarial gain(()esses) on post refrement benefit plans	Total Other Equity
liadance as at April 01, 2021	1,878.19	1,901.98	11/588/61	261237		2,250.65	163.06	601.42	1,899.05	(571)	37,189,89
Profit/(loss) for the year	•		7,647.78	•	•		,				7,647.78
Other comprehensive income [net of Say]	,		•		•	•			2,014.72	100.38	2,115.30
On account of business combination	•	43.50	(12000)		•		•	151			(24.68)
Transfer to statutoer reserve				+	*				-	+	+
Ilalance as at March 31, 2022	91,878,19	1,345.45	約1時1月	2,612.37	*	2,250.65	163.06	602.95	6,913.77	FOR	46,928.29
Balance as at April 01, 2022	60808/1	4,345.48	经1941亿	2,612.37	•	2,250.65	163.06	602.95	6,913.77	HEDDE	45,926,29
Protit/(loss) for the year	•		324921	•	•		'	•			12.942.8
Other comprehensive income (net of tan)					'	,	•	•	338.60	69.69	0E'S0t
Transfer to statution reserve			(250.00)		250.00		-	-		.0	+
Balance as at March 31, 2023	1,378.19	4.945-48	30,450.70	261237	256.00	2,250.65	163.06	802.95	2,157.38	169.93	30,385.70

As per our attached report of even date For V. B. GOHL & CO Firm Reg, No. 115906W **Contered** Accommission M

Membership No.: 35287 (Vikas God) Partners



Place: Mumbai Date: 36 05 2023

Company Secretary Membership No. A20477

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78578110 : NIC Lesh Bhu

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(Kishore Bang) Director DEN: 00797781

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited ('the Holding Group') was incorporated on September 12, 1997. The Group is registered with Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') under the Stock brokers and sub-brokers Regulations, 1992 and is a member of Bombay Stock Exchange Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Multi Commodity Exchangeof India Ltd. and National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange Limited. The Group acts as a stock broker and commodities broker to execute proprietary trades and also trades on behalf of its clients which include retail customers (including high net worth individuals), mutual funds, foreign institutional investors, financial institutions and corporate clients. It is registered with Central Depository Services (India) Limited and National Securities Depository Limited in the capacity of Depository Participant.

2 BUSINESS COMBINATION UNDER COMMON CONTROL

A common control business combination, involving entities or businesses in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and where the control is not transitory, is accounted for in accordance with Appendix C to Ind AS 103 'Business Combinations'.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are made only to harmonize significant accounting policies.

The identity of the reserves are preserved and appear in the financial statements of the transferee in the same form in which

they appeared in the financial statements of the transferor

The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves with disclosure of its nature and purpose in the notes

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Group comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The financial statements up to and including the year ended March 31, 2022 were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006 (as amended) under the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended), and other generally accepted accounting principles in India (collectively referred to as "Indian GAAP" or "Previous GAAP").

These financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 are the first financial statements of the Group under Ind AS. The transition to Ind AS has been carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 "First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards". Accordingly, the impact of transition has been recorded in the opening reserves as at April 1, 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared using the significant accounting policies and measurement bases summarized as below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements, except where the Group has applied certain accounting policies and exemptions upon transition to Ind AS.

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(b) Preparation of financial statements

The holding Group is covered in the definition of Non-Banking Financial Group as defined in Companies (indian Accounting Standards) (Amondment) Rules, 2016. As per the format prescribed under Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 on October 2018 (as amonded), the Group presents the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Changes in Equity in the order of liquidity. A maturity analysis of recovery or settlement of essets and liabilities within 12 months after the reporting date and more than 12 months after the reporting date is presented in note 55 of these financial statements.

(c) Historical cost convention

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ('GAAP') under the historical cost convention except for financial instruments and plan assets under the defined benefit plan which are measured at bdr value at the end of reporting period as explained in the accounting policies given below. Further, nominal accounts are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated. This is to comply with the Indian Accounting Standard (to the extent applicable) as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent applicable).

(d) Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with ind AS which requires management to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and disclosures as of the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Accounting estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and could change from period to period. Appropriate changes in estimates are recognized in the period in which the Group becomes aware of the changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Any revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods. The estimates and judgments that have significant impact on carrying amount of assets and liabilities at each balance sheet date are discussed at note 3 of these financial statements.

e) Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

i) Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements have comprised financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the group.

The Group combines the financial statements of the Holding Company and IB subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses, intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions within the Group are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively. Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) is attributable to the equity holders of the Holding Company and to the non-controlling interest basis the respective ownership interest and such balance is attributed even if this results in controlling interest is having a deficit balance.

The excess of cost to the Group of its investments in the subsidiaries over its share of equity of the subsidiaries, at the dates on which the investments in the subsidiaries were made, is recognised as "Goodwill on Consolidation" and is tested for impairment on annual basis. On the other hand, where the share of equity in the subsidiaries as on the date of investment is in excess of cost of investments of the Group, it is recognized as 'Capital Reserve' and shown under the head 'Reserves & Surplus' in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

ii) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting (see (iii) below), after initially being recognized at cost.

The difference between the cost of investment in the associate and the share of net assets at the time of acquisition of shares in the associate is identified in the Consolidated Financial Statements as Goodwill or Capital Reserve as the case may be and adjusted against the carrying amount of investment in the associate.

iii) Equity Accounting

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognized as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

iv) Changes in ownership interest

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognized within equity.

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate

share of the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

(f) Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five step model asset out in Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, to determine when to recognize revenue and at what amount. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in the contract with a customer. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when services are provided and it is highly probable that a significant reversal of revenue is not expected to occur.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recognised when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

When (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, the Group recognizes as revenue the amount of the transaction price (excluding estimates of variable consideration) that is allocated to that performance obligation.

The Group applies the five-step approach for recognition of revenue:

- Identification of contract(s) with customers;
- Identification of the separate performance obligations in the contract;
- Determination of transaction price;
- Allocation of transaction price to the separate performance obligations; and
- Recognition of revenue when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied.

(i) Brokerage Income

It is recognised on trade date basis and is exclusive of goods and service tax and securities transaction tax (STT) wherever applicable.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income on a financial asset at amortised cost is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate ('EIR'). The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows of the financial assets through the expected life of the financial asset or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. The internal rate of return on financial assets after netting off the fees received and cost incurred approximates the effective interest rate method of return for the financial asset. The future cash flows are estimated taking into account all the contractual terms of the instrument.

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(iii) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss on the date that the Group's right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be reliably measured. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Outstanding bank overdrafts are not considered integral part of the Group's cash management.

(h) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. The cost of Property, Plant and Equipment comprises of purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to Statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

(i) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on written down value basis so as to write off the cost of assets over the useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The Group provides pro-rata depreciation from the date on which asset is acquired / put to use. In respect of assets sold, pro-rata depreciation is provided up to the date on which the asset is sold. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the term of underlying lease.

Class of asset	Estimated useful lives	
Building (other than Factory Building)	60 years	
Building (others)	3 years	
Computers	3 years	
Computers - Server and networks	6 years	
Electrical Installations and Equipment	10 years	
General Furniture & Fixture	10 years	
Office Equipment's	5 years	
Vehicle (Motor Car)	8 years	
Vehicle (Others)	10 years	
Leasehold Property	Amortised over the term of underlying lease	

(j) Intangible Assets

Measurement at recognition:

Intangible assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefit attributable to the assets will flow to the Group and its cost can be reliably measured. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

Exponditure incurred on acquisition/development of intangible assets which are not put/ready to use at the reporting date is disclosed under intangible assets under development. The Group amorfizos intangible assets on a straight-line basis over the five years commencing from the month in which the asset is first put to use. The Group provides pro-rate amortization from the day the asset is put to use.

Class of aeset	Estimated useful lives
Computer Software	5 years

Dererognition:

The carrying amount of an intangible asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic bonefits are expected from its use or dispusal. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized,

(k) Investment Property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not used by the Group for business purposes, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

(1) Lease

Group as a Lessee

The Group considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. The Group assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

The Group has adopted ind AS 116 "Leases" using the cumulative catch-up approach. Group has recognized Right of Use assets as at April 1, 2021 for leases previously classified as operating leases and measured at an amount equal to lease liability (adjusted for related prepayments/ accruals). The Group has discounted lease payments using the incremental barrowing rate for measuring the lease liability.

The Group depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Group also assesses the right-of-use asset for impolement when such indicators exist.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease flability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed) and variable payments based on an index or rate.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the flability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease llability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss II the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

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The Group has elected to account for short-term teases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognizing a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognized as an operating expense in Statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lesse, it adjusts the carrying amount of the lesse liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lesse liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lesse payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lesse term. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Group as a Lessor

Leases for which the Group is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the term of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

m) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past / future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, lowesting and financing activities of the Group are segregated based on the available information.

n) Financial Instrument

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on trade date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset or financial flability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are incremental and directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial flability, such as fees and commissions. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of profit and loss. Immediately after initial recognition, an expected credit loss allowance (ECL) is recognized for financial assets measured at amortized cost.

When the fair value of financial assets and itabilities differs from the transaction price on initial recognition, the entity recognizes the difference as follows:

- a) When the fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or hability (i.e. a Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, the difference is recognized as a gain or loss.
- b) In all other cases, the difference is deferred and the timing of recognition of deferred day one profit or loss is determined individually, it is either amortized over the life of the instrument, deferred until the instrument's fair value can be determined using market observable inputs, or realized through settlement.

When the Group revises the estimates of future cash flows, the carrying amount of the respective financial assets or financial liability is adjusted to reflect the new estimate discounted using the original effective interest rate. Any changes are recognized in Statement of profit and loss.

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Fair value of financial instruments:

Some of the Group's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purpose. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a flability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

Pair value measurements under Ind AS are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- a) Level 7 : quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at measurement date
- b) Level 2 : inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- c) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) that the Group can access at measurement date.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets and liabilities are disclosed in note 52 to these financial statements.

Financial assets

a) Classification and subsequent measurement

The Group has applied Ind AS 109 and classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Pair value through profit or loss (EVTPL);
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCi); or
- Amortised cost.

1) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPi) on the principal amount outstanding. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is ententiated by taking into account any discount or promium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in interest income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2) Equity Instruments

Equily instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equily from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

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All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Group may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as revenue from operations in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Group has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognized in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognised as 'Revenue from operations' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

3) Investments in mutual funds

Investments in mutual funds are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

b) Impairment

The Group recognizes impairment allowances using Expected Credit Losres ("ECL") method on all the financial assets that are not measured at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

ECL are probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

- Financials assets that are not credit impaired as the present value of all cash shortfalls that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.
- Financials assets with significant increase in credit risk as the present value of all cash shortfalls that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial assets.
- Financials assets that are credit impaired as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows.

Financial assets are written off/fully provided for when there is no reasonable of recovering financial assets in its entirety or a portion thereof.

However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss,

c) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

The Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Group has transferred an asset, the Group evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the Group has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Group has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Group retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

Financial Habilities

a) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

b) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss is measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires,

o) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance short where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the itability simultaneously. The legally autoreable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default. Insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

p) Impairment of non financial assets

At each balance sheet date, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite lives may be impaired. If any such impairment exists the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Intangible assets not yet available for use, are tested for impairment annually at each balance sheet date, or earlier, if there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in ose. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

As at March 34, 2023, none of the Group's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets were emsidered impaired.

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

q) Borrowing Cost

Expenses related to borrowing cost are accounted using effective interest rate. Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. The difference between the discounted amount mobilised and redemption value of commercial papers is recognised in the statement of profit and loss over the life of the instrument using the EIR.

r) Employee Benefits

a) Short-term obligations

Short-term employee benefits are recognized as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year in which the related services are rendered. The Group recognises the costs of bonus payments when it has a present obligation to make such payments as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Compensated Absences

The Group does not have a policy of encashment of unavailed leaves for its employees. Further, as per the policy of the Group, balance leaves unutilised as at the end of the financial year is not carry forward. Therefore, no provision in this regards is made in the financial statement.

b) Post-employment obligations

Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution paid/payable to the recognised provident fund and Employee State Insurance Corporation, which is a defined contribution scheme, is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

Defined benefit

Gratuity is post-employment benefit and is in the nature of defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of defined benefit obligation at the Balance Sheet date together with the adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gain or losses and the past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is calculated at or near the Balance Sheet date by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses comprise experience adjustment and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

s) Foreign Currency Translation

a) Functional and presentation currency

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Items included in financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

b) Translation and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are recognized in profit or loss.

t) Earning per shares

a) Basic Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the total comprehensive income for the period (excluding other comprehensive income) attributable to equity share holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus element in equity shares issued during the year.

b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the total comprehensive income for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period as adjusted for the effects of all diluted potential equity shares except where the results are anti-dilutive.

u) Taxation

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses. Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly.

a) Current Tax

Current tax is measured at the amount of tax expected to be payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are off set when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax liabilities are not recognized for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiaries and associates where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deforred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deforred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

v) Provisions, Contingent Habilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost. Expected future operating losses are not provided for.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past avonts, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

w) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirements.

x) Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed,

y) Recent Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Alfairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entitles to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Group has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the consolidated financial statements.

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Group has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Group has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its consolidated financial statement.

4 Key accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Any changes to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are included in the following notes:

a) Business Model Assessment: Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI (Solely Payments of Principal and Interest) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), where the assets are managed in accordance with an approved investment strategy that triggers purchase and sale decisions based on the fair value of such assets. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value being recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- b) Provision and contingent liability: On an ongoing basis, Group reviews pending cases, claims by third parties and other contingencies. For contingent losses that are considered probable, an estimated loss is recorded as an accrual in financial statements. Loss Contingencies that are considered possible are not provided for but disclosed as Contingent liabilities in the financial statements. Contingencies the likelihood of which is remote are not disclosed in the financial statements. Gain contingencies are not recognized until the contingency has been resolved and amounts are received or receivable.
- c) Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method : The Group's EIR methodology, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioral life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the financial instruments.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgment regarding the expected behavior and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes to India's base rate and other fee income/ expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

- d) Allowance for impairment of financial asset: The Group applies expected credit loss model (ECL) for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. The Group recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the loans have been impaired. The Group is exposed to credit risk when the customer defaults on his contractual obligations. For the computation of ECL, the loan receivables are classified into three stages based on the default and the ageing outstanding. The Group recognises life time expected credit loss for trade receivables and has adopted simplified method of computation as per Ind AS 109. The Group considers outstanding overdue for more than 90 days for calculation of expected credit loss.
- e) Recognition of deferred tax assets: Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax-loss carry forwards and unused tax credits to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit is probable. The assessment of the probability with regard to the realisation of the tax benefit involves assumptions based on the history of the entity and budgeted data for the future.
- f) Defined benefit plans: The cost of defined benefit plans and the present value of the defined benefit obligations are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long - term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.
- g) Property, plant and equipment and Intangible Assets: Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values as per schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 or are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes, whichever is more appropriate.

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NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Note	Particulars	As at	l amounts in Rs. Lakhs, m As at	As at
No.		31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021
5	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash on hand Balances with banks	20.16	17.94	17.55
	In current accounts Fixed Deposit with Bank (Maturity within 3 months)* ** Bank overdrafts	3,341,59 1,045,56 6,81	5,757.57 20,019.94 33,40	12,017.58 9,898.70
	*Fixed deposits are pledged with banks for bank guarantee and with stock			
	exchange as margin is Rs. 1,045.56 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 20,019.94 Lakhs) ** Balance of fixed deposit also includes interest accrned on fixed deposit			
	TOTAL	4,414.12	25,828.85	21,933.8
6	BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (4) ABOVE			
	Fixed deposit with original maturity more than 3 months but less than 12 months*** Fixed Deposit with maturity more than 12 months***	57,135,17 13,736,51	48,616.55 7,228.75	35,827.11 1,259.3
	*Fixed Deposits pledged with following: with banks for bank guarantee and with stock exchange as margin is Rs. 68,921.23 Lakhs (P, Y, Rs. 53,550.48 Lakhs) with banks for overdraft facility Rs. 1,918.43 Lakhs (P,Y, Rs. 2,264.64 Lakhs) with PFRDA for registration Rs. 21.02 Lakhs (P,Y, 20.00 Lakhs)			
	with IRDA for Rs. 10.99 Lakhs (P.Y. 10.48 Lakhs)			
	TOTAL	70,871.67	55,845.30	37,086.4
7	TRADE RECEIVABLES			
	Considered good - Secured* Considered good - Unsecured Trade Receivables - Credit impaired Less : Allowance for Impairment loss	15,417,11 573,60 998,11 (696,58)	20,475.51 2,043.68 720.68 (618.13)	14,664.7) 1,792.3- 1,020.40 (729.8)
	TOTAL	16,292.24	22,621.74	16,747.6
	*Secured against securities given as collateral by the customer			
	a) Debts due from directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person	ып	NII	Nil
	 b) Debts due from firms including LLPs or private companies in which director is partner, director or member 	Nil	0.02	0.0
	NUMB	0		
			1 001	

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

(All amounts in R.s. Lehins, unless otherwise started)

c) Trade receivables ageing schedule

Agoing for trade receivables from the due date of payment fur each of the category as at Manch 31, 2023

Junction Less than 6 months 6 Months - 1 year 1-2 Years 2-3 years 1 Undisputed Trade receivables - 151.42 - 15,630.95 154.61 33.65 12.73 1 considered good - 15,630.95 154.61 33.65 12.73 1 considered good - 15,630.95 154.61 33.65 12.73 1 considered good - 15,630.95 154.61 33.65 12.73	ars More than 5 years 24.15	15,090.71
151,12 - 15,630,95 154,61 13,85	24.15	309.0
Undisputed Trade Receivables -	77.98	
2 which have significant increase in	772%	8
3 Undepended Trade Receivables 42.66 13.21 37.68 131.57 [credit imposined		
Disputed Trade receivables - Considered frond	•	
Disputed Trade Receivables - which 5 have significant increase in credit risk	•	
6 Disputed Trade Receivables - credit	-	
Total Trade Receivables 154.42 - 15.673.61 167.82 51.53 144.30	144.30 797.34 (696.58)	16,292.24

Platents Plate	Not Day		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	ing periods from d	ine date of payment		Loss allowance	Tant
		Less than 6 months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2+3 years	More than 3 years		1001
342.40		21,548.82	19:26	85.61	11.06	278.05	•	22519.19
*	•						•	
1	•	10'61	51.94	61.241	35.81	466.75	(61813)	102.56
1		*	*	•	•	•	•	*
	^	*	,				*	
		•	*	•	•			•
312.40	•	21,867.82	02.17	166.77	68.86	744.80	(51813)	22,621.74

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NRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated frammal statements

(All mounts in Rs. Lukle, wires otherwise stated)

c) Trade receivables againg schedule

Ageing for trade neervables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at April 01, 2021

Unthilled Dass Not Dae 111111	-	Townshine Car		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	ring periods from d	use date of payment	1.5	Loss allowance	Total
-			Less than 6 months	a Months - 1 year	I-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 5 years		
_	202203	•	67 1997 78	SU.73	23.19	14.48	577	1	16,457.09
	1	•			•		1	•	
		•	17.43	11.96	62.93	190.78	56.262	(65622)	290.59
_				ä	+	3	*		•
Disputed Trade Societathies - vehich have significant increase in credit risk	1	•		i)	•			•	•
Disputed Trade Storeivables - credit impuired	,		r	+	+	9		1	4
_	205.09	•	16,048.92	60.631	\$6.12	205.26	743.15	(129,89)	16,747.69

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

		(All am	ounts in Rs. Lakhs, unle	ss otherwise stated)
Not	Particulars	As at	As at	As at
e		31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021
8	LOANS			
	At amortised cost			
	(A) Others			
	Margin trading facility	252.03	198.23	144.80
	Loans to employee	4,701.49	3,898.83	4,385.80
	TOTAL (A) GROSS	4,953.52	4,097.06	4,530.60
	Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.84)	(4.64)	(2.53)
	TOTAL (A) NET	4,948.68	4,092.42	4,528.07
	(B) Secured/Unsecured			
	Secured	2,596.91	1,688.59	2,581.64
	Unsecured	2,356.61	2,408.47	1,948.95
	TOTAL (B) GROSS	4,953.52	4,097.06	4,530.59
	Less :Impairment loss allowance	(4.84)	(4.64)	(2.53)
	TOTAL (B) NET	4,948.68	4,092.42	4,528.07
	(C) Loan in India			
	Public Sector			
	Others	4,953,52	4,097.06	4,530.59
	TOTAL (C) GROSS	4,953.52	4,097.06	4,530,59
	Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.84)	(4.64)	(2.53)
	TOTAL (C) NET	4,948.68	4,092.42	4,528.07

 (D) There are no outstanding loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and their related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:
 (i) repayable on demand; or

(ii) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

(E) Summary of loans by stage distribution

As at March 31, 2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount	4,953.52			4,953.52
Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.84)			(4.84)
Net carrying amount	4,948.68			4,948.68
As at March 31, 2022	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount	4,097.06			4,097.06
Less : Impairment loss allowance	(4.64)			(4.64)
Net carrying amount	4,092.42			4,092.42
As at April 01, 2021	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount	4,530.60			4,530.60
Less : Impairment loss allowance	(2.53)			(2.53)
Net carrying amount	4,528.07		÷ .	4,528.07

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

9 INVESTMENTS

- (A) At amortised Cost
- (i) Investment in unquoted equity instruments (associates)

	No. of shares		DESCRIPTION		Amount in Lakhs	
As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As af 01-04-2021		As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-0 4 -2021
50,90,000.00	50,90,000	50,90,000	50,90,000 <u>Mindset Securities Private Limited</u> (Gootheill as per equity method : Rs. 1,43,65,631) Cost of Investment	509.00	509.00	509.00
			Share in Reserve			
			Add : Opening balance of reserves	12,536.80	9,863.01	7,014.20
			Add : Share of profit/(loss) for the year	(1366)	1,958.45	1,251.70
			Add: Impact of transition to IND AS		•	89.626
			Add : Share of other comprehensive income for the year	217.17	715.34	617.43
			Total of shares in Reserve	12,354.14	12,536.80	9,863.01
			Carrying Value as on balance sheet date	12,863.14	13,045.80	10,372.01
15,00,000.00	15,00,000	15,00,000	15,00,000 Shresth Securities Private Limited	150.00	150.00	150.00
			Less : Impairment in value of investment	(150.00)	(150.00)	(120.00)
			Sub-Total	12,863.14	13,045.80	10,372.01

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

- 9 INVESTMENTS
- (B) At Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income
- (i) Investment in unquoted equity instruments

	As at 01-04-2021	5,318.69	5,318.69
Amount in Lakhs	As at 31-03-2022	6,786.12	6,786.12
Y	As at 31-03-2023	6,924.64	6,924.64
DESCRIPTION		lang Securities Private Limited	Sub Total
	As at 01-04-2021	1,03,862 Bang Seo	Sub
No. of shares	As at 31-03-2022	1,03,862	
	As at 31-03-2023	1,03,862	

- (C) At fair value through profit or loss

	No. of units.		DESCRIPTION		Amount in Lakhs	
As at A 31-03-2023 31-00	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021		As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
-		12,239,23	12,239.23 Nippon India Liquid Fund - Growth Plan		ł	611.59
93,683,73 1,	1,08,908.98		Nippon India Overnight Fund - Growth Plan	112.29	123.88	
•	•	2,58,383	ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund - Growth Plan	•	•	782.93
1	•	74,611	Aditya Birla Sunlise Money Manager Fund - Institutional Growth			212.57
•	,	73,226	Axis Money Market Fund - Regular Growth Plan	,		808.44
,		50,599	HDFC Money Market Fund - Regular Growth Plan	•	•	2,235.27
1	i	6,24,904	ICICI			1,831.03
•	,	31,38,355	SBI Savings Fund - Regular Growth		•	1,021.91
7,25,819,69	•	•	Trust Overnight Fund	60'102'2	•	•
1,00,000.00	•	•	Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund	1,000.00	•	1
•	22,038	•	Mahimdra Manulife Mutual Fund Liquid Fund Regular Growth	•	314.90	1
		Su	Sub Total	8,813.38	438.78	7,503.74
			Total	28,601.17	20,270.71	23,194.43

TOTAL

23,194.43

20,270.71

28,601.17

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

		(All amounts (a Ra. Lakita, unicas o	therryise stated)
Nole Na.	Posticu)ara	As 44 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
10	OTHER PINANCIAL ASSESS			
	Szcurity Deposits			
	With Exchanges and Depositories	934.15	604.40	929.40
	For Ronted pramises	209.91	201.30	179.69
	Other deposits	4.63	4.63	7.02
	Deposit paid under Arbitration owerd (under dispute)	111.93	109.35	47.45
	Amount neoverable from exchanges, clearing houses and depositories	79.08	290.29	(00.64
	Other Receivables	7,99	9,85	0.31
	Receivable from government authorities	4.75	3,21	-
	Error Trade Stock (al fair value through profit & loss)	1.79	L.76	1.23
	TOTAL	1,354.24	1,254.76	1,255.73
	Impairment loss allmouter recognised on other financial assets	NII	2.50	2.50

11 SECURITIED HELD AS INVENTOBIES (At fair velue through profit and loss)

	No. of Sharos		DRSCRIPTION			
As at 31-03-2023	A± 41 31-03-2022	As a) 01-04-2021		As at 31-03-2023	As al 31-03-2822	As al 01-04-2021
2,000	2,000	2.00K	Crodence Sound & Vision Ltd.	,	,	
,	-	1,300	Lakshmi Machine Works (ad.	-	-	68.2
22.050	22.050	22.050	Winro Commercial (India) Ltd.	53.90	53,90	•
•	398		TELESYS Software Limited	-	-	-
-	1,50,000	-	Ashapura Minochem Limited	-	190.73	
-	1,00,000		Chambat Fertilisers and chemicals	•	422.00	-
	3,14,300		brine Lineired	-	150.68	-
-	4,47.000		Indiabuli Real	-	453.03	-
2,00,000	-	-	08233	213,60	-	
6,200	-	-	Kovoi Medical Center & Hospitality Lid	114.13	•	
1,05,000	-	-	Lumax Amo Tochnologies Lid	289,71	-	-
1,90,000	-	-	MSTC LIG	252.53	·	-
3,50,000	•	•	Cawal Agro Mills Lid	8K23	-	-
7,88,250	10,35,748	25,350	Sub-Lota)	1,014.47	1,276.34	68.2

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BRROWTRADE		•	0,09	-
		2,014.47	1,276.43	58.26
Out of the above In India		1.4H4.47	1,270.43	88.26
Outstele India	TOTAL	3,014.47	1,276.43	N8,26
	IMA	3		

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

		(All amounts in R	s. Lakhs, unless of	herwise stated)
Note No.	Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
12	CURRENT TAX ASSETS			
	Advance tax and tax deducted at source (net of provisions) (Net of provision for tax of Rs. 2,734.49 Lakhs, Previous year: 2,181.79 Lakhs)	142.78	276.31	208.19
	TOTAL	142.78	276.31	208.19
13	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			
	Land at Sanand			
	Balance at the beginning of the year	145.59	334.63	334.63
	Add : Additions during the year			
	Less : Deduction during the year	(145.59)	(189.04)	7
	TOTAL		145.59	334.63
	a) Impairment loss allowance recognised on Investment Property	Nil	Nil	Nil

b) The company does not hold any investment property whose title

deeds are not held in the name of the company.

N N N	<u>AAL BANG SECURITES PRIVATE LIMITED</u>	s to Accounts are inleganized part of consolidated financial statements
		Notes to Ac

14 PROPERTY, FLANT & EQUIPMENT

Ad amounts in Rs. Lable, suless otherwise stated)

		GROSS CARRYING AMDUNT	NG AMOUNT			VCCUMULATED	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		NET CARRYING AMOUNT	VG AMOUNT
Particulars	Als on	Addition	Deduction	Als em	HA SY	- Har take	Deductions	As on	4400	As en
	01.04.2022	_		31.00.3023	01.0L.2022	Year		31.63.2023	31,03,2023	31.03.2022
Provects Plant and Femilmonats		-	_							
Baiking (Office cremics)	12.61	•	'	97 <u>7</u> 1	71.57	266	•	74.03	23.61	
Computers	1,136.36	127.05	607-03	1,136.57	990.65	145.98	105.30	1,031.14	(frizt)	145.40
Electric Fitting	90.16		5.92	58.11	35.64	2.97	5.86	52.72	3.33	8,43
Fumiture & Fixians	572.63	2.92	38.16	S-B-S	12 63	2421	37.63	514.07	26.33	36.35
Office Equipments	ð1.072	16:0¥	20/26	20108	1f23ft	52.56	90.12	444.85	39.25	7274
ROU Asser	2183.18	314.90		2,458.09	36230	61197		1,17117	1,325.92	1,620,48
Vehicles	661.08	67.39	106.36	11729	385.50	101.69	K .73	300 C	231.64	25.38
Selb-Total	5.00.2	87.15X	M953	5,507.00	3,987.05	N 966	8	3,681.45	1,8255	2216.27
Other Intangible Assets				_						
Computer Software	34.00	ı		88	17.40	7.30	'	24.60	0F11	18.60
Sub-Tetal	a se	'		36,00	17.40	87	 	2669	11.40	13.68
Actor	5,3933	53.20	349.S	558.00	3,104.6	17125	335.85	3706.05	1,836.95	13451.2

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

14 PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

		CROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	IC AMOUNT			ACCUMULATEL	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		NET CARRYING AMOUNT	G AMOUNT
Particulars	As on 01.04.2021	Addition	Deduction	As on 31.03.2022	As on CLOK 2027	For the Year	Deductions	As on 31.03.2022	As on 31,03,2022	AS 00 31.03.2621
Property Plant and Equipments.										
Building (Office presses)	127.65			127.65	68.58	52	,	25.12	27 JS	20.02
Comptiters	1.620 20	16031	43.95	1,13656	867.19	166.73	13.36	59066	145.91	148.49
Electric Follog	60.21	385	•	9019	22.21	3.43		33.64	843	8:00
Furniture & Fidures	562.12	1402	0.51	575.63	526.46	13.32	020	87,625	36.36	35.67
Othor Equipments	白海	は同	6671	555.16	10.91	変な	4.03	48241	1224	40.15
ROU Asset	2,10155	81.23	•	2.183.18		562.20		562.30	1.630.98	2,101.95
Vehicles	565.65	168.05	92.92	661,08	201185	182.06	5%.45	385.50	275.58	204.88
Sub-Total	4,947.32	497.88	141.87	5,305.33	234457	876.72	134.24	3/087.05	2,216.25	2,598.21
Other Intangible Assets										
Computer Soltware	36.00	*		36.00	10,20	07.7		17.40	18.60	25.80
Sub-Total	36.00	4		36.00	10.20	7.20	•	17.40	35.60	25.80
Totals	4,963.32	457,35	141.87	5,339.33	2,354.77	883.92	134.24	3,104.45	88,452.5	2,624.01
As on April, 01 2021	(All anon	(All anounts in Rs. Lable, antices otherwise stated)	s otherwise stated)							
	Cross Curring	Accumulated	Not Currenter							

	Gross Carrying Accumulated Net Carrying	Accumulated	Net Carrying
Particulars	Amount as on - 01.04.2021	Depreciation as on 01.04.2021	Amount as on 01.04.2021
Property Plant and Equipatents Annotates	00.0001	61.08	IDESI
Electric Filiting	1203	221	8.00
Furthure & Fedures	562.12	555.4	1995
Other Equipments	12.884	448.11	40.15
Office Premises	125,61	1569	39.05
ROU Asset	2,101.95	•	2,101.95
Vehicles	565.45	20182	201.88
Sub-total	1,947.32	2344.57	2,60274
Intargible Assets			
Computer Soliveate	36.00	02.01	25.80
Sub-Intal	36.00	10.201	25.80
Tetals	4,93322	2,354,77	2,628.54

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(i) The group does not hold any innovative property adoes table decisions and hold in the name of the company. Further, in case of right to necessaris, all the lase agreements are duly created in former of the Company for properties where the Company is determined in former of the company for properties where the Company is determined in former of the company for properties where the Company is determined in former of the company for properties where the Company is determined in the test.

(a) The group loss on revolued its Property. Plant and Equipment and induspile sever since the group loss adapted cost model as its accounting policy to an entire class of Property. Plant and Induspile severs in accordence aidi induspile severs in accordence and induspile severs accordence and induspile severs in accordence and accordence and induspile severs in accordence and accordence acquisition through business combination during the year.

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NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

5 OTHER NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Capital Advances for investment property	389,11 0.59 172.18 561,88	226.69 317.02 0.59 27.01
Preprid Expenses 508.89 Inventory of Voice Loggers 32.11 Less: Impairment loss allowance (7.41) TOTAL 533.59 6 TRADE PAYABLE Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (a) 17.28 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 1.324.97 TOTAL 1,342.25 7 DEBT SECURITIES At amorilised cost i 0 Other (Unsecured) 2,500.00 Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 Debt securities in India 2,500.00 Debt securities outside India -	389.11 0.59 172.18	317.02 0.59 27.01
Inventory of Voice Loggers Advance for expenses 22.11 Less: Impairment loss allowance TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (a) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises (a) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 1.324.97 TOTAL DEBT SECURITIES At amortised cost : Other (Unsecured) Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) Debt securities in India Debt securities outside India	0.59 172.18	0.59 27.01
Advance for expenses 32.11 Less: Impairment loss allowance (7.41) TOTAL 533.59 6 TRADE PAYABLE Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (a) 17.28 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises and small enterprises 1.324.97 TOTAL 1.324.97 TOTAL 1.324.07 TOTAL 1.324.07 TOTAL 1.324.07 TOTAL 1.326.00 7 DEBT SECURITIES At amortised cost 1 2.500.00 Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2.500.00 TOTAL (A) 2.500.00 Debt securities in India 2.500.00 Debt securities outside India -	172.18	27.01
TOTAL 533.59 6 TRADE PAYABLE Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (a) 17.28 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 1,324.97 TOTAL 1,342.25 7 DEBT SECURITIES At amortised cost : 2,500.00 Other (Unsecured) 2,500.00 Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India 2,500.00		
6 TRADE PAYABLE Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (a) 17.28 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 1.324.97 TOTAL 1,342.25 7 DEBT SECURITIES At amortised cost 1 2,500.00 Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India Debt securities outside India 2,500.00	561.88	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (a) 17.28 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 1.324.97 TOTAL 1,342.25 7 DEBT SECURITIES At amortised cost 1 2,500.00 Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India Debt securities outside India 2,500.00		571.30
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 1,324.97 TOTAL 1,342.25 7 DEBT SECURITIES At amortised cost 1 2,500.00 Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India Debt securities outside India 2,500.00		
enterprises 1,324.97 TOTAL 1,342.25 7 DEBT SECURITIES At amortised cost : Other (Unsecured) Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India Debt securities outside India	7.25	35.99
7 DEBT SECURITIES At amorlised cost : Other (Unsecured) Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India Debt securities outside India 2,500.00	1,515,12	1,281.91
At amortised cost 1 Other (Unsecured) Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India 2,500.00 Debt securities outside India 2,500.00	1,522.36	1,317.90
Other (Unsecured) 2,500.00 Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India 2,500.00 Debt securities outside India 2,500.00		
Market Linked non-convertible debenture* 2,500.00 TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India 2,500.00 Debt securities outside India -		
TOTAL (A) 2,500.00 Debt securities in India 2,500.00 Debt securities outside India 2,500.00		
Debt securities in India 2,500.00 Debt securities outside India		
Debt securities outside India -		
TOTAL (B) 2,500.00		2
*Particulars of Market Linked redeemable non-convertible debentures		
No. of debentures issued 250.00		
Face value of debentures (in Rs.) 10,00,000.00		
Date of redemption 05-03-2024 The Coupon rate is linked to the performance of 10 year Government security -6.54% GS 2032 (ISIN:		
IN0020210244)		
8 BORROWINGS (OTHER THAN DEBT SECURITIES)		
At amortised cost :		
(a)Term Loans : Vehicle loan*		
(i) from bank (Secured) -	84.69	· ·
* The rate of interest on the above term loan is 7.2%		
The aforesaid term loan from bank are secured by hypothecation of vehicles		
repayable in 60 monthly instalments from the disbursement of the loan of the		
previous years.		
Financial Year Amount F.Y. 2023-24 18.15		
F.Y. 2024-25 19.50		
F.Y. 2025-26 20.95		
F.Y. 2026-27 9,18 Total 67.80		
(b) Loans repayable on demand		
Overdraft from bank (Secured)		7,476.40
(c) Loans from related parties (Unsecured)	-	4,395.00
TOTAL (A)	84.69	11,871.40
Borrowing in India - Borrowing outside India -	84.69	11,871,40
TOTAL (B)	84.69	11,871.40
Amount of above borrowing guaranteed by Directors or others Nil	NII	7,476.40
Amount of any personal securities given by promoter, other shareholders or any	Nil	N
third party	S. D. T.	1.44
mis de 1	NP ac-	

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated framerial statements

		(Att anu	(All amounts in R.s. Lakks, ankes otherwise stated)	ics otherwise stated)
Note	Note Particulars	Asat	hs al	Asat
NP		31-03-2023	31-03-3122	01-04-2021
61	DEPOSITS			
	<u>At Amortised cost :</u> Depreit frum Sub brokers	1,146,75	1,258,30	1,1534,16
	TOTAL TOTAL	1,146.75	1,258.30	L,158.16
ন	SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES			
	Preference Granes other than these that qualify as equily*	5,430.00	5,450,00	100.00
	TOTAL	5,450.00	5,450,00	ED0.00
FCU	Out of the above In India Outside India	90951,5	S. ERIOD	2,200.00
17	LOTAL	5,450.00	5,650.00	2,200.00

Preticulars of Preference Shares

KUB

7.5% Convertible Redeemable Cumulative preference shares of Rs.30 each fully paid np :

Paticulars	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Mo. of Stares	10,000,000,000	15,00,000.00
Allotment Date	25-00-2012	27-05-2021
Proposed Redemption Date	500:00-50	27-05-2041

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8% Convertible Redeemable Contritative preference shares of Rs.10 each fully paid ap :

Nea

+		-				
Particulars	No. of Shares					
No. of Shares	0000000002	70,00,000.00	1000000000	00/000/00/02	0000000000	1.10,000000000
ADotaent Date	1208-30-20	29-05-2015	9102-10-11	2012-03-02	0202-10-61	13-12-2021
Proposed Redemption Date	100-50-52	28-06-2002	E0-04-2033	HEREWALD	0F0E-50-91	2+10-2041

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Note	Particulars	As at	ounts in Rs. Lakhs, unle As at	As at
No.		31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021
21	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			
	Advance received from debtors for trading & as margin	62,385.61	72,563.88	50,574.60
	Employee dues Payable	776.71	715.34	711.73
	Dividend and interest payable to clients	624.36	488.47	110.10
	Exchange dues payable	188.60	258,48	236.23
	Lease Liability	1,484.84	1,726.14	2,094.4
	Interest accrued but not due			
	on debt securities	142.47		
	on subordinated liabilities	1,807.23	1,524.96	1,178.2
	on borrowings		5.88	38.20
	Provision for Legal Cases	9.28	9.28	9.2
	Provision for unspent CSR expense	13.71		-
	Other Payables	3.10	3.80	21.1
	TOTAL	67,435.90	77,296.22	54,974.10
		07,455,90	77,690,66	34,974.10
22	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES			
	Income tax provison (net of prepaid taxes)	222.43	263.61	225.78
	(Net of advance tax of Rs.1,319.55 lakhs Previous year:			
	1,722.89)			
	1,722.09)			
	TOTAL	222.43	263.61	225.78
23	PROVISION			
	Provision for Employee Benefit :			
	- Gratuity	426.18	449.69	437.70
	TOTAL	426.18	449.69	437,70
24	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)			
	Deferred tax assets			
	Depreciation	198.57	192.20	191.51
	Ind AS adjustment on ROU Assets and Lease	40.50	26.47	
	Business Loss			
		212.85	154.91	
	Expected Credit Loss Allowance	178.32	156.66	184.12
	Unrealised fair value loss on error trade stock	17.24		0.01
	Unrealised fair value loss on investments held at	1.62		
	FVTPL	1.02		
	Deferred tax liabilities			
	Unrealised fair value gain on investments held at			
	FVTOCI	736.78	736.33	556.33
	Ind AS adjustment on ROU Assets and Lease			
	liabilities			1.89
	Unrealised fair value gain on investments held at			
	FVTPL.	0.27		29.88
	Unrealised fair value gain on error trade stock	0.06	0.05	49.00
		0,00	0.05	
	TOTAL	88.01	206.14	the second se

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Note No.	Particulars	As at	nounts in Rs. Lakhs, unle As at	As at
NO.		31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021
	Changes in deferred tax liabilities recorded in profit or loss	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022	
	Depreciation	(6.44)	(0.69)	
	Expected credit loss allowance	(21.66)	27.46	
	Ind AS adjustment on ROU Assets and Lease liabilities	(14.03)	(28.35)	
	Unrealised fair value changes on investments held at FV	(33.91)	(17.75)	
	Unrealised fair value changes on error trade stock	0.01	0.06	
	Business Loss	(57.94)	(154.91)	
		(133.97)	(174.19)	•
	Changes in deferred tax liabilities recorded in Other comprehensive income			
	On defined employee benefit plans Unrealised fair value gain on unquoted securities held	1.15		
	as investments	15.85	167.87	
		17.00	167.87	4
25	OTHER NON-FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			
	Statutory Dues Payable	316.22	454,53	371.66
	Advance received for Investment Property			225.00
	TOTAL	316.22	454.53	596.66
	MME	3 1		

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	d financial
NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED	Notes to Accounts are extegrated part of cousofidate

Note Face

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakles, unless othermise stated)

Asat

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share No. of Shares Amount Amount No. of Shares Amount No. of Shares Amount Amount No. of Shares Amount No. of Shares Amount Amount No. of Shares Amount Amount Amount No. of Shares Amount Amount Amount No. of Shares Amount								
10 60,00,000 60,00	6 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL Authorized	Alle	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
ns 10 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 1255,00,000 2255,00,000 2255,00,000 2255,00,000 2255,00,000 2255,00,000 2255,00,000 2255,00,000 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Anthorised							
rs 10 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10								
ros 10 2.25,00,000 2.25,000	Equity States 10	10	60,00,000	00'009	000100109	800.003	000'00'09	60009
TOTAL 2,550.00 2,550.00 ribed and fully Paid up 10 49,31,070 49,31,070 49,31,070 TOTAL 49,31,070 49,31,070 49,31,070 49,31,070 49,31,070	Preference shares 10	10	2,25,00,000	2,250.00	2,25,00,000	2,250,00	2,25,00,000	2,250.00
TOTAL 10 49,31,070 49,31,070 49,31,070 49,31,070 49,31,070 49,31,070 TOTAL 493,11 493,11 493,11 493,11 493,11	TOTAL		11	2,859.00		2,856.00	11	2,850.00
493.11 493.11	ribed and fully Paid up	DI	49,31,070	ITV8t	000'16'61	11.694	(120'115'88-	11.894
	TOTAL			493.11		493.11		111664

(a) Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Reporting Period:

31-03-2023 31-03-2022 01 No. of Shares No. of Shares No.	11-01-01-02	
No. of Shares No. of Shares No.		51-03-2022 01-04-202
	No. of Shares No.	o. of Shares No. of Sha

020'12'6†	•	020,15,69
0101112/68		020'15'65
Opening Balance	lesued during the year	Closing Balance

19,31,070

(b) Terms/rights/restrictions attached to equily shares

The company has one class of equity shares haring a par value of Rs. 1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is emitted to one vote per share. Dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Director is subject to the approval of the share holders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of Liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Mean

Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
	(No of Sharrs)	(No of Shares)	(No of Shares)
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each			
Kishore Bang & Suman Bang	8,98,390	066'86'8	13,26,840
Dilip Bang & Kishore Bang	•	ť	4,68,600
Dilip Bang & Anju Bang	8,98,955	8,96,955	,
Bang Securities Private Limited	9,25,605	9,25,605	9,25,605
Mindset Securities Private Limited	8,38,200	8,38,300	8,38,200
Rang Equity Broking Private Limited	7,36,700	7,36,700	7,36,700
Shresth Tech Solutions Limited	2,71,800	2,71,800	271,800

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the (e)

period of five years immediately preceeding the reporting date

Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Equity shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contracts for consideration other than cash	*	+	
Equity Shares bought back by the company	-		
Equity Shares alloted as fully paid bonus shares	+		

Shareholding of Promoters (f)

The details of the shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2023 are as follows :

Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Kishore Bang and Suman Bang	8,98,390	18.22%	0.00%
Dilip Bang and Anju Bang	8,98,955	18.23%	0.00%
Total	17,97,345	36.45%	

The details of the shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2022 are as follows :

Promoter Name	% of Total Shares	% change during the year	
Kishore Bang and Suman Bang	18.22%	-32.29%	
Dilip Bang and Anju Bang	18.23%	100.00%	
Total	36.45%		

The details of the shares held by promoters as at April 01, 2021 are as follows :

Promoter Name	(% of total Shares)
Kishore Bang and Suman Bang	26.91%
Total	26.91%

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NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Note No.	Particulars	As at	As at	As at
		31-03-2023	31-03-2022	01-04-2021
27	OTHER EQUITY			
a)	Capital Reserve			
-	Balance as at the beginning of the year	1,878.19	1,878.19	1,878.19
	Addition for the year			
	Balance as at the end of the year	1,878.19	1,878.19	1,878.19
b)	Securities Premium			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	4,945.48	4,901.98	4,901.98
	Add : On account of Business Combination Balance as at the end of the year	4,945.48	43.50	-
	balance as at the end of the year	4,945.46	4,945.46	4,901,98
c)	Retained Earnings			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	27,461.49	19,883.41	15,462.44
	Add : Profit for the year Less : Adjustment in Opening balance of reserve	3,249.21	7,647,78	4,428.89
	Add : On account of Business Combination		(69.71)	(0.50)
	Add : Transition to Ind AS adjustments			(7.42)
	Less: Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve	(250.00)	-	
	Balance as at the end of the year	30,460.70	27,461.49	19,883.41
	Other Reserves			
d)	General Reserve			
100	Balance as at the beginning of the year	2,612.37	2,612.37	2,612.37
	Addition for the year			
	Balance as at the end of the year	2,612,37	2,612.37	2,612.37
c)	Debenture Redemption Reserve			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	70.00	-	
	Addition for the year	250.00		•
	Balance as at the end of the year	250.00		
f)	Capital Redemption Reserve			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	2,250.65	2,250.65	2,250.65
	Addition for the year Balance as at the end of the year	2,250.65	2,250.65	2,250,65
	and the second			Automatica and a second
g)	Statutory Reserve Balance as per last consolidated financial statements	163.06	163.06	163.06
	Add : Transfer from profit and loss account	103.00	105,00	105.00
	Balance as at the end of the year	163.06	163,06	163.06
h)	Equity instruments through other comprehensive income			
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	6,913.77	4,899.05	
	Addition for the year	338,60 7,252.38	2,014.72 6,913.77	4,899.05
	Balance as at the end of the year	7,402.00	0,913.77	9,899,03
i)	Other Comprehensive Income		10.014	
	Balance as at the beginning of the year Addition for the year	100.34 69.60	(0.25) 100.58	(0.25)
	Balance as at the end of the year	169.93	100.34	(0.25)
j)	Capital Reserve on Consolidation	605.05	201.10	100 10
	Balance as at the beginning of the year Add : On account of Business Combination	602.95	601.42 1.53	601.42
	Balance as at the end of the year	602.95	602.95	601.42
	TOTAL		12 040 AV	
	TOTAL	50,585.70	46,928.29	37,189.89

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NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated fluancial statements

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31-03-2023	<u>amonuts in Rs. Lakhs, u</u> As at 31-03-2022	As at 01-04-2021
	Nature and Purpose of Reserves			
a)	Capital Reserve Amounts set aside from retained profits as a reserve to be uti	lised for permissible general p	urpose as per Law,	
b)	Securities Premium Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue provisions of the Companies Act, 2013,	of shares. It can be utilised or	ly for limited purposes	in accordance with the
c)	Retained Earnings Retained earnings represents profits that the group earned t and other distributions paid to the shareholders.	ill date, less any transfers to 0	General Reserve, Statuto	ery Reserves, Dividend
d)	General Reserve Amounts set aside from retained profits as a reserve to be uti	lised for permissible general p	urpose as per Law.	
e)	Debenture Redemption Reserve Amounts set aside from retained profits as a reserve to be uti	lised for redemption of deben	tures as per Law.	
ŋ	Capital Redemption Reserve Capital Redemption Reserve is created as per the provision	us of section 55 of the Act, w	here an amount equal t	to the nominal value o
	shares redeemed needs to be transferred to capital redemptic	n reserve when the redemptio	n of preference shares is	s out of profits.
e)	Other Comprehensive Income Other comprehensive income consist of remeasurement gain through FVTOCI.	s / losses on defined benefit p	lans, gain / (loss) of equ	uity instruments carried
0	Capital Reserve on Consolidation	11-0-0-016	100	
28	Capital reserve is the excess of net assets taken over cost of co NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	mineration paid for subsidiar	10%.	
20		2.4		
	Balance as at the beginning of the year Additions during the year	1.94	2.98	-
	Add : Share of profit loss	1.34		
	Add : Share of other comprehensive income Balance as at the end of the year	0.08		
29	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & COMMITMENTS			
(i)	Counter Guarantees given to the Banks for the Bank Guarant	ee given to Stock Exchanges R	s. 63,394.00 Lakhs (P.Y.	Rs.31,872.00 Lakhs).
(ii)	Claims against the group not acknowledged as debt Rs. 1,272	.63 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 327.67 Lak	hs).	
(111)	The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal has passed an order cor which the group is in appeal with Bombay High Court.	firming a demand of Rs. 7.55	Lakhs for the Assessme	ent Year 2005-06 against
(iv)	The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal has passed an order con which the group is in appeal with Bombay High Court.	firming a demand of Rs. 8.12	Lakhs for the Assessme	ent Year 2004-05 against
	It is not practicable for the Group to estimate the timings of	of cash outflows, if any, in re	spect of the above pen	ding resolution of the
(v)(a)	respective proceedings as it is determinable only on receipt o	f judgments/decisions pendin	g with various forums/	authorities.
(v)(b)	The Group does not expect any reimbursements in respect of	the above contingent liabilitie	8.	
(v)(c)	The Group's pending litigations comprise of claims against other authorities. The Group has reviewed all its pending li- are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where ap- these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its fi	tigations and proceedings and slicable, in its financial statem	has adequately provide	ed for where provisions

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Note		For the Year Ended	ounts in Rs. Lakhs, nule For the Year
No.	Particulars	31-03-2023	31-03-2022
	, and the second s	Rupees	Rupees
-			
30	INTEREST INCOME		
	On Financial asset measured at amortised cost		
	Interest on deposits with banks	3,868.12	3,530.82
	Interest on loans	3.67	4.28
	Other Interest Income on :	23.0002	
	Margin Funding & Delayed payment by customers	5,380.85	4,580.95
	Interest on security deposits	20.29	18.16
	TOTAL	9,272.93	8,134.20
31	DIVIDEND INCOME		
	Dividend income from Investment	1.33	-
	Dividend income from securities held as inventories	7.05	4.50
	TOTAL	8.38	4.50
32	FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME		
	Brokerage and fees income		
	Brokerage income	22,506,54	25,488.24
	Depository income	391.62	384.63
	TOTAL (A)	22,898.16	25,872.87
	Other Commission income		
	Maket Research	16.04	25.02
	Excess collection of charges	4.70	
	Commission General Insurance	78.32	0,42
	Commission Life Insurance	29.07	
	TOTAL (B)	128.12	25.44
	TOTAL (A + B)	23,026.28	25,898.31
33	NET GAIN ON FAIR VALUE CHANGE		
	Net gain /(loss) on financial instruments at fair value	through profit or loss	
	- Securities held as inventories		
	Realised Unrealised	:	172.43 49.79
	- Investment		13.89
	Realised Unrealised		15.56
	TOTAL		251.68
34	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
	Excess turnover charges recovered	207.84	220.47
	Business Support Services	19.21	4.20
	TOTAL JAMB -	227.06	224.73
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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Note	Stand St.	(All amounts in Rs. Lakh For the Year Ended	For the Year
No.	Particulars	31-03-2023	31-03-2022
_		Rupees	Rupees
35	OTHER INCOME		
	Interest on staff loan	27.17	21.01
	Profit/(loss) on Sale of Fixed Assets	3.25	11.63
	Interest on income tax refund	0.02	11.71
	Sundry Balance written back (net)	6.34	0.09
	Miscellaneous income	1.35	0.05
	TOTAL	38.12	44.50
36	FINANCE COST		
	On instruments measured at amortized cost		
	Interest on borrowing costs	265.17	524.21
	Interest on lease liabilities	172.86	188.68
	Interest on subordinated liabilities	434.75	354.26
	Interest on debt securities	142.47	the state
	Other borrowing cost	467.78	253.24
	Notional Interest on Staff Loan	5.94	4.29
	Interest on shortfall of advance tax		0.24
	Other Interest Expense on :		
	Client's fixed deposit*	788.62	586.93
	Other Interest Expense	42.05	48.91
	TOTAL	2,319.62	1,960.75
37	requirements. FEES AND COMMISSION EXPENSE		
	Sub-brokerage/ Client Introduction Fees	10,598,22	12,012.92
	TOTAL	10,598.22	12,012.92
38	IMPAIRMENT ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
	At Amortised Cost		
	ECL on Trade Receivables	78.45	(111.76
	ECL on Advances	4.91	
	ECL on Advances ECL on Loans	4.91 0.20	2.11
		0.20 21.98	
	ECL on Loans	0.20	65.58
39	ECL on Loans Bad Debts	0.20 21.98	65.58
39	ECL on Loans Bad Debts TOTAL NET LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES Loss on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or	0.20 21.98 105.53	65.58
39	ECL on Loans Bad Debts TOTAL NET LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES Loss on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or On trading portfolio	0.20 21.98 105.53	65.58
39	ECL on Loans Bad Debts TOTAL NET LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES Loss on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or On trading portfolio -Securities held as inventories	0.20 21.98 105.53	65.58
39	ECL on Loans Bad Debts TOTAL NET LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES Loss on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or On trading portfolio -Securities held as inventories Realised	0.20 21.98 105.53 loss	65.58
39	ECL on Loans Bad Debts TOTAL NET LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES Loss on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or On trading portfolio -Securities held as inventories	0.20 21.98 105.53	2.11 65.58 (44.07
39	ECL on Loans Bad Debts TOTAL NET LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES Loss on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or On trading portfolio -Securities held as inventories Realised	0.20 21.98 105.53 loss	

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Note		For the Year Ended	All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, m For the Year
No.	Particulars	31-03-2023	31-03-2022
	Farticulars		
-		Rupees	Rupees
	Gain on financial instruments measured at fair value through		
	profit or loss		
	And the second		
	On trading portfolio		
	- Investments		
	Realised	20.48	
	Unrealised	5.97	
	Construction in the second second second second		
	- Securities held as inventories		
	Realised	127.40	
	Unrealised	1.11	
	Sub- total (B)	154.96	
	TOTAL (A)-(B)	125,46	
	101112 (10)10	120.40	
40	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE		
	Coloring in Marcon		
	Salaries & Wages	8,568.88	8,146.3
	Contribution to Provident & Other Funds	478.90	481.4
	Staff Welfare Expenses	144.49	108.8
	TOTAL	9,192.26	8,736.6
41	OTHER EXPENSE		
	SEBI, Exchange Expenses & Depository expenses	623.22	417.8
	Legal & Professional Fees	802.17	733.4
	Advertisement And Business Promotion	585.14	419.7
	Electricity Expenses	206.51	186.5
	Computer Expenses	283.56	250.5
	Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	275.82	180.0
	Office Expenses	146.65	121.3
	Trading Platform & Software Charges	125.89	123.1
	Communication Cost	146.68	144.5
	Insurance Expenses	108.51	85.9
	Annual Maintenance Charges	103.57	86.1
	Rent, Rates & Taxes	92.56	102.2
	VSAT & Lease Line Charges	56.10	62.8
	Telephone Charges	7.99	7.1
	Leaseline Charges & Internet charges	7.68	4.5
	Remuneration to Auditors (Refer Note 39)	28,47	17.3
	Repairs & Maintenance	90.28	152.2
	Festival Expenses	0.95	12.0
	Membership & Subscription Fees	30,22	41.0
	Vehicle Expenses	62.22	59.6
	Printing & Stationery	65.74	46.5
	Stamp & Franking Charges	42.11	32.2
	Miscellaneous Expenses	26.72	32.1
	CSR Expenditure	78.69	23,
	Interest/Penalty On Late Payment Of Taxes	3.14	1.5
	Society Maintenance Charges	24.07	35.0
	Loss on sale of investment property	59.66	109.1
	Loss on error trade	10.03	6.
	Claim Settlement Expenses	3.75	6.5
	Bank Charges	1.13	8.0
	Donation	5.76	1.
	Sundry Balance Written Off (Net)		13.3
	Arbitration Award Expenses	30.11	· ·
	1000003.0		
	TOTAL	4,135.11	3,528.6

42 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

There are no such impairable assets at the year ended in term of IND AS - 36. Hence group has not made any provision for impairment loss.

43 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group is principally engaged in the business of Broking and related activities. The operations are entirely in India. There is only one business segment and one geographical segment and hence segment information is not required to be disclosed as per explanation given in IND AS 108 "Operating Segments".

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

44 Related Party Disclosure :

I) List of related parties and relations :

- a) Associates
 - Mindset Securities Private Limited
 - Shresth Securities Private Limited
- b) Key Management Personnel
 - Kishore Bang
 - · Dilip Bang
 - Samir Kamdar
 - Rakesh Bhandari
 - · Kishorkumar Agarwal
 - Bhadresh Desai
 - Deepak Agarwal
 - Sunil Jain

c) Other Related Party

- · Bang Equity Broking Private Limited
- Nirmal Bang Commodities Private Limited
- Bang Securities Private Limited
- Rockhard Tech Solutions Private Limited
- Nirmal Bang Niveshalaya Private Limited
- Nirmal Bang Financial Services Private Limited
- · Shresth Tech Solutions Limited
- Disclosure of transactions between the group and related parties and the status of outstanding balances as on March 31, 2023 as per Indian Accounting Standard 24 is given below:

Sr No.	Particulars	Closing Balance as on March 31, 2023 Receivable/ (Payable)	Transaction 2022- 2023	Closing Balance as on March 31, 2022 Receivable/ (Payable)	Transaction 2021- 2022
I.	Associate Companies				
	Mindset Securities Private Limited Rent Expense Brokerage Income Preference Share Dividend	į	45.90 15.01 152.49		48.00 54.91 7.50
П,	Other Related Party				
(i)	Bang Equity Broking Private Limited Brokerage Income	4	0.57		1.10
(ii)	Nirmal Bang Commodities Private Limited Brokerage Income Current Account	ţ	2.39	0.05	3.15

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

44 Related Party Disclosure :

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Sr No.	Particulars	Closing Balance as on March 31, 2023 Receivable/ (Payable)	Transaction 2022- 2023	Closing Balance as on March 31, 2022 Receivable/ (Payable)	Transaction 2021- 2022
(iii)	Bang Securities Private Limited				
(111)	Rent Expense		90.00		90.00
	Brokerage Income		0.76	1	4.17
	Balance Receivable / (Payable)				
	onance neceriment / (cuyabit)	-		100.38	
(iv)	Nirmal Bang Niveshalaya Private Limited				
	Current Account	0.20			
(v)	Nirmal Bang Financial Services Private Limited				
	Loan Taken		1,11,993.00		1,12,733.00
	Loan repaid		1,11,993.00		1,12,733.00
	Interest expense		104.02	(3.20)	155.98
	Brokerage Income		9.58		15.51
	Current Account	0.04	-	· · · ·	
ш.	Key Management Personnel				
(i)	Dilip Bang				
.,	Director Remuneration	(15.72)	300.00		300.00
	Brokerage Income	-	0.39		1.47
	Current Account	1.55		7.13	
(ii)	Kishore Bang				
	Director Remuneration	(0.62)	300.00		300.00
	Brokerage Income		1.89	•	0.93
	Repayment of loan	1	-		22.75
(iiii)	Samir Kamdar	1.44	dia.		
	Director Remuneration	(2.43)	30.81	(0.26)	28.52
	Brokerage Income		0.00		0.05
	DP Charges		0.00		0.0
(iv)	Sunil Jain		1.11		
	Director Remuneration	(7.49)	49.06	(7.89)	51.73
	Brokerage Income		0.01		0.03
	DP Charges	÷			0.00
(v)	Rakesh Bhandari	10.64		n upor	
	Director Remuneration	(3.67)	94.43	(1.14)	80.00
(vi)	Kishorkumar Agrawal				
	Director Remuneration	(2.82)	24.77	(2.74)	23.23

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

45 Income Tax

The components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March, 2023 and 2022 are:

	For the Year Ended March 31, 2023	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022
Current lax	1,544.66	1,989.34
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	98.05	(24.53)
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(133.97)	(174.19)
Total lax charge :	1,508,73	1,790.62
Reconciliation of income tax expense and offective tax reconciliation		
Profit before tax	5,159.12	7,478.90
Ind AS adjustments on profit before tax	(511,38)	(803.49)
Profit before tax after Ind AS adjustments	5,670,50	8,282.40
Tax on above at corporate tax rate of 25.17% (P.Y. 25.17%)	1,427.15	2,084,51
Tax impact for below adjustments		
Other disallowances/allowances (net of allowances/disallowances)	33.59	(30.08)
Tax expense at effective tax rate of 25.58%(P.Y. 28.20%)	1,460.74	2,054.44
Utilization of the losses of previous periods	56.19	27.46
Carry forward of tax losses	27,23	
Tax expense as per profit and loss account	1,544.66	1,989.34

46 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS) :

The varning considered in ascertaining the group's earning per share comprises the net profit after tax. The number of shares used in

calculation of basic/diluted EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period which is calculated as below -

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31-03-2023	For the Year Ended 31-03-2022
Calculation of weighted average number of shares No. of Equity shares at the beginning of the year No. of shares issued during the year Total Weighted Equity shares O/s, at the end of the year	49,31,070 49,31,070	49,31,070 49,31,070
Total comprehensive income available for equity sharehulders (in fakhs) Weighted average number of Equity Shares Rasic / Diluted Earnings per share (Rs.)	3,658.83 49,31,070.00 74.20	9,762.04 49,31,070 00 197.97

47 <u>LEASES</u>

The Group has taken various office premises on operating lease for the vorious periods with an option to renew the lease by mutual consent on mutually agreeable terms.

information about leases for which the group is a tessee are presented below:

A) Right of use assets

Particulars		As at 31 March 20	23	As at 31 March 2022	
Balance as at 1st April			1,620.98		2,101.95
Adjustment on transition to Ind AS 116			-		
Movement during the year			314.90		81.23
Depreciation on Right-Of-Use (ROU) assets			(6)1.97)		(362.20)
Balance as at 31st March		n n	1,323,92		1,620.98
	IM13	d		\/f <u>.cu</u>	

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Laklis, unless otherwise stated)

B) Lease Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balance as at 1st April	1,726.14	2,094.44
Adjustment on transition to Ind AS 116		
Net movement during the year	312.83	19.67
Add: Interest cost accrued during the period	(224.13)	(4
Balance as at 31st March	1,484.84	1,726.14

C) Maturity analysis - Discounted Cashflows of Contractual maturities of lease liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	Asa	As at 01 April 2021
Less than three months	11.95		43.17	,
Three to twelve months	181.16		129.82	•
One to five years	1,089.20		1,553.14	2,094.44
More than five years	20253		•	

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Interest cost on lease liabilities	172.86	188.68
Depreciation on right of use assets	611.97	562.20
Rental Expenses recorded for short-term lease payments and payments for leases of low-value assets not		
included in the measurement of the lease liability		•

E) Amount recognised in statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Cash payments for the principal & interest portion of the lease liability within financing activities	(241.30)	(368.31)
Short-term lease payments, payments for leases of low-value assets and variable lease payments not included in		
the measurement of the lease liability within operating activities.	•	

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

48 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

(A) Defined Contribution Plans

The Group operates defined contribution plan (Provident fund) for all qualifying employees of the Group. The employees of the Group are members of a retirement contribution plan operated by the government. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement contribution scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the plan is to make the specified contributions.

The Group's contribution to Provident Fund aggregating Rs. 236.35 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. 207.41 Lakhs) has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under the head Employee Benefits Expense.

(B) Defined Benefit Plans

(a) Characteristics of defined benefit plan

The group has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The group's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund managed by the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

(b) Risks associated with defined benefit plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and group is exposed to the Following Risks:

Interest rate risk

A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the Government securities. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending

Salary Risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

Investment Risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Asset Liability Matching Risk

The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

Mortality risk

Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

Concentration Risk

Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance group and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very less as insurance companies have to follow regulatory guidelines.

(c) Characteristics of defined benefit plans

During the year, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

(d) Maintenance of Fund

A separate trust fund is created to manage the Gratuity plan and the contributions towards the trust fund is done as guided by rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(e) Quantitative Disclosures

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows :

i) Previous year :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Expected Return on Plan Assets	6.86%	6.84%
Rate of Discounting	6.86%	6.84%
Rate of Salary Increase	8.00%	7.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	7.00%	7.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ultimate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ultimate
Mortality Rate After Employment	Ń.A	N.A.

ii) Current year :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.15%	6.86%
Rate of Discounting	7.15%	6.86%
Rate of Salary Increase	8.00%	8.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	7.00%	7.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ultimate

Category of Plan Assets

Insurer managed fund

100%

100%

Change in the Present Value of Projected Benefit Obligation are as follows :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Opening defined benefit obligation at the beginning of		
the period	1,600.46	1,489.94
Interest cost	117.13	103.47
Current service cost	181.88	181.91
(Liability Transferred Out/ Divestments)	(11.07)	4.78
Benefits paid from the fund	(66.55)	(91.01)
Remeasurements (gains)/losses:	10000	
Actuarial (gain)/loss from change in demographic		
assumptions	-	(0.47)
Actuarial (gain)/loss from change in financial		()
assumptions	(41.38)	(82.01)
Actuarial (gain)/loss from change in experience		•
adjustments	(21.17)	(6.15)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the		
period	1,759.32	1,600.46

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets are as follows :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the period	1,150.77	1,052.24
Interest income	84.21	73.07
Contributions by the Employer	178.29	119.61
(Assets Transferred Out/ Divestments)	(11.07)	
Benefits paid from the fund	(66.55)	(91.01)
Return on Plan Assets excluding interest income	(2.52)	(3.13)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the	And the second sec	
period	1,333.14	1,150.77

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss are as follows :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current Service Cost	181.88	181.68
Net Interest Cost	32.92	30.40
Total Expenses recognised in the statement of profit or loss	214.81	212.09

Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income are as follows :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(69.67) 2.52	(100.58) 3.13
Total Expenses recognised in the statement of profit or loss	(67.15)	(97.45)

Reconciliation of Net (Asset)/Liability

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Net defined benefit liability/(asset) as at the beginning of		
the year	449.69	437.70
Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	214.81	217.10
Expenses Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	(60.02)	(85.49)
Employer's Contribution	(177.06)	(119.61)
Net defined benefit liability/(asset) as at the end of the year	427.41	449.69

Expected Contribution to the fund in the next year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Expected contribution to fund in the next year	370.66	353.49

Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments From the Fund are as follows :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022		
Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date				
of Reporting				
1st Following Year	73.75		53.03	
2nd Following Year	70.65		58.25	
3rd Following Year	70.49		80.68	
4th Following Year	102.44		65.30	
5th Following Year	. 89.03		94.05	
Sum of Years 6 To 10	601.92		505.14	
Sum of Years 11 and above 12114	T 1,831.96		,588.79	

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions is as shown below :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	1,750	1,595
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(199,99)	(190.33)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	242.52	232.28
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	182.76	179.14
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(166.18)	(162.22)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	5.76	(0.13)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(7.24)	(0.21)

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is

unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in Isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet.

49 DETAILS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTION :

Particulars		or the year Ended 31-03-2023		For the year Ended 31-03-2022
CIF Value of Import	Nil		Nil	
Expenditure in Foreign Currency		26.34		21.98
Total value of imported & indigenous raw material, spare				
parts and components consumed and percentage thereof.	Nil		Nil	
Remittance of Dividend in Foreign Currency	NH		Nil	
Earning in Foreign Exchange		22.05	and a	16.91

50 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The Group derives revenue primarily from the share broking business. Its other major revenue sources are commission income and Interest income .

Disaggregate revenue information

The table below presents disaggregate revenues from contracts with customers for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022. The Group believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by market and other economic factors.

Nature of Services

Broking Income - Income from services rendered as a broker is recognised upon rendering of the services, in accordance with the terms of contract.

Depository Income - Income from services rendered on behalf of depository is recognised upon rendering of the services, in accordance with the terms of contract

Interest Income - Interest is earned on delayed payments from clients and amounts funded to them. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding from customers or on the financial instrument and the rate applicable.

Dividend Income - Dividend income is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss on the date that the Group's right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be reliably measured. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

Disaggregate revenue information :

Particulars	For the year Ended 31-03-2023	For the year Ended 31-03-2022
Brokerage Income	22,506.54	25,488.24
Interest Income	9,272.93	8,134.20
Depository Income	391.62	384.63
Commission Income	107.39	0.42
Excess collection of charges	4.70	
Market Research Income		25.02

51 ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as accurity for borrowings are:

As at March 31, 2023	As at March 51, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
71.128.28	75,084,23	40.343.63
	, F	
16,920.54	23,178.75	17,439.71
88.048.82	98.262.98	63.783.34
	71,128.28	71,128.28 75,084.23 16,920.54 23,178.75

Terms and conditions :

Trade receivables and Fixed deposits are pledge with Banks against borrowing facilities taken by the group, Further debters of each segment which are outstanding for more than 7 days are not considered by bank for the purpose of security

52 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no significant events after the end of the reporting period which require any adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

53 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it scrotding to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, retorn capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022. However, they are under constant raview by the Board.

As regards to return of capital to shoreholders, the group has not proposed or palit dividend on equity shares during the financial year 2022-2023 and 2021-2022.

The group monitors capital using a geneing ratio which is not dobt divided by total capital plus net debt. The group includes within not debt, trade and other payables less cash and cash equivalents.

Particulär	As at March 33, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deht Securities	2,500.00	-
Borrawings	-	64.69
Subordinated Liabilities	5,450.00	5,450.00
Net Debi (A)	7,980.00	5,534.69
Equity Share Capital	493.11	493,11
Rotained Barnings	30.627.61	27,577.36
Securitles Premium	4,045.48	4,945.4H
Capital Reserve	1,678.19	1,878.19
Ceneral Reserve	2,612.37	2.612.37
Capital Redomption Reserve	2,250.65	2,250.65
Debenture Rodomption Reserve	250,00	
Totel Capital (0)	43,057.41	39,799.16
Capital and Net Debt (C) = (A) + (B)	51,007.41	45,293.85
Gearing Ratio (A) / (C)	15.50%	12.22%

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

54 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

This note describes the fair value measurement of both financial and non-financial instruments.

(I) Categorisation of financial instruments

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories i.e; Fair vale through profit and loss (FVTPL), Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) and Amortised cost is presented below :

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	+		4,414.12
Bank Balance othan than Cash and Cash equivalents			70,871.67
Trade Receivables	-		16,292.24
Loans	-		4,948.68
Investments	8,813.38	6,924.64	12,863.14
Securities held as inventories	1,014.47	312,245,2	
Other Financial Asseis			1,354,24
Total	9,827.85	6,924.64	1,10,744.09
Financial Liabilites			
Trade Payables			1,342.25
Debt Securities			2,500.00
Deposits	-	*	1,146.75
Subordinated liabities		-	5,450.00
Other Financial liabilities			67,435.90
Total			77,874.90

As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			25,828.85
Bank Balance othan than Cash and Cash equivalents		+	55,845.30
Trade Receivables	-		22,621.74
Loans	-		4,092.42
Investments	438,78	6,786.12	13,045.80
Securities held as inventories	1,276.43	100 million (100 m	
Other Financial Assets			1254.784207
Total	1,715.21	6,786.12	1,22,688.89
Financial Liabilites			
Trade Payables			1,522.36
Borrowings (other than debt securities)		-	84.69
Deposits			1,258.30
Subordinated liabities			5,450.00
Other Financial liabilities		*	77,296.22
Total			85,611.57

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, nuless otherwise stated)

As	at	۸	pril	1.	2021	
			See. 64	~	Ber 24, 184 (B)	

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets			Color Company of Color
Cash and Cash Equivalents			21,933.83
Bank Balance othan than Cash and Cash equivalents	+		37,086.49
Trade Receivables			16,747.69
Loans	-		4,528.07
Investments	7,503.74	5,318.69	10,372.01
Securities held as inventories	88.26	10.071	
Other Financial Assets		1	1,255.73
Total	7,592.00	5,318.69	91,923.81
Financial Liabilites			
Trade Payables	-		1,317.90
Borrowings (other than debt securities)		2	11,871.40
Deposits	-		1,158.16
Subordinated liabities	-		100.00
Other Financial liabilities		-	54,974.10
Total			69,421.56

(II) Fair Value Hierarchy

The group determines fatr values of its financial instruments according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2. The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, mutual funds) hence the fair value is determined using observable market data such as latest declared NAV/ recent market deals.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity instruments.

Valuation Techniques used to determine fair values :

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include :

a) Quoted equity investments - Quoted closing price on stock exchange as at the reporting date.

b) Mutual Funds - Net asset value (NAV) of the scheme reported by the Asset Management group as at the reporting date.

c) Unquoted equity investments - Intrinsic value of the equity shares derived by the management using the fair values of assets and liabilities of the equity issuing companies as at the reporting dates.

d) Unquoted preference investments - Intrinsic value of the preference shares derived by the management.

Quantitative Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investment of Quoted Mutual Funds		8,813.38	
Investment in Unquoted Equity Instruments			19,787.79
Inventories of Quoted Equity Shares	1,016.26		
Total	1,016.26	8,813.38	19,787.79

Quantitative Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investment of Quoted Mutual Funds	-	438.78	
Investment in Unquoted Equity Instruments			19,831.93
Inventories of Quoted Equity Shares	1,278.19		
Total	1,278.19	438.78	19,831.93

Quantitative Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at April 1, 2021

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investment of Quoted Mutual Funds		7,503.74	
Investment in Unquoted Equity Instruments		dimensioner.	15,690,69
Inventories of Quoted Equity Shares	89.49		State and
Total	89.49	7,503.74	15,690.69

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(III) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Financial assets not measured at fair value includes cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other financial assets. These are financial assets whose carrying amounts approximate fair value, due to their short-term nature.

Additionally, financial liabilities such as trade payables and other financial liabilities are not measured at FVTPL, whose carrying amounts approximate fair value, because of their short-term nature.

(IV) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements is summarised below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Fair Value of instruments	19,787.79	19,831.93	15,690.69
Significant unobservable inputs	- Wester	all and a set of the s	
Intrinsic value of equity shares of Bang Securities			
Private Limited			
- increase by 5%	346.23	339.31	265.93
- decrease by 5%	(346.23)	(339.31)	

55 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is an integral part of the group's business and sound risk management is critical to the success of Healthy Business Model. As a financial intermediary, the group is exposed to risks that are particular to its lending and investment and the environment within which it operates and primarily includes credit, liquidity and market risks. The group has a risk management policy which covers risk associated with the financial assets and liabilities. The risk management policy is approved by the Board of Directors.

The group has identified and implemented comprehensive policies and procedures to assess, monitor and manage risk throughout the group. The risk management process is continuously reviewed, improved and adapted in the changing risk scenario and the agility of the risk management process is monitored and reviewed for its appropriateness in the changing risk landscape. The process of continuous evaluation of risks includes taking stock of the risk landscape on an event-driven basis.

The group has an elaborate process for risk management. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed by implementing required preventive, detective and corrective controls, and through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

The financial instruments of the group have exposure to the following risks :

(1) Liquidity risk

The group's Management monitors asset liability mismatches to ensure that there are no imbalances or excessive concentrations on either side of the Balance Sheet.

The group continuously monitors liquidity in the market; and as a part of its liquidity strategy, the group maintains a liquidity buffer managed by an active investment desk to reduce this risk.

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the group may not meet its financial obligations. Liquidity risk arises due to the unavailability of adequate funds at an appropriate cost or tenure. The objective of liquidity risk management, is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The group consistently generates sufficient cash flows from operating and financial activities to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Our resource mobilisation team sources funds from multiple sources, including from banks, financial institutions and capital markets to maintain a healthy mix of sources. The resource mobilisation team is responsible for diversifying fund raising sources, managing interest rate risks and maintaining a strong relationship with banks, financial institutions, mutual funds and rating agencies to ensure the liquidity risk is well addressed.

Refer Note 55 For analysis of maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities.

(II) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future Cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Foreign currency risk management

In respect of the foreign currency transactions, the group does not hedge the exposures since the management believes that the same is insignificant in nature and will not have a material impact on the group.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The group is exposed to Interest risk if the fair value or future cash flows of its financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes

The group's interest rate risk arises from interest bearing deposits with bank and loans given to customers. Such instruments exposes the group to fair value interest rate risk. Management believe that the interest rate risk attached to this financial assets are not significant due to the nature of this financial assets.

Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Loans	4,953.52	4,097.06	4,530.60
Borrowings	7,950.00	5,534.69	11,971.40

Sensitivity Analysis

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest income/expense from loans/borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the group's statement of profit and loss and equity.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Loans :			
Interest rates – increase by 1%	49.54	40.97	45.31
Interest rates - decrease by 1%	(49.54)	(40.97)	(45.31)
Borrowings :			
Interest rates - increase by 1%	(79.50)	(55.35)	(119.71)
Interest rates - decrease by 1%	79.50	55.35	119.71

Market Price Risk

The group is exposed to market price risk, which arises from securities held as inventories and investments classified at FVTPL. The management monitors the proportion of these securities in its trading portfolio based on market indices. Material securities within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the appropriate authority.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Exposure to price risk	9,827.85	1,715,21	7,592.00

Sensitivity Ananlysis to price risk

The following table summarises the impact of sensitivity of NAVs / price with all other variables held constant. The below impact on the group's profit before tax is based on changes in the NAVs / price of the investments held at FVTPL at balance sheet date:

% of Change		Profit / (loss)	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	April 01, 2021
Impact on profit before tax for 5% increase in	491.39	85.76	379.60
Impact on profit before tax for 5% increase in	(491.39)	(85.76)	(379.60)
	0		- A Second Second

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(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(III) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the group will incur a loss because its customers or counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligation. The group manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties, and by monitoring exposures in relations to such limits. The maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented in the financial statements. The group's major classes of financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, loans, investments, deposits, trade receivables and security deposits.

Deposits with banks are considered to have negligible risk or nil risk, as they are maintained with high rated banks/financial institutions as approved by the Board of directors

Investments include investment in liquid mutual fund units that are marketable securities of eligible financial institutions for a specified time period.

The management has established accounts receivable policy under which customer accounts are regularly monitored. The group has a dedicated risk management team, which monitors the positions, exposures and margins on a continuous basis.

Following provides exposure to credit risk for trade receivables and margin trading facility loans

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	A: at 31 March 2022	As at 01 April 2021
Trade Receivables (Net of impairment)	16,292.24	22,621.74	16,747.69
Margin trading facility loans (Net of impairment)	4,696.65	3,894.19	4,383.27

The financial instruments covered within the scope of ECL include financial assets measured at amortised cost such as trade receivables and loans.

Trade Receivables :

The loss allowance has been measured using lifetime ECL except for financial assets on which there has been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. At each reporting date, the group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occured since initial recognition.

A simplified approach has been considered for measuring expected credit losses (ECLs) of trade receivables at a amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The ECLs on trade receivables are calculated based on actual historic credit loss experience over the preceding four years on the total balance of trade receivables.

Based on industry practices and business environment in which the entity operates, Management considers unsecured receivables as default if the payment is overdue for more than 90 days. Management would consider impairment on client balance which are unsecured and overdue for less than 90 days on case to case basis, based on their scope of recoverability. In cases where the payment is overdue for more than 1 year, the management treats all such customers as credit impaired and probability of default (PD) on these receivables is considered at 100%.

Loans

Loans include Margin Trading Facility(MTF) and Loans to Staff for which staged approach is taken into consideration for determination of ECL.

Stage 1

All positions in the MTF loan book are considered as stage 1 asset for computation of expected credit loss. For exposures where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that is not credit impaired upon origination. Margin trading facility and loans to staff are considered in stage 1 for determination of ECL. Exposure to credit risk in stage 1 is computed considering historical probability of default, market movements and macro-economic environment.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Stage 2

Exposures under stage 2 include overdues up to 90 days pertaining to principal amount, interest and any other charges on the MTF loan book which are unsecured. While arriving at the secured position of the client, management has considered the securities pledged with the group as collateral and also securities lying in the demat account of the customers where the customer has given power of attorney to the group.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for financial assets since initial recognition. In determining whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group uses days past due information and other qualitative factors to assess deterioration in credit quality of a financial asset.

For credit exposures where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised.

Stage 3

Exposures under stage 3 include overdues past 90 days pertaining to principal amount, interest and any other charges on MTF loan book which are unsecured.

Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset have occurred. For financial assets that have become credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised

Following table provides information about exposure to credit risk and ECL on Margin Trading Facility Loans.

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Carrying Value	ECL
Stage 1	4,953.52	4.84
Stage 2		
Stage 3		

As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Carrying Value	ECL
Stage 1	4,097.06	4.64
Stage 2	-	
Stage 3		

As at April 01, 2021

Particulars	Carrying Value	ECL
Stage 1	4,530.60	2.53
Stage 2	1	1.1
Stage 3		

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NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

56 MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(All annuats in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analyzed according to when they are especied to be recorrered or settled

		Manch 31, 2023			March 31, 2022			April 01, 2021	
Assets	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total
Financial Assets :			4						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,414.12	•	4,414,12	25,828,85	•	25,828,85	21,933.83		21,933.63
Bank and bank bulance other than cash and cash equivalent	57,135.17	13,776.51	78,57LGT	48,616.55	7,228.75	35,845.30	N.827.18	15921	37,086.49
Trade Recordities	16,292.24		16,292.24	22,621.74		22,621.74	16,747,691		697F291
Loans	4,948,68	,	899957	4,092,42		4,092.42	4,528.07		1,528,00
Incestments	8,813.36	6228261	23/10/952	8278CT	19,1531.93	12022/02	7,503,74	15,690,69	23.194.43
Other Financial Assets	305.55	1,148.69	1,354.24	51711	84033	1,54,38	149.63	1,106.11	1,255.71
Securities liwled as investories	1,014.47		1914.47	1,276:43	•	1,276,43	88.26	•	96.38
Non-Financial Assets :						1			ľ
Current tax Assel	8228	,	2071	16.372		15%Z	208.19		208.19
Investment Property				6591		145.39	189.04	1639	234.63
Property, Flash and Equipment		1836.95	1,836.95		2,234,88	2,234,88		262654	56265
Other Non Financial Assets	20359		523.59	561.58		261.85	06.172		05175
Total Assets	55,654,65	36508.94	130,009.91	1,04,273.00	30,135,58	1.34,408,55	87,746.91	10,630.24	1,08,577,15

		March 31, 2023			Manch 31, 2022			April 01, 2021	
Liabilities	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Total
Financial 1 inhibition -									
Trade Pavables	1342.05	1	131235	1523%	•	152236	131790	,	1317.90
Debt Securities	2,500,00		2,500,00					,	
Technician (Other than Debt Securities)	+	•	*	81.69	•	6978	11,871.40		04/128/11
Deposits		1,146.75	1,146.15		1,238.30	1,258.30	•	1,158.16	1,158.16
Subordinated Liabilities		5,450,00	5,450.00	,	5,450.00	2450.00	•	100.001	100.001
Other Financial liabilities	66,144.18	1,291.72	65,222,90	70,647,67	H.662,1	77,296.22	52,879,66	2,094.44	01'625'85
Non-Financial Liabilities :									
Current tare liabilities (Neel)	87.02Z	,	202.43	263.61		19292	275.78	•	22578
Provisions	•	426.18	426.18		69.611	69'611	•	437.70	430.70
Deformed tax liabilities (Net)	033	82.68	10.88	0.05	306.09	206.14	29.83	382.39	212.46
Other Non-Funancial Liabilities	316.22		316.22	45153	•	45433	396.66	+	396.66
Tetal Liabilities	70,555.41	8,402.33	12:00	78,068.32	8,917.23	86,985.55	66,921.27	3,972.89	20,894.16
Net	22,974,57	25,107.60	53,082.17	26,201.68	21,218,65	47,423.34	20,825.64	16,857,35	37,682.99

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Current Year:

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

57 DISCLOSURE IN RELATION TO UNDISCLOSED INCOME

During the year, the group has not surrendered or disclosed any income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961). Accordingly, there are no transaction which are not recorded in the books of accounts.

58 COMPLIANCE WITH NUMBER OF LAYERS OF COMPANIES

The group has complied with the requirements of the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

59 DISCLOSURE OF TRANSACTIONS WITH STRUCK OFF COMPANIES

Details of transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 :

Name of struck off companies : Relationship with the companies	Relationship with the group	Nature of transaction	Balance outstanding
C P and Sons Trade Technic Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	-
Agamya Argha Consultancy Services Private Limiteda	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Bustling Securities Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	
Capable Infrastructure Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.04)
Mortal Realestate Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.06)
Romy Realty Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.19)
Yashshree Capital Private Limited	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Yashshree Capital Private Limited	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.02)
Arkr Financial Services Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Arkr Financial Services Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.83)
Gagan Investmnet Cons Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	-
Sg Investment Professionals Pvt Ltd	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	
Shalimar Multi Trade India Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Shalimar Multi Trade India Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	
Turtle Investment Adv Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Turtle Investment Adv Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	
Win Track Multitrade Pvt. Ltd. Closed	Sub-broker	Deposit	
Wismore Trading & Investment Consultancy Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.44)
Chitra And Co Chennai-1040	Trade Payable	Repairs and maintenance	
Knb Investment Consultancy Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	(0.26)
Knb Investment Consultancy Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.50)
Money Builder Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Money Builder Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Deposit	
Khandelwal Construction Co.	Trade Payable	Rent	
Darshana Trading Private Limited	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Darshana Trading Private Limited	Sub-broker	Deposit	

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Previous Year :

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Name of struck off companies :	Relationship with the group	Nature of transaction	Balance outstanding
C P and Sons Trade Technic Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.01)
Agamya Argha Consultancy Services Private Limiteda	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Agamya Argha Consultancy Services Private Limiteda	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.04)
Bustling Securities Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	
Capable Infrastructure Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	
Mortal Realestate Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	· · ·
Romy Realty Private Limited	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	(0.19)
Yashshree Capital Private Limited	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Arkr Financial Services Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Arkr Financial Services Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.83)
Gagan Investmnet Cons Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.49)
Sg Investment Professionals Pvt Ltd	Trade Receivable	Brokerage	
Shalimar Multi Trade India Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Shalimar Multi Trade India Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.71)
Turtle Investment Adv Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Turtle Investment Adv Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.33)
Win Track Multitrade Pvt. Ltd. Closed	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.05)
Wismore Trading & Investment Consultancy Pvt Ltd	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.44)
Knb Investment Consultancy Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	(1.83)
Knb Investment Consultancy Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Deposit	(2.10)
Money Builder Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	
Money Builder Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.27)
Khandelwal Construction Co.	Trade Payable	Rent	
Darshana Trading Private Limited	Sub-broker	Sub-brokerage	-
Darshana Trading Private Limited	Sub-broker	Deposit	(0.02)

60 DISCLOSURE FOR SECURITY OF BORROWED FUNDS

Quarterly statements of current assets filed with banks for fund borrowed from those banks on the basis of security of current assets are in agreement with the books of account. Further, no funds have been borrowed from financial institutions where current assets have been placed as collateral security.

61 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

No transactions or disclosures to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III of the Act:

- i) Revaluation of Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets
- ii) Ageing schedule of CWIP and Intangible under development
- iii) Benami Property held under Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder
- iv) Wilful defaulter
- v) Scheme of arrangements in terms of section 230 to 237 of the Act
- vi) Utilisation of borrowed funds/ share premium
- vii) Crypto currency or Virtual currency

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NIRMAL BANG SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements (All amounts in Rs. Lakits, unless otherrorise stated)

62 Additional Disclosure pertaining to subsidiary/associates as per Division III of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013

	Net Assets (i.e. Total Assets - Total Liabilities)	tal Assets - Total ties)	Share in Profit & (Loss)	fit & (Loss)	Share in other comprehensive income	omprehensire me	Share in total of inco	Share in total comprehensive income
Name of the entity	As % of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount (Rs.)	As % of Consolidated Profit /(Loss)	Amount (Rs.)	As % of Consolidated OCI	Amount (Rs.)	As % of Total Consolidated Income	Amount (Rs.)
Parent Nirmal Bang Securities Private Limited	77.92%	39,801.41	121.72%	3,954.92	40.08%	163.39	112.61%	4,118.51
Sub-total	77.92%	39,801.41	121.72%	3,954.92	40.08%	163.59	1.13	4,118.51
Subsidiary - Indian Nirmal Bang Equities Private Limited Nirmal Bane Insurance Benkine Private I imited	(sm)	(1,769.38)	(11.0)	(763.77)	0.06	24.07	(60:0)	(07.955)
Sub-total	(60.6)	(20.672,1)	(60'0)	(304.54)	0.07	27.51	(80.05)	9
Non-controlling interest in subsidiary Nirmal Bang Insurance Broking Private Limited	(0:00)	(336)	(010)	(1.34)	(0.00)	(90.0)	(00:0)	(1F1)
Sub-total	(0070)	(3.36)	(0070)	(FCT)	(00.0)	(80'0)	(000)	(171)
Associates - Indian Mindset Securities Private Limited Strumth Commission Private Limited	0.25	12,863.14	(0.12)	(18/660)	0.53	217.17	(50'0)	(182.66)
Sub-total	0.25	12,863.14	(0.12)	(399.84)	0.53	217.17	(0.05)	(182.66)
Total	1.00	51,082.17	1.00	3,249.21	1.00	408.20		3,657.41

Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

63 FIRST-TIME ADOPTION OF IND AS

These are the group's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

The group has prepared its Ind AS compliant financial statements for year ended on March 31, 2023, the comparative period ended on March 31, 2021 and an opening Ind AS Balance Sheet as at April 01, 2021 (the date of transition), as described in the summary of significant accounting policies. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the group in restating its previous GAAP financial statements, including the Balance Sheet as at April 01, 2021 and the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023.

For periods ended up to the year ended March 31, 2021, the group had prepared its financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Previous GAAP).

(A) Mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed

Set out below are the applicable Ind AS 101 mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions applied in the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS, which were considered to be material or significant by the group.

Mandatory Exceptions

(i) Estimates

Ind AS 101 prescribes that an entity's estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error.

The group's Ind AS estimates as at the transition date are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with previous GAAP.

(ii) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

As set out in Ind AS 101, the group has applied the derecognition requirements of Ind AS 109 prospectively for transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to Ind AS.

(iii) Classification and measurement of financial assets

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to assess classification and measurement of financial assets on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS.

(iv) Impairment of financial assets

As set out in Ind AS 101, an entity shall apply the impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 retrospectively if it does not entail any undue cost or effort. The group has assessed impairment of financial assets in conformity with Ind AS 109.

Optional Exemptions

Deemed cost

The group has adopted the carrying value determined in accordance with I-GAAP for all of its property plant & equipment and investment property as deemed cost of such assets at the transition date.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(B) Reconciliation between IGAAP and Ind AS

(i) Equity Reconciliation

Particulars	Foot Note No.	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021
Equity as reported under IGAAP		42,703.88	32,884.11
Adjustments			
Fair value gain/ (loss) on Unquoted Equity Instruments	1	7,571.37	4,834.44
Fair value gain/(loss) on Quoted Mutual Funds	1	1,284,40	118.71
Fair value gain/ (loss) on Quoted Equity Instruments	2	46.03	12.99
Pair Volue changes in Error trade stock	2	0.19	(0.33)
Interest on Subordinated Linbilities	4	(1,524,96)	(1,178.21)
Reclassification of Redeemable Cumulative Preference		, ,	
shares to Subordinated Liabilities	4	(3,200.00)	(100.00)
Impact of expected credit loss allowance	5	12.38	137.53
Impact of leases under Ind AS 116	ħ	(105.15)	-
Impact of EIR on staff loans	7	1.21	-
Impact of EIR on security dopositie	ĸ	(3.32)	
Impact of Business combination		(24.68)	
Share of profits of associate		1,401,84	1,597.11
Total Adjustments		5,459,31	5,422.24
Deferred tax impact (OCI)	11	(734.69)	(553.06)
Deferred tax impact (P&L)	11	(7.71)	(70.30)
Equity as reported under Ind AS		47,421.40	37,683.00

(ii) Reconciliation of profit as per Ind AS with profit reported under previous IGAAP for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulara	Foot Note No.	As at March 31, 2022
Net profit as per the orstwinile IGAAP		7,677.27
Adjustments		
Fair value gain/ (loss) on Manual Funds	I	(103.81)
Fair Value changes in error trade stock	2	0.51
Actuarial gain/(loss) on post retirement benefit plans reclassified in OCI	3	(86.72)
Gain on fair value measurement of securities held as inventories carried at EVTPL	2	33.04
Interest on Subordinated Liabilities	4	(346.76)
Dividend on Preference shares charged in IGAAP	4	(7.50)
impact of expected credit loss allowance	5	(125.15)
hupact of leases under Ind AS 116	6	(105.15)
Impact of EIR on security deposits	8	(3.32)
Impact of EIR on slaff loans	7	1.21
Changes in share of profit/(loss) of associatos		665,9()
Deferred (as impact on the above	11	47.21
Net profit after tax (before OCI) as per Ind AS		7,646.74
Adjustments for Other comprehensive income		
Actuorial gain/(loss) on post retirement benefit plans	3	100.40
Changes in share of other comprehensive income of associates		715.34
Fair Value gain/ (loss) of investment held through fair		
value through other comprehensive income	I	1,467.44
Tax impact on the above	11	(167.87)
Total comprehensive income as per Ind AS		9,762.05

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated fluancial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(iii) Impact of Ind AS adoption on the statement of cash flow for the year ended March 31, 2022

There are no material adjustments to the statement of cash flows as reported under the IGAAP

(iv) Foot Notes to to first-time adoption

1) Fair valuation of investments

Under the previous Indian GAAP, investments in equity instruments and mutual funds were classified as long-term investments or current investments based on the intended holding period. Long-term investments were carried at cost less provision for other than temporary decline in the value of such investments. Current investments were carried at lower of cost and fair value. Under Ind AS, these investments are required to be measured at fair value. The resulting fair value changes of these investments have been recognised in other equity as at the date of transition and subsequently in the profit or loss / other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2022

2) Fair valuation of securifies held as inventories

Under the previous indian CAAP, listed equity shares were classified as stock-in-trade as the shares are held for trading and error trade stock. Under, IGAAP, the stock-in-trade were valued at lower of cost or market value, computed category wise and resulting valuation has was debried to the profit and loss account. Under Ind AS, these investments are required to be measured at fair value. The resulting fair value changes of these investments have been recognised in other equity as at the date of transition and subsequently in the profit or loss (or the year ended March 31, 2022.

3) Remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligations

Under Ind AS, remeasurements i.e. actuarial gains and leases and the return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in the net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability are recognised in other comprehensive income instead of profit or less under the previous GAAP. There is no impact on the total equity as at March 31, 2022.

4) Reclassification of Redeemable Preference shares (CRPS) to Subordinated Habilities

Cumulative and Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares (CRP5) forms part of the Share Capital under IGAAP. As per Ind AS 32, since terms of these preference shares requires mandatory redemption for the fixed and determinable amount and has a contractual obligation to deliver cash at redemption, such instrument are classified as a itability and interest cost is accrued at the rate of dividend applicable. Due to such adjustment, paid up share capital has decreased and classified as subordinated liabilities as a separate line item in the balance sheet. Interest cost, if any on account of dividend on these preference shares has been reported in the Statement of Profit and Less under the head Finance cost.

5) Impact of Expected Credit Loss Allowance

Under previous GAAP, losses and provisions on trade receivables were computed based on credit risk assessment where the management used to create provision for doubtful debts on unsecured receivables for more than 180 days. Under Ind AS, the same is required to be computed as per the impairment principles laid out in Ind AS 109 – 'Financial Instruments' which prescribes the expected credit loss model (ECL model) for the same. Accordingly, the difference between losses and provisions as computed under previous GAAP and as computed under Ind AS is adjusted in retained carnings as at the date of transition and subsequently in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022.

6) Impact of accounting under Ind AS 116 'Leases'

Under previous GAAP, for the purpose of operating leases, the lease rentals were charges to the profit & loss account as and when they were due. Under Ind AS, the Group recognizes right-of-use assets and correponding lease liabilities on such operating lease arrangements. Depreciation is charged on such right-of-use assets on straight line method and interest cost is charged on incremental borrowing rate on the lease liability and both these cost are charged to the profit & loss account. Accordingly, the group has recognized Right of Use assets as at April 1, 2021 for leases previously classified as operating leases and created a correponding lease liability. Subsequently, the lease rentals charged in the profit & loss account under previous GAAP are reversed and deprectation on right of use assets and finance cost on lease liability are charged in the Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2022.

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Notes to Accounts are integrated part of consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

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7) Impact of EIR on staff loans

As per the group policy, the group grants its employee loans at an concessional rate which is lower than the market rate. Under previous GAAP, interest income from such loans at the concessional rate was charged to the profit and loss account. Under Ind AS, these loans meet the criteria to be classified as financial instrument under Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments". These loans are valued at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) which is the prevailing market rate for similar loans. As on the transition date, the loans outstanding are discounted using the EIR and valued at amortised cost. Subsequently, interest income is calculated using the EIR method and charged to profit and loss account and corresponding expense on discounting of such loans is charged to profit and loss account under S1, 2022.

8) Impact of EIR on security deposits

Under Ind AS, the security deposit given by the group are discounted at the effective interest rate (EIR) as on the transition date. Subsequently, interest income and prepaid expense is charged to the profit & loss account for the year ended March 31, 2022.

9) Investment Property

Under the previous GAAP, investment properties were presented as part of non-current investments. Under Ind AS, investment properties are required to be separately presented on the face of the balance sheet. There is no impact on the total equity or profit as a result of this adjustment.

10) Other comprehensive income

Under Ind AS, all items of income and expense recognised in a period should be included in profit or loss for the period, unless a standard requires or permits otherwise. Items of income and expense that are not recognised in profit or loss but are shown in the statement of profit and loss as 'other comprehensive income' includes fair value gains or (losses) on FVOCI equity instruments. The concept of other comprehensive income did not exist under previous GAAP.

11) Deferred tax

Indian GAAP requires deferred tax accounting using the profit and loss approach, which focuses on differences between taxable profits and accounting profits for the period. Ind AS 12 requires entities to account for deferred taxes using the balance sheet approach, which focuses on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base. The application of Ind AS 12 approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax on new temporary differences which was not required under Indian GAAP.

In addition, the various transitional adjustments have lead to temporary differences. Deferred tax adjustments are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in retained earnings or a separate component of equity.

64 Previous year's figures have been rearranged and regrouped wherever necessary to confirm with this year's classification.

As per our attached report of even date For and on the behalf of Board rashore For V. B. GOEL & CO **Chartered Accountants** GOEL Firm Reg. No. 115906W (Kishore Bang) Rakesh Hhandari) Director Director MUMBAI (Vikas Goel) DIN: 00797781 DIN: 01167387 63 Partner MP Membership No.: 3928 (Namrata Pai) Place : Mumbai **Company Secretary** Date: 30/05/2023 Membership No. A28477

Place : Mumbai Date : 35/66/2023